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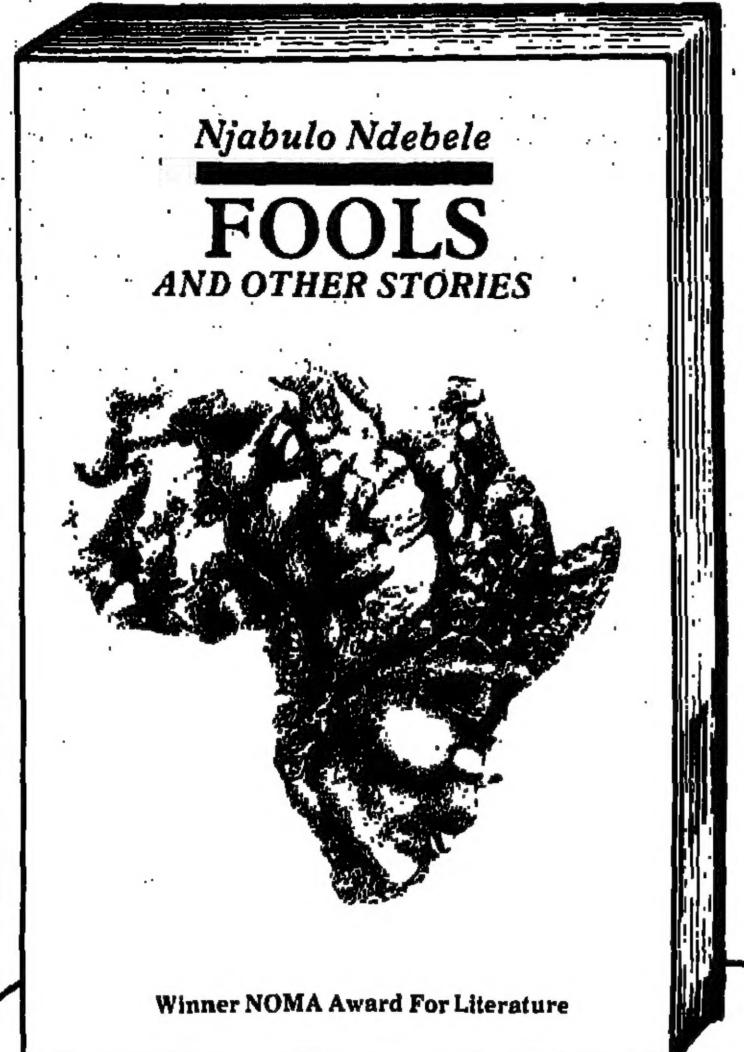
Dead any black South African writers lately? Brink, Coetzee, Gordimer, Paton-each enlightens us on South Africa, but none would claim to speak for their black countrymen. Now comes NJABULO NDEBELE, a worldclass writer from the townships. His Fools and Other Stories won Africa's highest international literary award. Set in Charterston (now destroyed by 'relocation'), Ndebele's finely crafted stories give us the humanity,

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Vol. 135 No. 3 Week ending July 20, 1986

Thatcher lands UK in the dock

BRITAIN this week finds itself in the international dock because of Mrs Thatcher's attitude to apartheid, rather than South Africa for apartheid itself. The British Prime Minister's refusal to countenance Canadian Prime Minister, Mr Brian Commonwealth leaders. Nigeria, Ghana. Uganda, Kenya, and Tanzania announced that they would boycott the Commonwealth Games in Edinburgh next month, and India ordered its athletes not to set off for Britain until after a meeting with the "frontline" states in Africa later in the week. The banning of Zola Budd and Annette Cowley. danger of the Communwealth "unravelling" day of the new term. South African-born, but due to compete for England in the games, is unlikely to make any country change its mind.

Among those who have come out against the Prime Minister's attitude are Mr Leon Brittan, former Trade and Industry Secre-Minister Mr Brittan said the Foreign

Mulroney, told Mrs Thatcher in Ottowa last week that Canada would act alone against South Africa if the Commonwealth failed to

Interview with the Prime Minister, rage 4

reach agreement, and the Australian Prime Minister, Mr Bob Hawke said there was a

would only sharpen controntation - dia- Africa

relused to meet him last week. In South Africa itself black workers largely ignored v call for a day of protest action against the state of emergency by the Congress of South African Trade Unions. But thousands of black secondary school pupils risked expulsion by boycotting classes on the opening

In Washington, the only development was Sir Geoffrey came back empty-handed a leak that the Administration was considfrom his visit to Zamba, Zambabae, and eving appointing a black man, Mr Robert Mozambique last week President Kaunda Brown, aged 51, a public relations execuof Zambia had orged Mrs. Thatcher to act tive, as ambassador to Pretoria. This, it was against "Nazism in its new form" in South hoped, would head off congressional prestary, and Mr Edward Heath, former Prime Africa, Sir Geoffres argued that sanctions sure for economic sanction; against South



Commonwealth deserves better than this

amount to? Would its passing tweeked on month, the shape of superpower relation the rock marked sanctions) be cause for questions are on the agenda because Mrs So, little hyperbole. Nonetheless, the demise Thatcher's more vociferous supporters are putting them there - together with much seamy detail about human rights in the frontline states. And their basic message isn't really a question at all. The Commonwealth, they say, exists for no particularly good reason. If it collapsed, few would shed an honest tear. Most of the black leaders

Any true response to such a malign The Commonwealth — through its Secretarsmall ways. It wouldn't be the end of the world if it disintegrated. The Commoninevitably one day. If everything finally with some affection, to trade blows and

ships - even Third World relationships would seem much the same the day after. of the club would be a grey day for Britain in a way that eerily echoes the essential

The reason why the retreat of white

absorbing drama for so much of the Western world is that the issue at the heart of it all - discrimination by colour of skin creates constant echoes within our own societies. We aren't - in Britain or America or France or Germany - free from such come to haunt us. In South Africa, day by day, we see a nightmare of encrusted attitudes writ large. The Commonwealth, for Britain, has been a living symbol that affairs can be better ordered: a collection of ed era and empire. Perhaps they'll go ex-colonial states gathering year by year,

done much to coment it. The manner of our colonial departure helped. For the most part, we were not hated. The people who took up the reins were (and still are) often people educated in Britian, trained here. some of the Sandhurst lot - aren't terrific democrats. Of course some of them feature in the Amnesty chronicles of shame (along with many, many non-Commonwealth entries). But together - the Canadians, the Australians, the Indians, the Zambians and the rest — they put their joint heritage to benign use and positive dialogue. The Commonwealth isn't a grouping like the places black and white. Third World and comradeship and shared experience. That is because it is valued there must still be a fervent wish that the institution will

ions and aspirations, that affection mat- somehow emerge from August and sancters. The Gueen, toiling over years, has tions intact. States like India have a way of marching to the top of the hill and then edging down again. That affection, again, often pulls them back.

Yet it will be damnably difficult. Mrs Thatcher, this time, has taken a stance far out of line even with the Australians, the Canadians, the New Zealanders. She has, with her lashing talk of "immorality," contrived to cut herself adrift from the multiracial essence of the institution. With her evident scorn for any kind of "measure" — however "tiny" — she has built the impression that she feels only minor affront at a system of government in a supposedly civilised state which represses and impris ons the black majority. This is a powder keg our own Prime Minister, by her tone and perhaps (who can tell?) by her beliefs, has built. If it goes off, it will not, to be sure, be

Hugo Young

Weakness of the headstrong stance

MRS THATCHER'S South African policy has begun to cause great alarm in the Conservative Party. This has taken a long time to happen. Until last week, the voices of criticism were few and feeble. Tory MPs who wanted a more

For the most part, that is still the picture. Precious few But the political instincts of the sensible wing of the party have finally been alerted. They believe they are witnessing from the Prime Minister a display of headstrong personal assertiveness which is as ignorant as it is incautious, and which could have disastrous diplomatic conse-

Westland syndrome. Never mind

tence which issues from that men- tion breaks an elementary rule of apartheld as if it were purely a acing phenomenon. On this diplomacy. occasion, however, the substance is The incompetence does not end vastly more important. What is at there. Assuming that the objective Africa, such as international hostake is not a helicopter firm and a is a concerted, if minimal, position tels, where blacks and whites can few speculative defence contracts within the Commonwealth, the intermingle. Any felt sense of hostile policy towards the Botha but the Commonwealth, the Brit- Thatcher way has made this alapartheid as a totalitarian politigovernment, and there were fewer ish global interest, even the mon-most impossible to achieve. It is cal system seems to be missing

> tence, not wickedness, that Mrs ently leaving the door open for 'critics of the regime who have been not acting in a way that seems listed at the Nassau Commonlikely to secure the British interest. On the contrary, by taking an direct air links, and the rest. exposed and unqualified position about the immorality of economic is set at nothing by the tone in sanctions, she ensures that Britain which she ridicules virtually any analysis of South Africa. They takes all the flak for an attitude in which she is not actually alone.

action against South Africa with- from the interviews she has given. We are back, in short, in the out saying so can shelter, silent including one in this paper.

Vestland syndrome. Never mind and virtuous, behind the skirts of Here she reveals an insensitivity

political dimension. No wonder the tions she has been careful to any true perception of the current Tory Party has at last woken up. exceriate only "general, punitive state of emergency, and exactly It is to the charge of incompe- economic sanctions," thus appar- what this means for thousands of

All those western countries reconcile with the real attitude

the substance, just watch the Mrs Thatcher's endlessly capacious in her guts to the nature of the psyche — and the sheer incompe- rhetoric. Such self-inflicted isola- South Africa state. She talks of social condition, and as if it were absent from any sector of South

At Nassau, it appears that many the Thatcher mind. They did not which in truth want to minimise towards apartheid which emerges only the distance between her finger and her thumb. But they were prepared to believe that she Continued on page 6

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lians, Kevin Barlow and Brian Chambers, in Malaysia for drug trafficking, is not only alarming but also unlikely to act as a in hard drugs there.

two Westerners has more to do in his country than with a convincing attempt to stamp out trafficking in heroin

As any traveller to Malaysia country, the death penalty is mandatory for anyone caught with 15 grams or more of heroin; posters everywhere remind one of the gruesome consequences. However, as I found last year, heroin is

Geography all at sea

gastronomic adventure into Normandy (June 15) seems to have had as unsettling effect upon his reason and sense of geography as it probably did upon his liver.

I am surprised that his proximity to the Cotentin peninsula has not yot taught him that the phrase "on the continent" is anothema to the ears of most of the inhabitants of France. To say that "they do it (look out of the bedroom at another country) all the time - in all directions" is, given the size most European countries, as meaningless as it is physically imposai-

was a good thing that he didn't try to go to Caen, for would have found it considerably more than "no distance" away from wherever it was he hit the coast: but perhaps fishermen's tales of distances need to be taken with the same pinch of salt as their stories about the one that got away. And who told Mr Arlott that the mouth of the Loire was in Normandy? A map would be a good investment before your correspondent attempts further forays of this nature.

David Bamford. Las Condes,

easily available in the atreets of Kuala Lumpur, with a large percentage of profits going to the

Malaysian police authorities. This trade will continue regardless of the deaths of two Westerners, or the executions Malaysiana. Moreover, the supply of heroin from the "Golden Triangle" area in mainland South-east Asia will continue to find its way

If Dr Mahathir is really keen to stamp out the trafficking in heroin, he needs to act with other South-east Asian countries to persuade the international community to cooperate in a campaign against the drug-runners.

David Bain, 60 Pembridge Villas.

English 'arrogance'

Re your Leader "Just stick to the like, appeal to the small elite English" (June 29). A good many who have joined or aspire to join Britons in Japan are currently the great international earning good money teaching Eng- Anglophone club. The remaining lish to Japanese businessmen here 120 million just aren't interested in Japan. These teachers are paid in doing business with people from substantial language-train- whose language they don't undering budgets alotted for this purpose by Nissan, Sony, Toshiba and a multitude of other large manufacturing corporations. This money not spent so that Japanese salesmen can join the great international Anglophone club, nor to equip Japanese businessmen to buy. Alongside the English classes you will find Arabic, French, Chinese and Spanish classes. Somewhere along the line of Japan's fast and furious economic development shrewd executives in NEC Hitachi, Toyota and all the other companies with goods to export, asked themselves a simple leading question. "Would I buy a TV or a car from someone who could not spoak my language? From some one who only spoke English loud

ly?" The answer was obvious. Britain and most of the Anglophone world has a huge trading deficit with Japan. Japafor this. True, the Japanese import and trading regulations are hard to understand — for those who don't know the language of this country. Britain's chief noticeable imports to Japan, prestige motor cars and Burberry raincoats and

THE GUARDIAN WEEKLY July 20, 1986 PAYABLE IN ADVANCE United Kingdom, Eire £28.00

encourage services with spin and swerve. W. F. Luttrell Richmond, Surrey.

Helping the Nicaraguans

I write with reference to your excellent Leader of July 6 and the US Congress decision to grant full support to the contras.

What appears now to be the case is that a US policy in its "own backyard," characterised by support for every blood-soaked charnel nouse of a rightwing dictatorship and the subversion of any demoeratic government not to its liking has centred on the armed overthrow of the democratically elected government of Nicaragua. Its action in financing and sup-

porting the contras has been declared illegal by the World Court of Justice, but the US appears

There is surely a parallel here with the behaviour of the fascist states of Europe in the run-up to the last war. Undoubtedly their financial and military support of Franco, leading to the violent overthrow of the democratically elected government of Spain, was

OK, let's stick with loud Eng-

lish. But we'll be sticking with

continuing trade deficits. And we'll

be sticking with German cars.

Korean microwave ovens and Jap-

anese typewriters — for a long

Your leader writer "Just stick to

English" (June 29) is a victim

his own unwitting arrogance, des-

pite his simplistic claim of com-

One example serves to expose

the folly of this writer's thinking:

the penetration of Japanese goods

into the UK across a whole spec-

trum of products in recent years,

Complete sectors of British indus-

competition — the motor cycle

Did they achieve this by

jibbering Japanese at us and

handing out instruction booklets

full of hieroglyphics? I think not.

And they are not only successful in

native English-speaking countries

While the UK is a client, it

maybe has the right to expect a

sales approach in English. Perhaps

Britain's singular lack of success

in exporting goods and services

against recent worldwide competi-

tion is the country's inability, and

worse, its unwillingness to treat its own prospective clients in the

Kenneth Baker's ideas should be

given the fullest support, and,

importantly, the resources to put

them into practice. Your writer

should realise that being British

and speaking English does not

Graham and Nicky Cooper,

Boris Becker played fine tennis

in the Wimbledon men's singles,

Becker's - has improved so much

game has become unbalanced:

most games to service, hardly any

For grass tournaments the men's

singles should have a higher net.

by one or possibly two inches. To

rallies, and therefore less artistry.

give you a free ride through life.

Esslingen, West Germany.

Waeldenbronn.

Serve folly

industry, to name but one.

of the world.

same manner.

Stephen Cooke.

mercial prudence.

South Africa won't deal

Recent local newspaper head- Your leader (June 22) repeats lines read: "Lynda Chalker interviews ANC leader Oliver Tambo' and then: "Tambo refuses to abandon terrorism"

can do to bring influence to bear

upon the US Administration. But

a concommitant: governments may

be fettered, but a free people is not;

As Mrs Thatcher refused to Colonel Gadaffi's bullying tactics with Patrick Magee, she might just appreciate President Botha's determination not to do an Ethelred the Unready, or apply a time" fiasco, in his refusal to deal with Marxist Tambo's terrorist take-it-or-leave-it attitude.

If South Africa is to deal with Leninists she might just as well go to Russia direct, rather with one of

Already Russia finds our air-sea rescue experience useful, and a Russian trawler-fisherman air-lifted near Tristan de Cunha recently and taken to Cape Town try have been obliterated by this hospital. Imagine how useful they would find our harbours, efficient railways and airways, not to mention our minerals, etc. What could we lose from talking

to Russia? All we get from the majority of Western nations is false reporting, criticism, threats and hindrance to our progress towards reform. (Mrs) Joy Richardson,

Warner Beach, Natal.

I hope that Michael Kinsley's sparkling article "In Search of the World's Most Boring Headline" (June 1) will generate a spate of further examples, eventually to be collected into a book for bedtime reading. ("Surprises Unlikely In Indiana", with its lovely iambs and on childhood leukaemia, fails to anapeats, falling away to a feminine ending, is my favourite. Towards any such compilation 1

should like to offer the following. In one of our annual aporting rituals, the Baseball Writers of America vote for retired players to be "inducted" into their Hall of But the men's service - not only Fame. One year the headline unnounced: "Nobody elected To

that on fast grass surfaces the Hall of Fame." I read on in hones this was an editorial comment - that somebody the newspaper considered a is not so qualified that the reporter mere Nobody had been voted in. (inquiry inspector) refuses to allow but no, it simply meant what is

> John Ridland. Hillcrest Road.

liberal-minded peoples in Europe to begin the creation of a new There seems nothing that one international brigade to go to the assistance of the Nicaraguans. surely that historical parallel has

John Tyme, Foxmoor Lane,

Australia's trade with Leninists problem

the misrepresentations of the local press about the Australian economy. The immediate problem is not the trade deficit but the invisibles deficit. Australia does have a rising trade deficit in manufactures, but its origins lie rooted in our colonial heritage.

As for invisibles, on top of persistent shipping deficits must be added rising debt payments, both of private and public corporations. Though opposition to public borrowing is visceral, few are asking whether overseas private borrowing has been productively em-

other than "big" government spending, protection and a belligerent union movement, on which everything under the sun is blamed. Australia has a periphera economy with a super-power economic culture (let the market decide), propagated by a mad but prestigious economics profession in academia and the bureaucracy This has been reinforced by great er integration into internationa capital markets, on which sits an opportunistic finance sector.

Australia's first problem is to confront the overwhelmingly ideological character of the current barrage of criticism before the rea problems of long-term restructuring can be faced.

Evan Jones. Economics Department, University of Sydney.

Plutonium and leukaemia

Your correspondent Dr Robin Russell Jones (June 22), discussing the Scottish Health Service report record the detection of two other clusters in areas remote from any nuclear installation.

He further states that plutonium has a unique capacity to induce leukaemia. I can only assume that childhood leukaemia before 1943

He further states that the inquiry into the Dounreav reprocessing plant has set itself up to decide the future direction of nuclear power in Europe. It is precisely because it nuclear policy to be discussed. Such decisions should be taken in parliaments of Europe, and are.

T. L. Jones, MRSC, Bridge of Westfield. By Thurso, Caithness.

Oil price collapse puts sterling under pressure

THE pound fell more than 2 cents stage it dropped below \$1.48. At stations and intervene. to \$1.4830 on Monday as oil prices the close it was also sharply down hit \$9 a barrel, ending lingering City hopes of a summer cut in bank base lending rates.

The news knocked £4.4 billion off share values on the London stock market, which also suffered later in the day from the effect of renewed falls in the New York stock market, which opened sharp-

Although oil prices first fell below \$10 last week there appears to have been a delayed reaction for sterling. Dealers said that there was now little prospect of a fall in interest rates. The Dow Jones average closed nearly 28 points lower at 1794.01.

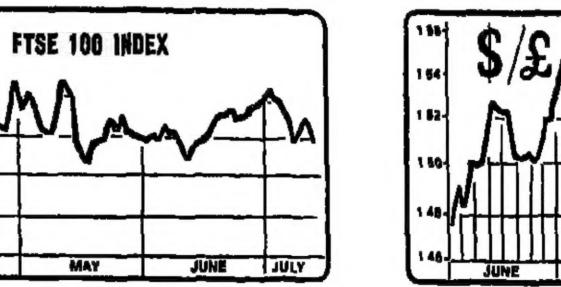
But they also expected the Government to avoid raising interest rates if the pound came under fire again, so there is not much risk that speculators will be

The pound closed 2.32 cents

against the German mark, losing 5 pfennig to DM3.2363. Its average value on the Bank of England index dropped 1.2 to 73.4 per cent of its 1975 value.

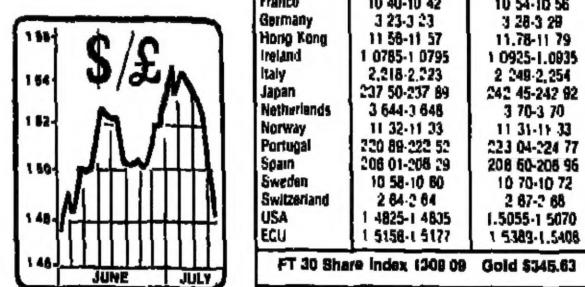
However, the pound has been reasonably firm lately, and the sterling index value is only at a By Peter Rodgers

four-month low. Further falls would probably have to be large for



Some oil trading was reported as low as \$8.85 a barrel for immediate delivery, which could mean cheaper petrol unless the pound continues to fall sharply against

The worst news was on interest rates, with London money market rates firming to levels which suggest that productions of a base rate cut cirulating as recently as last gage rates will also stay up as a



Government stocks lost over 2p vanished, and the FT 30 share

EXCHANGES

	Signing Asias July 14	Pravious Closing Relea
Australia	2 3055-2 3100	2.3825-2.3700
Anetria	22 71-22 74	23 02-23 06
Baigium	66 79-66 98	67 41-87.63
Canada	2 0404-2 0432	2 0741-2 0777
Denmark	12 07-12.10	12.25-12 28
Franco	10 40-10 42	10 54-10 56
Germany	3 23-3 23	3 28-3 29
Hong Kong	11 58-11 57	11.78-11 79
ireland	1 0785-1 0795	1 0925-1,0935
Italy	2,218-2,223	2 249-2,254
Japan	237 50-237 89	242 45-242 92
Netherlands	3 644-3 648	3 70-3 70
Norway	11 32-11 33	11 31-11 33
Portugal	720 89-222 52	223 04-224 77
Spain	206 01-208 29	208 50-208 96
Sweden	10 58-10 60	10 70-10 72
Switzerland	2 84-2 84	2 67-2 68
USA	1 4825-1 4835	1.5055-1 5070
ECU	1 5158-1 5177	1 5383-1.5408

drop, which was the biggest oneday collapse in points terms ever

That fall followed a similar collapse on Wall Street which in turn prompted the Federal Re-serve, the US central bank to drop its key discount interest rate by

half a point to 6 per cent. The unilateral action followed efforts by the Federal Reserve to persuade the West Germans and Japanese to go along with an interest rate cut. However, the bank decided it could wait no longer with the US stock markets looking jittery after the developing weakness in the American econo-

American manufacturing industry has been hard hit by the United States' huge trade gap which is running at an annual rate of over \$150 billion.

How Wall Street came down

Two hundred police injured in Orange day violence MORE than two hundred police and beat up a 16-year-old Catholic reason. The right is presumably be a saleable proposition until it described the document as "one of

the Battle of the Boyne with their traditional marches at the weekhave passed "more peacefully than in Belfast. He died later in hospi-

The main purpose of the Protessions is to taunt nationalists by seriously injured by an IRA bomb. marching through Catholic areas of the province. There had been fleeting hopes that the Anglo-Irish agreement, with its emphasis on equality and respect for both religious traditions, would bring an John Hermon, did indeed prohibit a march through a small Catholic estate in Portadown. County Armagh, but then sanctioned a route that passed through a nuch larger

compromise". curry favour with the "loyalists", it manifestly failed. The police came under heavy attack from gangs of tles in Portadown and at least nine other towns. There was a particularly ugly attack on a group of

Before the marching began, a group of Tory backbenchers has

Catholic building worker, Mr Brian Leonard, aged 20, was shot in the head by loyalist paramilitaries tal. And at Crossmaglen, near the behalf of seven RAF defendants border with the republic, two

All the Anglo-Irish Agreement seems to have done so far is to make the police in Ulster targets for "lovalist" as well as republican paramilitaries. There are still hopes, however, that when the end to what Catholics regard as marching season is over the more moderate Unionist leaders may vet be persuaded to talk to Westminster about the future government of the troubled province. The Government convinced it-

self, without much in the way of supporting evidence, that perverse one. This he described as "a jurymen are allowing guilty defentheir crimes. The Home Secretary Mr Douglas Hurd, therefore announced his intention to abolish the right of defence counsel to in criminal trials. The change is likely to provoke a flerce political

Under the present rules, counsel are allowed to challenge up to three of the twelve potential jury smashed windows and furniture, members without offering any

social class of the defendant. A been campaigning for reform ever since the so-called Cyprus spy trial last year, when lawyers made a large number of challenges on

who were eventually acquitted. The annual rate of inflation in June fell to 2.5 per cent, its lowest level for 19 years. The underlying rise in earnings is thought to be

THE WEEK IN BRITAIN by James Lewis about 7.5 per cent, which may be

The British Steel Corporation announced a profit — of £38 wants to privatise the industry. pany to an American concern. which has accumulated losses of £6

and civilians were injured, and 120 youth - an episode described by exercised in the hope that they can demonstrate an end to its the most damning reports, written the Northern Ireland Secretary, might be replaced by jurors who dependence on state aid by show- in the most stinging of language Mr Tom King, as "vicious and correspond more to the age or ing yearly profits of about £200 pany, which the Government was be Mrs Thatcher's press secretary,

Rover 800, amid much hype which involved both the Prime Minister and the leader of the Opposition Mr Neil Kinnock. The vehicle, iointly designed and manufactured by BL and Honda, puts international cooperation on trial and will also prove whether BL can survive by breaking into the premium car market along with Rolls-Royce and

A report by the Commons Select Committee on Defence, due to be prospects but points to an eventual number of Whitehall officials in loss of competitiveness and a re- the Westland affair, which led to newed rise in inflation next year. the resignation of Mr Leon Brittan "Mrs Thatcher promised that low as Trade and Industry Secretary. instation would bring more jobs," It was his department, with the recalled Labour's employment approval of the Prime Minister's spokesman, Mr John Prescott. "It office, which leaked a letter from the Solicitor-General in an appar-Defence Secretary, Mr Michael million - for the first time in Heseltine, who objected to the sale eleven years. The Government of the Westland Helicopter Com-

Although extraordinary precaubillion since 1974 and has cut its tions were being taken to prevent labour force from more than publication of the report before 200,000 to the present total of MPs leave for the summer recess 54.000. It is, however, unlikely to at the end of this week, one source

about government officials, that has ever been written". Particular The British Leyland car com- targets for criticism are thought to year, launched a new model, the under orders to give evidence to the committee) and the Cabinet

Secretary, Sir Robert Armstrong. The Labour-controlled Inner London Education Authority con trived to make itself look silly when it tried to abolish competitive sports "to save losers from humiliation". A Bristol primary head teacher decided, simultaneously but independently, to scrap the school egg-and-spoon race for much the same reason. good news for those with jobs and published next week, is expected to pessimistic dismissal of the natufor the Government's electoral be harshly critical of the role of a ral competitive spirit" said the reported only last month on a

some schools (Comment, page 10). The pop singer, Boy George (George O'Dowd), was arrested and charged with possession of heroin He had been undergoing medical treatment after weeks of controversy and confusion over his alleged connection with drugs. His brother, Kevin, had earlier appeared in court accused with four others - including another pop singer, Marilyn (Peter Anthony Marilyn) — of conspiring to supply

Thatcher to visit Moscow next year

By John Carvel

Tories plan pre-election spree

billion pound giveaway to the local authorities as part of a package to or October next year.

Extra rate support grant, which will be pumped in to local councils throughout Britain, should be sufficient to keep average rate increases close to zero next April. Ministers believe that such a springboard for Conservative success in the district council elections in May. Mr Norman Tebbit. the Conservative Party chairman, if the momentum of those results is strong enough Mrs Thatcher may be tempted in to a snap election.

Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor, is now increasing the local authorcouncils will spend — by £3.4

Mr Ridley has got almost everything he wanted from the Chancellor. The Treasury's spendsoften up public opinion for a ing plan for the English local possible general election in June authorities in 1987/88 is to be increased by £2.9 billion to £25.2 billion. An extra £500 million to be added to the spending plans of councils in Scotland and Wales.

The move is a remarkable turnaround for a government which has spent six years trying to performance will provide a reduce local authority spending by legislation and grant penalties on "profligate" authorities. It is expected that between 15

and 20 councils will be subjected to has already told party agents that rate capping next year, slightly more than this year's total of 12. Ministers are still finalising how they should be chosen. The local authorities will argue that the Government's spending, plan is ity expenditure plan - the insufficient for their needs, but the amount he publicly assumes the settlement appears to be so much more generous than in the past that they are looking for a catch.

Soviet Union next year. An invitation from Mr Gorbachev was deliv-Eduard Sheyardnadze, on the first She was satisified, after two

Shevardnadze, that Anglo-Soviet relations are again "fully operational after the set-backs of last vear." when there were a series of tit-for-tat expulsions of diplomats compliance, at the UN Disarmaand journalists. Mr Sheyardnadze also brought

another letter from Mr. Gorbachev. in what has by now become an extensive correspondence between Mrs Thatcher and the Soviet leader on arms control and the closelyrelated goal of another superpower summit later this year. But it was as a result o

Monday's talks, as well as talks

MRS THATCHER is to visit the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr ed before the end of next year, in time to halt US plans for manufacday of his visit to Britain and the turing binary weapons and esca- British ministers had an auspi-Prime Minister has "warmly" wel- lating an arms race in chemcial

Mr Timothy Renton, who was hours of talks with Mr due to outline the British propos-

By Hella Pick

als, which focus on verification and ment Committee in Geneva, gave Mr Shevardnadze a preview. He met what was described by senior British officials as "considerable Interest" from the Soviet Foreign Minister, who was said to be attracted by the compromise that

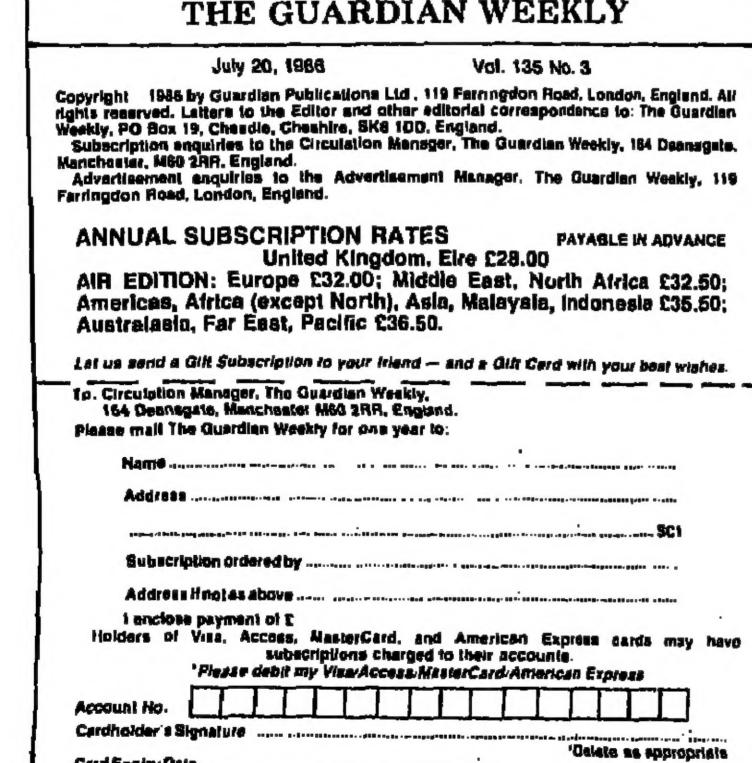
Britain was proposing. Reagan Administration, which has certainly been extensively consulted, is also willing to negotiate on

ed ban on chemical weapons ap- rather than stand by its existing pear to have improved. There is demands for "challenge inspecnow a far greater likelihood that tion," which the Soviet Union has ered to her on Monday by the such an agreement will be conclud- consistently rejected ever since it was tabled two years ago.

The Soylet minister's talks with describing them as "very relaxed constructive and detailed," and Mr Shevardnadze himself emerged from the meeting with Mrs Thatcher beaming broadly and saying it has been "quite a convor-

The 'bilateral relationship is genuinely on the mend, with growing emphasis now being put by both countries on economic and industrial cooperation.

Mr Shevardnadze also gave his consent to a proposal by the Great Britain-USSR Association to have It has to be assumed that the an informal meeting of experts from Britain, the Soviet Union and the United States to consider "the economic and industrial challenges prospects for a worldwide negotiat- the basis of the British proposal, of the last decade of this century.



saying that just because you've any effect? been to a country, you've seen it," she replied. "But I've seen apartheld in a number of respects. The South African debt last year, had first thing you see when you get off had some effect. But the main at Johannesburg airport is that influence came from people inside you go into a hotel which is totally South Africa who were fighting non-colour-conscious. You go into a dining room and there's all colours Above all, industry, "and some of and backgrounds. So your first the political parties." impression of South Africa is rather different from what you've governments, your government, been led to believe."

Soon, however, you came across sure?" other things, which were different from Britain. Mrs Thatcher had not been to Soweto or any other township. But she had seen both sides of South Africa, including the part where apartheid apparently did not exist. "I've seen it on occasions where there's no apartheid, and I've seen it when there is apartheid. And I don't like apartheid. It's wrong.

"Let me make that clear. Apartheid is wrong. It has to go, and it is

The question is how to speed its departure. Despite the events of recent weeks and months, the Prime Minister is an unswerving believer in the virtues of contact. dialogue, persussion. She had made a start, she rominded me. whon she had received Presiden Botha at Chequers last year and told him that forced removals of black communities were "totally and utterly and particularly repugnant to us".

Their meeting and subsequent correspondence had been fruitful Those have been stopped now. Things are coming in the right direction. Naturally one wishes them to come faster."

suggested that this process might now have come to a halt. "What leverage do we have through mere persuasion, particularly when the main characters in the drama won't even see our Foreign Secretary?"

Mrs Thatcher deployed the quiet voice of incredulous affront. "I'm sorry, that's absolute nonsense. President Botha's seeing the Foreign Secretary. He was always going to see the Foreign Secre-

"But Sir Geoffrey had wanted to see him this week."

"You have to try and arrange a date. I run eight, nine, sometimes 12 engagements a day. I can't just fit people in. Let's look on the positive side, and not try to make every single difficulty in this country, difficulties which don't Mr Botha will see Sir Geoffrey Howe, Course he will. The question is arranging a date which is mutually convenient."

"But wasn't it a bit humiliating that the trip was set up so publicly and then Bothn said he wouldn't be available?"

Mrs Thatcher said it might have been better if they could have arranged the whole thing more quietly. But there would certainly be a meeting, and we should meanwhile look on the positive side, which consisted of fulfilling the terms of the last EEC communiqué outlining the need to get negotiations started between the South African Government and black political leaders. Negotiation, not sanctions - the Rhode-

sian way.

"But Rhodesia survived sanctions only because it had South

"South Africa has colossal internal resources. A colossal coastline. on, materials would get in and get out. There's no way you can

So, I asked, was there no economic pressure which, in the "You have to be very careful in Prime Minister's view, would have

The banks, she thought, who had pressed for repayment of the apartheid. And who were these?

"But the question is whether can and should add to that pres-

"You're talking about economic pressure," said Mrs Thatcher, "I'm talking about how to bring about negotiations." And here she

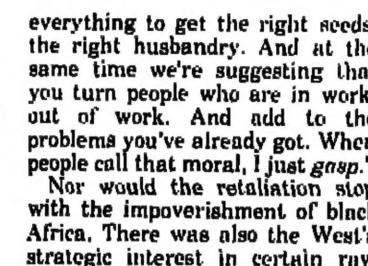
thrust of the prime ministerial argument, that part of it which elicited her most withering scorn. But there was a moment of calm before the storm, even a brief. cerning a point over which "people, confused — although they might make the same allegations about

The matter in question was the moral case for sanctions, "I must tell you I find nothing moral about people who come to me, worried about unemployment in this country, or about people who come to us to say we must do more to help Africa - particularly black Afr

find nothing *moral* about them, sitting in comfortable circumstances, with good salaries, inflation-proof pensions, good jobs, saying that we, as a matter of morality, will put x hundred thousand black people out of work, knowing that this could lead to starvation, poverty and unemployment, and even greater violence.

I tried to intervene. "So the

'I find it astonishing, utterly astonishing, that on the one help Ethiopia . . . and at the you turn people who are in work, out of work'



think we should have had more I find it repugnant. We had it at her more. She would have been ference centre. Nice hotels. Good able to see that multi-racial soci- jobs. And you really tell me you'll They do, of course, have certain pawns on a checkerboard, and say "So how do you read the motives Africa would have been much of the black leaders in South more influenced to come our way." Africa, Bishop Tutu and many and of course gold and diamonds. As it was, even the moderates, others, who are actually in favour

black and white, would respond of economic sanctions?" "I don't have to read them. I can tell you there are many, many "So are you saying there is no people in South Africa, black form of hostile pressure which is South Africans, who hope to goodness that economic sanctions will "Let me say what I'm saying," she not be put on."

now long assumed the deliberate "Huh. You've heard Chief and emphatic timbre familiar at Buthelezi say that. He said it in prime minister's question time. this room." There is no case in history that I know of where punitive, general

Picture by Frank Martin

have been isolated by the world. "I the table. "That to me is immoral.

contact. We would have influenced the Community meeting. Nice con-

problems. We've seen the problems that's moral. To me it's immoral."

launched into an attack on past

in Kenya and Uganda. But South

badly if they saw the West just

hitting out at their country.

to follow that route. 6

case against them.

"That's one." "But seven million Zulus. He economic sanctions have been ef- said it on the doorstop of Downing fective to bring about internal Street. I've heard it, too, from some of my . . . from some other people, "That is what I believe. That is here in this room. Here in this what the Labour Party in power room."

believed. That is what most of "All right. But Tutu, Mandela, Europe believes. That is what most the ANC, the UDF, also represent western industrialised countries a large segment of opinion - mark of disapproval of apartheid believe. If that is what they which you reject."

believe, there is no point in trying "I totally reject it. Because I find it very difficult to know how they So sanctions, first of all, would can turn round and say Put our not achieve the desired effect. But people into acute difficulty. that was only the beginning of the They've got good jobs. They're looking after their children. But more. So we did krugerrands. And did."

We now approached the central pursue a policy which can lead to children being hungry', I find it

So sanctions, far from being moral, were positively immoral: and, as we have already seen, they would be ineffective. A third objection could also be made, and here one suddenly became aware scores, nay hundreds, of unscen visitors who have passed through Mrs Thatcher's drawing-room and had some of the elementary facts of life explained to them, particularly the dire occasions for retaliatory action which are afforded by the geography of southern Africa.

sometimes get the map out and say look at it. Have you looked at how goods are going to get in and out of Zanibia and Zimbabwe. Close Beit Bridge and how are you going to do it? That's the maize route. When there was drought, that's the route through which maize went to keep people alive.

"I ask them, have you looked at it? Have you looked at the poverty and hunger and starvation — just when we're after all trying to give things to Africa, to see she doesn't

The voice was shaking now, at this spectacle of a continent which displayed such inexplicable moral inconsistencies. "I find it astonishing, utterly astonishing, that on the one hand we're doing everything to help Ethiopia, everything to relieve poverty and starvation.

hand we're doing everything to same time we're suggesting that

the right husbandry. And at the Prime Minister had formulated same time we're suggesting that what struck me us a classic you turn people who are in work. Thatcherite atterance, when she out of work. And add to the said: "If I were the old one out and people call that moral, I just gasp." would it?" I now reminded her of with the impoverishment of black really so indifferent to the opinions strategic interest in certain raw leagues, and so forth. materials — and here too the Sho said this had all been a policies. South Africa should never But Mrs Thatcher was thumping moral issue kept breaking familiar experience for her. There

"Platinum comes in quantity been the one to put arguments that from only two places, South Africa no one else actually liked to put. and the Soviet Union. Are people She won some, she lost some, but who say there's a moral question the times on which she lost it were, eties do work in other countries. move people around as if they're suggesting that the world supply it seemed, invuriably because her of platinum should be put in antagonists were moved more by charge of the Soviet Union? And emotion than by reason, "If you're there are other things. Your alone, you only operate really by chemical chrome, your vanadium, persuading. Your only way of They would have a fantastic effect

> "To me, it is absolutely absurd allies than we could know about. that people should be prepared to hands of the Soviet Union on the argument and sometimes people do grounds that they disapprove of not express their own views, knowapartheid in South Africa.'

> These lectures have evidently borne fruit. "I go through these win your argument. Many people. things with some people, and they "In the world where I live, say: no one told us, no one sometimes there's a public views

> explained this to us." would seem to be looking for my own converge," she chortled, deeper and different explanations. with legitimate pride. But she Particularly the Commonwealth. understood other people's difficul-There was, as the Prime Minister ties and took comfort from their had early in our conversation tacit backing. conceded, a desire at least for some to be made. "Signs and gestures"

she called them.

we put the extra gold coins in. And we've done no promotion of tourism. And various other things. But I don't know anyone in power in the western world who is suggest. ing punitive sanctions."

about sanctions against South Africa

"But they are suggesting bigger gostures, aren't they? Indeed they were, she said. But

had lit the blue touchpaper again. "All right. Supposing you start with fruit and vegetables. That would be 95,000 people, blacks and their families, out of work. Moral Poof! Moral? No social security.

"Up would go the prices here, Some of it would be sold out of the coastline, through third countries. re-marked, and perhaps come in at a higher price. And the retaliation we could have to things we export to South Africa! What is moral

This raised a question even about the gestures we had already taken part in. Insofar as they were designed, in a minor way, to inconvenience South Africa, they were surely open to objection from the Thatcherite point of view.

"We've gone along with the gestures and signals," she said. "Because I recognise that people want to do something more than

"But you don't really believe in "I don't believe that punitive

economic sanctions will bring about internal change." "But even the gestures you're not keen on?"

(Pause), "I don't think the gesturos are very effective. We withdrew our military attache from South Africa. That means we don't get as much information as we should otherwise. Often you argue against the big things, the really damaging things that would cause unemployment. So you accept much smaller things, as we did."

A few weeks ago, in the early everything to get the right seeds, stages of the sanctions crisis, the problems you've already got. When I were right, it wouldn't matter, Nor would the retaliation stop this, and asked whether she was Africa. There was also the West's of allies, Commonwealth col-

> were many times when she had nersuading is by argument.

So was she now winning the on the economy of the Soviet argument, from this lonely eminence? Apparently she had more "Look, in the world in which put increasing power into the live, sometimes you make the

they hope to goodness that you'll and a private view." This wasn't, of The rest of the world, however, course, her own problem, "So often

ing you will express yours. And

Standing on her own high ground of unshakeable consistency. Mrs Thatcher is especially contemptuous of her political oppo-This was why Britain had nents - "people who took the agreed to the EEC package last same view as we do when they year. But this hadn't been enough. were in power, and voted in the "The Commonwealth wanted United Nations the same way we

The moral argument

Continued from page 4

I suggested, in Labour's defence, that the internal situation had drastically changed since Denis Healey was in power and Dick Crossman was composing his diaries. Political upheaval had hugely escalated, and the government was

"And apartheid has been reduced," Mrs Thatcher snapped back. "There's practically no apartheid left in sport." "Due to a boycott," I replied.

"Well." Short pause. "Due to a boycott. Due partly to a boycott. Not economic sanctions. A political

The prohibition against mixed marriages had also gone. "As a matter of fact. I think it's the thing that signals the end of apartheid." The pass laws were also going. And enforced removals. And job reservation. Even the Group Areas Act. Mrs Thatcher claimed, was "starting to go."

There were now "many bluck people with professional qualifications and of considerable substance." Their only problem was that they couldn't live where they wanted, and couldn't take a proper part in government. "Those are the been strong enough to survive all judge, as a point of law, whether action. I think we've done quite well by persuasion, particularly in the last 18 months. But by noneconomic ways. And we should go on that way."

The next test is the mini-Commonwealth conference in early August. By then Sir Geoffrey will have made his rendezvous with Boths, and Mrs Thutcher hopes that Bishop Tutu will follow

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don't just refuse to see people. very much enjoyed talking to AN East German couple, Rein-

Even though she didn't agree with him? "We got just a little bit more understanding between us. and if we went on talking I think we would again.

She gave me a foretaste of how her emollient self would greet the Commonwealth, "Emotions will be running high," she predicted. "And when that happens; you just have to let them run high and keep calm yourself. Because it doesn't help if high, even though they feel as many and caused damage to state though they're running high

Her job would be steadfastly to remind her seething interlocutors of some of the facts, "How many of you have states of emergency? How long have you had them? How many of you detain people without trial? How many have had censor ship? How many of you have excluded people on racial

I wondered whether they might not get irritated if she started talking to them like that. Wouldn't it be a little patronising?

"It's not patronising. That's just putting facts to them. Patronising? What's patronising about putting the facts? The Commonwealth's broke their session only to ask the patronising. I try not to be. Not for damaged state interests in themus to be patronising to South Africa either. We don't live there

"We can still got through, if we will," she said at the end. "We can still help to get negotiations started." But to this end she did not sound like a politician preparing to agree to a single thing that much of the world expects of her

Next week: Thatcher on UK politics

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East Germans gaoled for 10 years

accept that they acted from ideo- decoding equipment found by po-

constitute the full offence of dam- or indented on pieces of paper.

as schoolchildren in 1968.

The evidence on which the jury

lice when they raided the couple's

lt emerged during closed ses-

sions of the trial that some of the

correlated exactly with signals in

morse code picked up by Govern-

ment Communications Headquar-

ters. It also emerged that pages from

a "one time pad," a piece of

equipment used to scramble and

unacramble coded messages, had

been used. The Schulzes' "one time

pad" had been found, with other

ministurised equipment, hidden in

an air freshener in their garden

It is possible that the informant

who alerted British intelligence

about the Schulzes was Mr Oleg

five figure numbers found written,

home at Waye Avenue, Cranford,

West London, last August.

gaoled for 10 years at the Old Bright said that agents "had been convicted was an accumulation of Baily last week for preparing to recruited from the highest calibre radio equipment, written five-figof people" and asked the judge to ure numbers and encoding and spy against Britain.

They had denied three charges under the Official Secrets Act and were convicted on one of them: that they had acted, between 1980. He ruled that it would be wrong to and 1985, such as to prepare to prejudice the interests and securi- 14 years because their actions

Mr Justic Michael Davis said he did not know whether they had communicated secrets to East Gerinterests. But: "What is certain is that you two are intelligent, talented and determined people. If Strunze. would have done what you were sent here to do and what you made elaborate preparations to do." After serving their prison terms,

they would be deported, said the judgo. He also imposed three-vonr offences to which they had pleaded West German identity card.

The jury had taken four hours to reach a unanimous verdict. They Record profit by Post Office selves to warrant a conviction. Mr the Post Office. Justice Davies said that, under the Official Secrets Act, it was the purpose of the preparations, not the actual damage, that mattered Counsel for Mr Schulze, Mr Richard Ferguson QC, said the couple had not breached any trust, tried to gain employment to obtain information or exploited

Gordievsky, the head of the KGB a forged British passport, and Mrs Germany, Junge Welt had pub- in London and a double agent until Schulze for possession of a forged lished a photograph of the couple he defected last summer.

For Mrs Schulze, Mr Andrew

logical and not financial motives.

The judge said: "I accept that."

were preparatory, and did not

The real identity of the Schulzes

after they retracted their elaborate

false identities as Bryan and Ilona

judge to believe that they were Mr

and Mrs Schulze and that they had

been murried 15 years. Mr Justice

Davies said: "I do not know

whether you have given your true

names, but I do accept that you are

It emerged after the trial that a

aging state interests.

had remained a mystery,

By Michael Smith

million on the 1984/85 perfor- of second class postage. charges in the autumn.

emphasise that the peak profit was since the 1930s

those things. It's not for me to be the preparations to spy had to have RECORD profits of around £154 achieved at a time when the price million will be disclosed shortly by of a first class stamp was un-The figure is an increase of £1.5 when Ip was knocked off the price

mance, and confirms the Post Helped by this pricing mecha-Office's status as the world's most nism the volume of letters grew by profitable postal undertaking The six per cont during the year. A 20 achigvement could prove embar, per cent growth in volume russing to plans to raise postal achieved in the past four years has provided the Post Office with the The Post Office is likely to best period of sustained expansion

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THE largell cabinet decided on Monday to let the Attorney-General, Mr Yosef Harlah, order a police inquity into the country's Shin Bet security, service, rejecting his appeal for a

to the Challenger explosion on January 28.

setback for the Prime Minister. Mr Shimon Peres, who has said he fears a police probe into the killing of two Araba captured in a 1984 bus hijecking could harm security by

AT least 10 people were killed or wounded isst week when four israell helicopters attacked a Palestinian refugee camp in Siden, south Labanon with more than 16 airto-ground missiles, in another attack, this time south of Beirut, four Palestinians were killed by Israeli bombers.

THE Deputy Commander of PLO Forces, Mr Khaif Al Wazir (Abu Jihad) strived in Tunis last week after being expelled by the Jordanian government.

THE United States and Libys, at the week-end, appeared to be facing off for a now confrontation over navigation rights in the Guil of Sidra, after Tripoli announced that it was conducting missile larget practice off elegant square exploded when it the coast near where the US is conducting was passed by a bus containing 50

PHILIPPINE president, Corezon Acuino, seld that she would forgive leaders of the recent aborted rebellion if they "swore allegiance" to her government,

However, her soft approach to Arturo Toleritho, leader of the pulsch attempt, was severely criticised in the nation's press. The ndependent Marile Times seld: "The Government cannot pussyloot with presidential protehders. These are not normal times. Drastic problems call for drastic

A NEW election in Italy drew closer after the Italian Socialist Party refused to give Ita support to Mr Giglio Andreotti, the Christian Semocrat foreign minister, who was asked to form a new government last week. Air Andreotti was named as Prime Minister after the Socialist leader, Mr Bettino Craxi.

WEST GERMAN federal investigators were seeking members of the Red Army Faction terroriet group in connection with the killing. iest week, of a leading nuclear export and senior executive of the glant Siemens

The killing, by a remote controlled car bomb, of Professor Karl Heinz Beckuria, a leading advocate of nuclear power and high technology expert, came on the same day that terrorists blew up the French police anti-crime equad offices in Paris. (Le Monde,

THE US last week offered to reduce I military personnel at Torrelon sichase outside Madrid in exchange for significant

THE European Parliament voted overwhelm-Indly for a new 1906 budget to replace the one declared null and void by the EEC Court of Justice two weeks ago.

PRESIDENT Francois Mitterrand left Moscow after a three-day official vielt, belleving this year, "but that diplomacy still has a long

He was full of preise for Mr Mikhali Gorbachev, with whom he evidently believed he has established a good personal relationthip. "He is a man of our time, a modern man," the French president said. (Thatcher to vist Moscow, page 3)

AN angry crowd in Ahmedabad, India. burned two young Muslima alive at a ive days of Muslim-Hindu violence rose to 49. It was the second time in two days that ladi goliois ol svilla bensud arew amilauk erupled lest week in Oujarat state.

AFTER four years of military rule Bangisdesh, last week, made a limping start lowards democracy with the opening of the first session of the newly elected parliament. But the occasion was merred by bomb isals, a baton charge and the absence of all but four of the 120 opposition members in the 330-seat parilement.

THE Australian Covernment won the vital mandate of trade unions in the Labour Party organisation for its prescription for economrecovery. The plan, outlined by Prime Minister: Mr Bob Hawke, in an address to the country last month, includes a hardline wages policy and further cutting of real

BRITISH and Colombian government offi clais remained at a loss last week to explain the shooting of the British honorary consul, Mr. Geoffrey, Hutchinson, in Barranquila. Local police said they could see no motive for the killing.

Basque bomb kills nine

By our own Correspondents

NINE young Spanish Civil Guard cadets died on Monday in the bloodiest attack by Basque separatists in Madrid for 12 years. The killings, on the eve of

Tuesday's formal convening of the parliament elected on June 22, were seen as retaliation by Eta for the expulsion of its leader from France the week before. Rightwing vigilantes said that

they would kill Basque refugees in France at a rate of one a day in revenge for the Madrid blast. The explosion brought the high-

est death toll in any single attack on the Spanish security forces since Eta began its campaign of torror 17 years ago.

The nine cadets who died, all aged between 20 and 25, were on their way in a convoy of three vehicles to a Civil Guard highway patrol training centre to practise driving techniques when the at-

A delivery van parked in an cadets. At least 60 other people were injured in the explosion.

Eta had been expected to seek revenge for the expulsion from France of Mr Domingo Iturbe, who was alleged to be its chief commander. Meanwhile, in Portugal, new revolutionary organisation proclaimed its existence after a series of explosions which killed two people and caused property damage in district capitals.

Early on Monday, two bombs xploded in the town of Evora, i the Alentajo district, at the house of landowners who had been in volved in disputes over land reform with radical peasants Another two blasts occurred in the industrial centre of Setubal, south of Lisbon, and a massive explosion in Lisbon killed two youths and wrecked an apartment belonging to a retired army officer, Lieuten-

ant-Colonel Joao Miranda Relvas. A Lisbon newspaper was later contacted and told about a measage left in a dustbin by a group calling itself the Armed Revolutionary Organisation which responsibility for the bombings. Until now. Portugal's principle terrorist organisation has

Rhodesian crisis. been the Armed Forces of the April 25 Movement (FP25).

Thatcher faces revolt over sanctions

By James Naughtle

steps, which he supported, they

had to include action which affect-

ed trade. The logical conclusion

Unless Sir Geoffrey's Pretoria

mission produced a breakthrough

Coming after last week's power-

ful speech from Mr Leon Brittan,

the former Trade and Industry

Secretary, in favour of economic

measures - and the threat of

them, as a weapon to force South

Africa to make concessions - Mr

Heath's intervention increases the

Even among backbenchers tradi-

tionally regarded as more friendly

to the Prime Minister there is deep

concern. It is this, rather than the

attacks from long-standing oppo-

nents, that is worrying some of her

Mr Francis Pym, the former

Foreign Secretary, said at the

weekend that he believed a major-

ity of the Cabinet opposed the

Prime Minister's stance on sanc-

Though some are still convinced

that she may be willing to go along

with a number of specific economic

measures - perhaps backed by the

United Nations — the tone of her

objections to "immoral" sanctions

One senior backbencher private-

ly described her attitude as "para-

noine" and accused her of failing to

understand the logitimate views of

is worrying her party.

that process would have to begin.

was a trade blockade.

THE Prime Minister is facing her most serious revolt for five years among influential Conservative backbenchers over her South African policy. It is clear that many traditional Tories are determined that her mind must be changed on the issue of sanctions before Commonwealth leaders meet next month, and that direct pressure must be applied on Downing

Mr Cranley Onslow, chairman of the 1922 committee of backbenchers, is being pressed by some of the most widely-respected figures in the party to tell Mrs Thatcher that the prospect of a rift in the Commonwealth now threatens party unity more seriously than any other dispute since the economic trauma of 1981.

Few MPs believe any substantial outcome can be expected from the visits of the Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, to Pretoria this month. They are also reconciled to a painful encounter with other Commonwealth leaders in London

Their alarm has been increased their belief that even if the Prime Minister gives some ground she will be weakened because of the rigidity of the position she has so far adopted and the consequent difficulty of arranging a graceful

African withdrawals from the Commonwealth Games have udded to the pressure. Although rightwingers were quick to criticise the ban on Zola Budd and Annette Cowley — some called for the games to be called off - many Tories are appalled at the potential damage the issue could cause to the Commonwealth, to which they have a deep commitment.

One senior figure predicted at the weekend that the threat of a turmoil. Mr Edward Heath, the for a political purpose, former Prime Minister, joined Mrs Thatcher's critics, saying that the greater than it had been on the

Dimbleby on Sunday programme that if Britain was to take further politicians. Stealth plane under guard

By Alex Brummer In Washington

ARMED US Air Force guards maintained a vigil in California's Sequoia National Forest on Monday, as investigators sought to recover fragments of the top-secret F-19 stealth bomber which crashed in the early hours of last Friday morning. An air force board of inquiry into the crash has been

A weekend statement from the air force identified the pilot of the plane as Major Ross Mulhare, aged 85, who was based at Nellis air force base in the Nevada Desert. adjacent to the strongly secured nuclear test site.

This disclosure appeared to confirm reports that the plane is part of a squadron of F-19 experimental stealth fighters, the existence of which has never been acknowledged by the Pentagon.

Defence experts said at the weekend, however, that the Lockheed Corporation - believed to be the main contractor - had built as many as three dozen of the tions and expressed the view that experimental fighters, suggesting that their technology has advanced much further than previously disclosed. The stealth lighter is officially called the Covert Survivable In-weather Reconnaissance Strike

Among service personnel working with the plane it has been nicknamed "project Harvey" because of its apparent ability to evade detection by radar. Harvey was the invisible rabbit in a James Stewart movie

Great care has been taken to The difficulties over the Com- keep the highly classified aircraft monwealth Games have focused secret. Tests are normally conductthe sanctions issue for many MPs. ed under the cover of darkness. Mr Dick Tracey, the Sports Minis- and the plane is stored in protecter, regretted the withdrawal of tive bunkers at Nellis

some nations, saving it was like It is said to resemble the space having a party with some of the shuttle in shape. The curved body members of the family missing, is designed to reduce the radar He added that competitors were image of the plane. It is built of unhappy at the use of the games materials such as curbon and epoxy composites, rather than mel-Another element in the crisis is als, so that it absorbs rudar.

the attitude of Buckingham Pal- One recent technical magazine strain on the party was now ace. The Queen is known to be report said that the plane produces deeply concerned over the prospect no more than a hum from a of a split in the Commonwealth distance of 100 feet. It also sooks to He said on TV-am's Jonathan and her view has been made minimise the heat emitted into the known by palace officials to senior atmosphere as part of its effort to

The weakness of the headstrong stance

Continued from page 1

onestly abominated apartheid as way. If the object was to play for much as they did. They thought time, all Mrs Thatcher had to do their disagreement related to was announce in the vaguest

longer. It emerges that Mrs Sir Geoffrey could then have been Thatcher's understanding of apart- sent on a global shuttle, rather heid. at the nerve-ends of her than pottering round southern sensitivity, is different from theirs. Africa to be insulted. From Tokyo President Kaunda is convinced, to Washington the voices could and has told her, that if the people have been taken, with Britain now dying or being repressed in acting as the co-ordinator of a South Africa were white, not black, world endeavour which she stood a her protests would be ten times good chance of influencing. problem, now that she has made different prime minister: one who

Commonwealth that may no long- standing or that guile. deepest pessimism.

It need not have happened this terms that something would have Now they can believe this no to be done if Botha did not relent.

her analysis a public crusade, genuinely understands that some makes that contention hard to international action is now essen-So, as the mini-summit of the who possesses enough far-sighted allowed herself may turn out to be who have found Mrs Thatcher's valueless. Although she has left a recent words and action hard to door syntactically open for small credit do not appreciate that she

er be satisfied with them. Because As it is - the final incompetence Thatcher's triumphs. This is not imagined, to hold Crown and it is her good faith, and not merely - she is about to be isolated even how she regards it. To her, inti- Commonwealth together, not let her tactical judgment, which she from her most faithful ally, Washhas given them reason to doubt, ington. Domestic American presthe question whether any consen- sure, already evident in the sus can be reached is shrouded in resolutions Congress has passed, seems likely to oblige President

Senate proposal or to come forward present here to draw the prime minister away from her self-congratulatory pieties. Why has such folly been allowed

such free rein? What drives Mrs Thatcher on, apart from the supercharged fuel of a moral rectitude that brooks no debate?

tial in the British interest, and one conference since she came in, has purpose.? evolved into an ugly indifference Commonwealth approaches, even cunning to make this as to its future should it dare to pose asking, that their party has sursuch judicious restraint as she has unextravagant as possible. Those itself against the Thatcher scale of

mates have told me, in the past, it them fall apart? produced the wrong result; not the lt took some time for these to Muzorewa-Nkomo victory the become the questions. Now that Foreign Office had promised her, they have, it is not easy to see

This experience, it uppears, has

with his own plan. Public opinion made her believe she was wrong to exerts an influence there, on this abandon her original pledge, to issue, which is regrettably not recognise Muzorewa's pupper government. She does not want to repeat the experience in South Africa, by giving sustenance to the

But, whatever the truth about these deeper motivations, the Conservative Party is becoming frightened by her impulses. Rather One worm which eats her is a suddenly, they are looking at a contemptuous lack of sentiment for Commonwealth about to tear itself louder. The way she addresses the But this would have presumed a the Commonwealth. Resistance to asunder. Britain seems to be led by the Commonwealth's importunate an avenging angel, looking neither demands, which has been her to right nor left of her, into stance at every Commonwealth inglorious isolation. And to what

Was it for this, more Tories are vived for 150 years? To line up behind the moral certitudes of one Another irritant, I believe, is the woman? Whose idea of the fines recent history of Zimbabwe. That political sagacity is to dig a trend! measures, she has stirred up a has never had either that under- final act of decolonisation is nor- from which there is no escape? mally held to have been one of Mrs. Who was elected by them, they

but the ascendancy of Robert where the answers might lead.

THE GUARDIAN, July 20, 1986

How Wall Street came Lange under fire for 'sordid deal' down to earth

By Alex Brummer in Washington

WE CAN all breathe a sigh of relief that Wall Street's sudden and sharp reversal has not turned into a rout. It could have been a lot worse had the White House failed to put pressure on the Federal Reserve to lower the discount rate and relieve the downward pres-

Nevertheless, the record one-day 61.87 drop in the Dow Jones. which wiped some \$74 billion off equity value, may well prove a turning point for the market. Unlike other sharp Wall Street reversals in recent months, this plummet had little to do with "triple witching" -- the computerbased programme selling which has become a feature of the third Friday of each quarter as futures and options expire.

On this occasion the stock market was acting as it should: as an important leading economic indicator. In the same way as it predicted an economic recovery in late 1982 and has hardly looked back) it is now signalling a slowdown this year which could carry on through 1987. Stock market values, a revered Wall Street financier once observed. reflect "everything everybody knows, hopes, believes, anticipates, with all that knowledge sifted down to the bloodless verdict of the marketplace."

long July 4 holiday. The market quickly found itself confronted with a range of new information. Trusted stock market watchers. notably John Mendelson of Dean Witter Reynolds, who have been unashamed bulls, became uncomfortable with the Dow's uninhibited surge this year.

In Washington, the Supreme Court, which has no master except itself, decided to issue its Gramm-Rudman-Hollings decision coriginally prepared last month but held back in pique over a news leak) crippling the deficit reduction law. Add to this combustible mixture indications of divisions in the Federal Reserve over interest rates and the market exploded downwards.

None of this was that surprising. called "correction" for some time. the Gramm-Rudman decision was widely anticipated and the debate over interest rates and their impact on the dollar had been well telegraphed. But when any market has a head of steam it is hard to bring it to a halt. It took the Plaza meeting last October to bring the dollar back from funcasyland. The New York Stock Exchange

has also been living out a fantasy. Despite a nearly 40 per cent rise in share value since last September (and a doubling in four years), which boosted the wealth of investhe new riches have not been used to raise capital for investment. in megamergers (which seem desissues which have meant little

the \$1.2 billion flotation in May, as business incentives as the investcan financial history. Despite its downer. posh name. Henley bears more resemblance to the Slater Walker enterprises of the 1970s than the the stock market appeared in elegant Thameside town.

which were once part of Allied and removed it will 'now bear close volved in a \$5 billion plus merger nomic prospects.

last year. In the last financial year these prize subsidiaries made loss of \$64.5 million and the Henley prospectus warned investors that the company would continue to have "net losses." Despite this inauspicious begin-

ning, Wall Street couldn't get enough of the issue. Indeed, so popular was the idea with the institutions that the issuing houses, who had originally intended a \$200 million or \$500 million launch, eventually settled for an amazing \$1.2 billion. What investors were said to be buying was the managerial skills of its chairman Michael Dingham, variously described as an investing and management genius. 🕟

The value of the Henley story is that it describes the state of New York Equity market in the weeks leading to last week's setback. It was a murket where there was supreme confidence that share prices could only rise no matter what the fundamental earnings ment or the economy. Like the dollar, it needed bringing back to The evidence of a weaker econo-

my and weaker earnings prospects for American industry has been around for some time. The conventional wisdom has always been that the second half of the year would be better than the first us Street got back to work after the the benefits of a falling dollar on the US trade performance and the lower oil price began to be felt more sharply. But analysts failed to take

enough note of the so-called "Jcurve" effect under which trade balances deteriorate before they get better. As a result, as the economy enters the second half of the year the nation's 52 leading economists — designated the blue chip group — envisage growth for the year at 2.5 per cent against 2.8 just a month ago and are shaving their 1987 forecasts, too, Even the White House will be trimming back its buoyant projection of 4 per cent growth when it releases its mid-year forecast in the next few

This is not to suggest that the US economy is moving into reces There has been talk about a so- sion. It has several things going for it: a lower oil price, the latest drop in interest rates and the eventua turn in the trade deficit which will help both manufacturing and agriculture. Furthermore, both the White House and the Federa Reserve appear determined to hold off recession as the discount rate cut demonstrated.

But it is not clear how much the US monetary authorities can do on their own. While lower interest rates might stimulate consumer demand there is a limit to the amount of interest rate cutting that can be done without setting tors by more than \$1,000 billion, off recession, as the discount rate

Further, there must be risk that Rather, they have been dissipated a looser monetary policy will be largely offset by a tighter fiscal tined to fall apart) and new share policy as the Congress moves to cut the budget and reform taxes. The more than a reshuffling of assets, front end loading of tax reform The classic example of this was together with the removal of such share prices were moving to their ment tax credit, the 10 per cent peak, of the Henley Group - the bonus given for buying new plant largest single new issue in Ameriand equipment, is likely to be a Nevertheless, having got the

Henley syndrome out of its system recent days to be taking a more Henley is a rag bag made up of realistic view of economic prossome 35 or so small companies pects. With some of the froth Signal, two conglomerates in- watching as a barometer of eco-

THE New Zealand Government came under heavy attack last Deputy Prime Minister, Mr Geoftion of the Rainbow Warrior affair. in the Cabinet arguing against The Prime Minister, Mr David referring the dispute to UN arbi-Lange, who made it clear that he tration. felt that New Zealand had beer vindicated, appeared surprised at the strong public reaction to the release of the two gaoled French

The Opposition sought to censure the Government in Parlia ment, while some of the country's leading newspapers criticised the transfer of the agents to French territory, in return for reparations of nearly £6 million as a "sordic transaction" and a "blot on the Government's record."

The Opposition foreign affairs spokesman, Sir Robert Muldoon, accused Mr Lange of being the "guilty man, who blustered postured" for month after month phobia. The Government had collapsed like a "pricked balloon" after saving that it would not, and

By lan Templeton in Wellington

Mr Palmer told Parliament that

Sir Robert also claimed that the

there had been no doubt that New Zealand had a very serious dispute with France which could not be resolved. New Zealand had attempted to negotiate a settlement and that had failed and any country had a duty in that situation to seek a peaceful solution. New Zealand's position had been vindicated in the arbitrations, he

Mr Lange insisted that it was a signal achievement for New Zeacomprehensive apology from France. "We are satisfied with the outcome and we hope that the equitable and principled ruling of will encourage other countries to seek similar solutions to their trade...

Despite conflicting interpretations of Mr Javier Perez de week for accepting the UN media- frey Palmer, had spent three hours Cuellar's decree, diplomats note that it is in line with the terms New Zealand requested. New Zealand had acknowledged that the law provides for the deportation of foreign prisoners, and diplomatic circles regard the settlement of the dispute as to New Zealand's ad-

> But the New Zealand Herald the country's largest paper, accused the government of buckling in the face of outrageous behaviour by France, "the so-called republic of iberty, equality and fraternity which might be better rendered as mendacity, perfidity and

It added: "Having wronged New seen their agents collect what France itself might have meted out in similar circumstances, the French thereupon acted as though the Secretary-General in this case New Zealand were in the wrong and applied screws to our

(Le Monde, page 13)

Ukrainians seal 7000 affected wells

THE Soviet authorities have final- being done by hurriedly modified

tion contaminating the water sup- dust plies of vast tructs of the Ukraine. Pravda revealed last week that 7.000 wells in the region of Bragin. the Kiev region, almost 100 miles over 50 miles north of Chernobyl, south of Chernobyl, revealed that have been hermetically sealed, all such factories, from bakeries to Plans to take a small group of milk bottling plants, are now Western journalists to Chernobyl linked to emergency wells that itself, which had been in prepara- have been sunk deep into the city's tion for three weeks, have now bedrock. been abandoned "indefinitely." The trip had been planned to show for the city's 3.5 million inhabioff the success of Soviet scientists tants is now being hurriedly put

Soviet press and television are from the Desna river, well restill scouring the region for opti- moved from the contaminated mistic stories of the Chernobyl Pripjat river which feeds into the clean-up operation, but each mor- Kiev reservoirs. sel of good news somehow lots slip. The Desna river, which rises the scale of the bad.

ed villages in the area of Bragin of the huge reservoir known as the being ready for their inhabitants Sea of Kiev into which the Pripiat to return brought forth the sober- river feeds. ing news that another 41 villages in the area, well to the north of the der way, around the Chernobyl original evacuation zone, are still reactor zone. Huge earth dykes work by the decontamination washing radiation into the river.

A report that farming had begun once more inside the original 30- Projects, Vladimire Borisovsky, kilometre evacuation :zone :also said that a complex system of made it clear that the work was boreholes and barriers is being synthesised preparation.

ly begun to acknowledge the scale tractors, whose cabs were hermetiof the threat of Chernobyl radia- cally sealed against the radiation

By Martin Walker in Moscow

A feature on the concern for safety at food processing plants in

A vast new water supply system in coping with the Chernobyl into place, with two pipelines, each four miles long, bringing water

near Moscow, enters the city of Pravda's story of seven evacuat- Kiev from the east, and well south

> Vast construction works are un-And in an interview with Tass, the Ukrainian Minister for Special

built around the station to stop underground streams getting into the zone where they could pick up radioactive particles.

The scale of Kiev's new water supply system is colossal. So far 52 of a planned 58 artesian wells have been sunk in and around Kiev, from 500 to 1,000 feet in depth, to draw uncontaminated water from bedrock.

The new pipelines have been laid in record time across the roads, bridges, tunnels, and in some stratches, under water. The object is to install the new water supply before the autumn, when the heavy rains and floods could overload the flimay defences around the radiation zone.

Meanwhile. Soviet scientists have developed a drug which reduces the effects of radiation by protecting the outer membrane o living cells, Tass said. The agency said clinical research had shown that the drug. Dibunol, cut radiation effects by one-third

Quoting Professor Yelens Bukova of the Soviet Academy of too dangerous to be reoccupied, have been bulldozed beside the Sciences, it said Dibunol contained even after two months of steady Pripiat, to stop the autumn floods bio-antioxidants which protected cell membranes from "unfavourable external effects preventing cell mutation and the eventual death of the cells. The report described the drug as a

Le Duan, Vietnam veteran

By Nicholas Cumming-Bruce in Bangkok

VIETNAM'S 79-year-old leader Le security policies pursued by a nearly six decades earlier when in Duan, died in Hanoi last week government, still dominated by his teens he had become active in struggle to produce an independent, unified state which brought 40 years of war against France and

The Government ordered five days of mourning for Le Duan, who inherited leadership of Vietnam's Communist Party from Ho Chi Minh in 1969. He died after what Hanoi Radio described only as "a period of serious illness," but was throught to have been suffering from lung and kidney ailmonts.

A prolonged absence from public activity because of ill-health earlier this year had led to spaculation the appropriate remedies appears that he would step down at the to have been the main factor Sixth Congress of the party, ex- delaying the party congress pected before the end of the year. ... His death is not expected to have year.

after a career at the centre of the septuagenarians - Truong Chinh, the Indochinese Communist Party, the Prime Minister, Pham van Dong, Le Duc Tho, and the Defence Minister, Van Tien Dung. But it may have a bearing on the

outcome of a fierce debate now being waged at all levels of the party on how to tackle an economic crisis that has helped to keep Vietnam impoverished, backward, and incapable of datisfying the yearnings of a younger generation not attuned to the discipline of the

Inability to reach a consensus on originally planned for early this

any impact on the foreign or Le Duan's career had started 1972 invasion of the south.

Communist Party, only to be gaoled by the French for five years in 1931 and again in 1940. . After the second world war. Le Duan helped to build a party organisation in the south until his

recall to Hanoi in 1954, when he

emerged as one of the closest sides

to Ho Chi Minh. Even after his return to the north, however, Le Duan remained closely involved in formulating the

north's strategy in the south from the formation of the National Liberation Front and the decision to commit the north's army to the war to the 1968 Tet offensive which he helped to plan, and the

The film, The Nuclear Gulag, is the first I am aware of which contains footage, clandestinely shot, of Soviet penal institutions. It is certainly the first to publish the testimony of evewitnesses and victims who have done time in Soviet uranium mines. From the point of view of publicists for Gorbachov and his new-look Soviet Union, it is a deeply and memorably unhelpful piece of work.

Television has great power, and even with mengre resources this ample, of a prison at Vladimir, 40

By Hugo Young

which he felt "even worse degraded as a human being than when I was in a German camp during the war."

Many victims of the gulag are to give up religious practice. We know this well enough from Solzhenitsyn. But those bursts of grainy, amuteurish film convey the reality still more poignantly.

We witness the end of Samuel Walter, a pastor of a Pentecostal group in eastern Siberia persecutvision. In 1984 Pastor Walter went into hospital for an operation on his varicose veins and came out as

The film of his funeral is unbearably affecting. The funeral party is seen trudging through the heavy snow, the body on a simple cart, the mourners rough-clothed and numerous, each bending to kiss the pastor's face, all the while a shaky camera recording the forbidden scene.

The persecution of unregistered churches is among the vilest and most senseless aspects of the Soviet tyranny. We know about it, and yet are so rarely compelled to think about it. What we did not have at first hand, until now, was visual documentation of the exploi-

characters the film depicts, the 1974. Hartfeld was pastor of an unregistered Baptist church in Kazakhatan. Before that he was sentenced to five years, initially in a uranium mine and then in a reprocessing factory.

The prisoners, including Hartfeld, were subjected to massive and reckless doses of radiation. He describes them: "They were aware they were dying of leukaemia, even cancer or tuberculosis and so on. They were exhausted, very tired, they couldn't eventually move or walk, and they became so thin they looked like shadows of persons."

Pastor Hartfeld eventually slipped through the net to the west, and is the first known them."

refugee from the nuclear gulag to have spoken. He names the KGB lieutenant, Ordovy Chienko, who warned him before he left that "whatever you tell western people about your experiences we will firstly deny, and secondly we will undertake everything to eliminate

begin. And a question does arise about precisely when the bits of film were shot; the witnesses' own experiences date variously from the sixties and seventies. Some, however, are located firmly in the 1980s, like that of Pastor Walter. and another Baptist pastor. Nicolai Krapov, imprisoned at the Shevchenko uranium mine until

What is beyond doubt is that all this tostimony relates to the post Stalin era. There is no possibility of pretending that it is dead history. It will take more evidence Soviet Union has previously exhibited to dispel the conviction which Sharegin, a prisoner there in the experiences of which they speak 1970s, points out the punishment remain embedded, secretly and block, the machine-gun towers, horribly, in the Soviet police state.

cost on the stability of the East-

Should there then be economic

sanctions? Sume will draw a paral-

West's military threat - which

outward sign of enmity. Moreover,

in vulnerability to sanctions, there

financial system.

sented last winter.

erner make? A Ronganite may see this evidence as a logical reason to intensify the cold war, decline to do business with Gorbachev, even cut off relations. But that does not seem a constructive reaction. The gulag is built too deeply into the

Soviet system to be susceptible to "From now on. West Beirut is resistance movement with the ac- attacks on the presidency that form of pressure, which could, in any case, impose such heavy

Tacit US deal seen in Syrian move into Beirut

not going to be allowed to be a

West Beirut four, years after the Israeli invasion forced them out has opened a new chapter in Lebanon. But what exactly that chapter holds -- barring a muchneeded breathing space for the Muslim sector — the Lebanese themselves are not sure.

Even Syria's so-called "allies" in West Beirut are worried. "For now. we feel that the Syrians are here to help," says a prominent Moslem politician. "We don't know what will happen in the future.

The presence of the 200-300 "special forces" commandos, armed with nothing heavier than rocketpropelled grenades, has in itself made very little difference to the

For months now the militia spending almost as much time in Damascus as in their own constituencies. The head of the Syrian "Observer Force" established here last year has been participating in the decision-making of West Beirut through its "ministerial comoverseeing the city day by day and future. street by street.

in. The appearance of the Special

jungle to be used against the siles. French and other Westerners." says a leading political commentator. "It is part of a deal to finish

with terrorism in West Beirut. The Americans get the head of terrorism and the price is a pro-Syrian

This interpretation of events is certainly not contradicted either by the reaction of the United States and Israel — who are "following developments closely." without criticism thus far, despiterecent statements linking Damascus to international terrorism - or

By Julie Flint In Belrut

by the first-time support given to

Before the Syrian troops moved in, a rapprochement between France and Iran, based on a significant change in France's Gulf War policy, had opened the way for mittee," the Muslim half of the the release of two of the nine dead-but-not-buried National Uni- French hostages missing in the ty cabinet. Hundreds of plain- Lebanon. There is now word that a Syria's ommission to consult clothed Syrian agents have been third may be released in the near

West Beirut's latest security achieved the aim of its terrorism in consulted, their attitude might plan, the stated reason for the Beirut. The lee-way accorded to have been different." Special Forces' despatch, had been Syria will now depend on its working smoothly for a week ability to ease the problem of the detente - not renewed confrontabefore the Syrian soldiers stepped. American hostages and to contain, tun. A security committee from at the very least. "terrorists" - both sides of the cannual has met Forces is, above all, a political first and foremost Syrian Presi- for the third time this year to statement -, and a statement dent Assad's own aworn enemy, discuss "cooling down" the melwhich most Labanese believe could PLO chairman Yasser Arafat, but city Green Line and re-opening its not have been made without the also the Muslim fundamentalists, crossing points. Many Christian tacit agreement, at the very least, who, according to Israeli reports leaders have given timed approval of the United States and its have taken a qualitative step to the Syrians entry, while Musforward in the South Lebanon lim leaders have toned down their

quisition of Sagger anti-tunk mis-

Outside the limited framework of West Beirut, a large question mark hangs over the political steps Syria can now be expected to take to reassert its authority in the wider Lebanon.

Damascus's allies in West Beirus are hoping - with more than a touch of anxiety - that Syria. having pushed them into a total boycott of President Gemayel, will now "punish" Gemayel, for his rejection last December of a national peace plan drawn up under Syrian auspices.

Some express the bulief that Gemayel "is now in the same camp as Yasser Arafat - someone with whom the Syrians will not deal." Others go so far as to suggest that Syria favours a transitional mili-

the security plan by the pro- tary cabinet to run Lebanon with the president as a figurehead until his term expires in 1988. The reality may, in the end, be very

President Gemayel himself has not reacted officially to the Syrian Lebanese "legitimacy," Genavel has now been quoted directly as Iran, the argument goes, has saying: "Had the authorities been

The trend, however, is towards

Hussein's men can't help West Bank

JORDAN'S decision to close down mark of diagust is provided by this ever before.

mination of several months of Palestinian nationalism. is no comparison between the tension since King Hussein aneconomy like South Africa's which | breaking off political cooperation organisations refusal--or inability Our response to the gulag, in - to accept United Nations resolufact, cannot but be inadequate. But | tions implying recognition of Israit need not be non-existent. To el, and thus pave the way for remember and contemplate is possible Middle East peace talks.

something. Likewise to vow in | The decision, naturally enough, most solemn oaths never to accom- has been greeted by Israeli leaders depends on the breaking-down of pro-PLO forces in the occupied plished by the spreading of as closets.

much truth here about Russin as | But if Jordan and Israel are Real Lives, which the BBC pre- every reason to regret this latest new ikon of accoptable socialist term at least.

realism. Over this the halting From February 1985 to Februvoice of Pastor Hartfold is heard: ary 1986, the lifespan of the "Maybe there are reasons that Amman Accord on a joint negotiat-people get tired to listen from the ling strategy between Jordan and dissidents who come out of Russia. | the PLO, the people of the occupied But maybe it will come the time | territories were able to maintain that western society will be ac- their precarious balance on a municipalities. The candidate to cused of not having listened to tightrope stretched tautly over an take over Hebron denied last week abyss of violence and uncertainty.

lel with South Africa, and ask why 25 offices belonging to Mr Yasser Arafat working in tandem, howthe pressure on Moscow is so Arafat's mainstream Fatah guer- ever uneasily, things could actualslight, compared with that on rilla organisation in Amman and by move on the ground. Late last Pretoria. But the parallel is hardly elsewhere in the country is a year, with the approval of both exact. Moscow already exists un- grievous blow to the PLO leader at sides. Mr Zafer Al-Masri, a widely a corpse, apparently murdered by der massive sanction - that of the a time when he has yet to recover respected businessman, replaced from a series of political setbacks the Israeli army officer running South Africa in no way faces. Our that have left him weaker than the municipal affairs of Nablus the largest town on the West Bunk The Jordanian move is the cul- and a traditional stronghold of

· Mr Masri's brief torm was perclosed' Soviet economy and 'an nounced last February that he was haps the single most important result of the short-lived accord. It must make terms with the world with "the PLO over the may not have brought self-determination for his people any closer, but at least a semblance of order

By lan Black in Jerusalem

modate even the smallest traces of las a move in the right direction. was restored to a city accustomed, totalitarianism in our own coun- and there is now some evidence to finding its rubbish pilling up in tation of prisoners in the uranium." try.: Above all, perhaps, the slow! that King Hussein may have first the streets because of the absence. ning of which may be accom- own supporters to come out of their goodwill could make rational deci-

Union. In this sense. The Nuclear million Palestinians who live in leaders to become, "men of their development. For far from improv- for the radical Popular Front for of the whole. It ends with a powerful image. ing the chances of breaking up the the Liberation of Palestine: the The 27th Congress of the CPSU is log-jam of creeping annexation and message was, clear - anyone assembled. The Internationale is periodic escalation, it has come as cooperating with Jordanian plans and reversed. The West Bank, blaring. Gorbachev stands as the a grave setback, in the medium - and Israel's, by extension - squeezed for so long between the

would meet a similar fate. the West, Bank to replace the Israelis running three other large that he had ever even considered

PLO supporters in the West Bank, who dominate the press, the professional associations, and the universities, were quick to condemn the Jordanian move, bu said they were not surprised since it followed a series of recen attempts by King Hyssein to crack down on Fatah activists both is Jordan itself and in the occupied

.Supporters of Jordan, though, were far more circumspect in their reactions : on indication of the fact that the decision has put them very much on the spot; in this new situation of bitter and open confrontation, any open expression of loyalty to Amman will imply opposition to the PLO. Mr Al Masri's ghost is a warning to them-

In 1967, when the Israeli army took advantage of King Hussein's fotal mistake in joining President breaking-down of the gulag asked Jerusalem to crack down on of cash to pay the bills, It was a Nasser's war, and overran half his sign, both locally and regionally, of little kingdom, the West Bank was international suspicion, the begin- | West Bank and to encourage his what could happen if men of undergoing a process of that is, between two halves of a But in March, shortly after the country where, since 1948, the about the West in the Soviet pleased with themselves, the 1:3 king's now famous call for the PLO. Palestinians had always been a Gulag makes a valuable pair with the West Bank and Gaza have word," Mr Masri was gunned down whose unfulfilled national aspiraby a hit squad said to be working tions could threaten the stability

> rule, that process has been halted hammer of Jerusalem and the It is hardly surprising, then, anvil of Amman, is all that is left that the first casualty of the of home for the vast bulk of the Jordanian decision was a plan to Palestinian people. Mr. Arafat, not appoint some of the king's men in King Hussein, is their representative, and it is hard - precisely because Jordan has now struck such a blow against the PLO - to imagine that this basic fact will change, pulse walling as a second

Mother Russia

By Martin Walker in Moscow

packets of their gossamer products

to pass on to my Russian chums.

also secures me the most awed

glances as my baggage is searched

at Soviet customs, but that is by

suffered a sharp fall in status

They are among the lowest paid

groups of Soviet society, earning

about 70 per cent of the average

odd feminist stirring in Russia.

The brave group of women in

Leningrad who published the first

feminist Samizdat magazine have

been exiled, but their cause goes

on. At the recent Congress of the

Writers' Union, women asked why

so few of them were represented on

the ruling body, and indeed the

poetess Bella Akhmadulina is now

Similar calls at the last party

congress led to the election of

Alexandra Bryukova as a ful-

secretary of the Central Commit-

tee, the most powerful woman in

Soviet life for a generation. Per-

haps the second most powerful it

the widespread rumours of Raisa

Gorbachev's influence on cultural

reform are to be believed. But until

you can buy Tampax anywhere in

the country, I will remain sceptical

of claims that the time of Soviet

End of seal

cull urged

By Clyde Sanger,

in Ottawa

AFTER an inquiry that was or-

dered nearly two years ago into the

hunting of seals and the sealing

industry in Canada, a Royal Com-

mission has recommended the per-

At the same time the commis-

sion has held that the methods of

killing seals by clubbing their

heads to crush the skull is now less

humane than bractices that are

It has also recommended that

the Canadian Government spends

\$100 million, half of it in cash, to

compensate the 7.000 or more

sealers for the collapse of this East

Coast industry and the rest to

The annual seal hunt began

years ago from animal welfare

when the protesters sprayed live

seal pups with coloured dyes to

groups. These protests included

develop new sources of income for

draw strong protests about

authorised in slaughterhouses.

manent end of the killing of

woman has come.

a secretary of the union.

We are starting now to get the

industrial wage.

THERE are some things about the Rubber Corporation's profits Soviet Union that make me so soared since I first came to Mosangry I want to go and pelt the cow. Every time I return, I cram Kremlin with radioactive tomatoes. The latest infuriation is the cotton wool shortage.

This is not simply for the selfish reason that our family includes an infant who still wears nappies. It is because this vast continent of a the way. country, this second most powerful economy in the world, does not produce tampons. And if it does manufacture sanitary towels they are virtually impossible to find. even in privileged Moscow

In a country of almost 280 million people, that means getting on for a hundred million women are of childbearing age. At any sives time some ten million of them are menstruating. At a time of cotton wool shortage, what in the name of the Tsar of all Russia are they supposed to do about it?

The discomforts and humiliations to which this leads are bad enough. But it is worse than just a age. and economic failure to half the population. It is, in the plainest sense, an insult to Soviet

Nor is this spasmodic shortage of thirds of the teachers, have cotton wool an isolated example of a generally lamentable attitude towards women. This is a country where the standard form of birth control is abortion.

If you are lucky or well connected, you can obtain Hungarian and East German contraceptive pills. If you have had a child already, you device. Some disphragms are available, but one women doctor of my acquaintance, says: "They come in two sizes — too big or too small." And in the absence of spermicide creams, their reliablility is sharply reduced.

There are condoms, and having examined the kind that are issued to Soviet soldiers, I can confirm the troops' suspicion that they are meant to double as galoshes or rainproof overtrousers. I would not be surprised to learn that they are bulletproof. The ones produced for the civilian market, Soviet friends tell me, will certainly tear during use, even if they are not holed

As a result, I was not in the least surprised to see that the London

Israel denies impropriety

By Mark Tran in Washington

ISRAEL has reacted furiously to allegations that it may have tried to smuggle US technology needed to make cluster bombs. The Israeli Defence Ministry expressed "astonishment" at the charges and said that, "they were likely to whitecoats or seal pups. damage Israel's good name without justification and hurt the good' relations between the US and

The Defence Minister. Mr Yitzhak Rabin, said that Israel had legally bought equipment from the US to build its own cluster bombs. He said: "All we requested, and we requested it in the most formal way, is equipment to produce (the bombs) that we could have obtained in Europe as well."

Federal authorities have subpoenaed eight Israelis - who do not have diplomatic immunity — and 12 American executives and seized large amounts of documents. The Israelis in question work in New York for Israeli Military Industries, a branch of the Israeli apoil the pelts. Defence Ministry.

cantankerous and brilliant father: submarine and carrier fleet which last week at his Arlington, Virginia, home, at the age of 86. When he Naval Secretary, Mr John Lehthe corners of my suitcase with

was the US's longest serving naval officer, having spent more than 60

It is not easy to fathom why all this should be. A centrally planned a hallowed place in naval history economy, whose constitution gave His value to the US Navy in the women full legal rights rather twentieth century has often been earlier than most of the world. ought to be able to produce suffiville in the nineteenth century, cient contraceptive and sanitary equipment to cater for the needs of switch to steam power.

Western cartoonists traditionalcaricature frumpish Russian Women cleaning the phone, build ing the roads and performing every kind of manual labour. They should not. This was largely the result of the war, and the desperate losses among men of working What is more significant is the way that those professional jobs that women have come to dominate, and they provide threequarters of the doctors and two-

It was, however, through Rickover's efforts and engineering the Navy's Department of Ships. It was after the war that skills that nuclear power became

The backwardness of Rickover, father of US nuclear navy

By Alex Brummer in Washington

man, in 1982, Admiral Rickover

As the first US naval officer to recognise the strategic potential of nuclear-powered ships, Admiral compared to that of George Melwho supervised the US navy's

In his later years Admiral Rickover became a strong critic of both nuclear weapons and nuclear pow-Rickover, said that the admiral "nuclear weapons and power should be scrapped," otherwise they the world would be a safer place if

ADMIRAL Hyman Rickover, the the main propulsion for the US's Rickover's star rose. In the second of America's nuclear navy, died is the cutting edge of its strategic of the military, necessity of develpower game with the Soviet Union. While the Russians have the advantage in heavy land-based missiles, the US's fleet of nuclear submarines, currently being modernised with a new generation of opposition from more traditions of Trident 2 submarines, remains of the US's strategic triad.

> The young Hyman Rickover ar- submarine, was launched rived in the US in 1906, at the age pogroms against the Jews. He where he attended public schools. He fulfilled the all-American dream of immigration and liberty when he won a place at the US Naval Academy in Annapolis, becoming an ensign on his gradu-

He developed an early interest bia University in New York from which he took his Master of Science dogree in 1929. He won his first command in 1937 when he would lead to the destruction of the was given a minesweeper. His helped to pioneer the peaceful use world. He once told Congress that specialised knowledge of electrical of nuclear power. He was put in engineering caught the attention charge of the Atomic Energy Comthe whole nuclear navy were sunk. of his superiors and he was put in mission and was among the key charge of the electrical division of figures in developing the first

half of 1946 he became convinced oping a nuclear-powered submarine. He won a new appointment as head of the Atomic Submarine Division of the Bureau of Ships naval officers. His triumph, howthe most important and secure leg ever, came in 1954 when the Nautilus, the world's first nuclear

Within a few months the Seawolf, a second nuclear submarine, put to sea and Rickover subsequently moved on to super vise construction of the first nuc lear-powered aircraft carriers. In the mid-1980s, the US carrier force, which is the key to its power around the globe, is fully nuclear

Admiral Rickover ran the nuc ear navy with an iron fist. His little vice techniques for fifters nuclear naval officers became leg-

While still working on the nuclear navy. Admiral Rickover also nuclear power plant at Shippingsport, Pennsylvania.

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THERE is the sense now — just the merest, twitching thought — that Southern Africa may prove Mrs Margaret Thatcher's nem-esis. At first sight the idea seems absurd. How can a reluctance to impose sanctions lose the Prime Minister favour with Conservative MPs? When did a matter of foreign policy — policy, not war — last lay a British leader low? Does the vast mass of the electorate, yawning towards its deckchairs, see steps against P. W. Botha as its top

Yet, consider the Prime Minister this past week: a flurry of interviews - including a particularly emotional one with Hugo Young (see page 4). The folly of sanctions, for Mrs Thatcher has suddenly become a burning, highly visible issue. She, personally, will not countenance them. She despises those who preach "morality" about the matter. She ridicules those who seek to change her mind. They are the "immoral" ones. Some, wise in the battered ways of politics, may see this as just another Thatcher ploy: the staking out of a position - convictions intact - until other more shopsoiled colleagues contrive to edge her-un it. And who can say that, even now, that's impossible? There's a difference between the economic blockade the Prime Minister derides and the tiny basket of "measures" that may eventually be dragged forth. There's no ultimate reason why a advances so passionately sticks in the she presume to tell Desmond Tutu or

twisting Commonwealth compromise: maybe even - who can tell? - a shred of success for the toiling Sir Geoffrey.

Concentrate, though, on what the Prime Minister is saying. She doesn't like apartheld. But she hates economic sanctions. They will wreck Africa's most developed economy. They will throw hundreds of thousands of black Africans out of work: and tens of thousands of them will starve. Those who call for such action from their padded chairs in Westminster or Fleet Street are devilish hypocrites. They inflict futile suffering on South Africa's blacks. Countries who press the Premier are hypocrites, too. They'll be trading away under some flag or other while Britain vainly - attempts to do the decent thing The cries and the speeches are hollow, selfserving stuff. She despises them.

Those — like this paper — who see the moral case for sanctions, ought to pause for a second here: for some of the points from Mrs Thatcher are points of aubstance. Economic sanctions will not bring South black children starve: the desolation of the Pretoria economy would be a tragedy for all Africa: deceitful nations and entrepreneurs may well make a mint out of illicit trade.

Even so. The case the Prime Minister

throat. It isn't just Denis Healey who wants sanctions. Not just a cacophony of puling opposition voices, saying predictable things. It is Bishop Tutu, Archbishop Runcie, the Synod of the Church of England, Mr Nelson Mandela, Mr Oliver Tambo, President Kaunds, Prime Minister Mugabe, the Congress of the United States, the overwhelming weight of the United Nations, the sweep of the Commonwealth. Mr Mandela knows that his people may suffer and starve. He wants sanctions. Bishop Tutu knows of the pain that will be inflicted. He wants sanctions. Mr Mugabe's people will see their livelihoods lost in swathes of poverty. He wants sanctions. President Kaunda knows the sickening impact of sanctions on his landlocked, vulnerable country. He wants them nonetheless. Since when, pray, has Mrs Thatcher presumed to tell people of the Third World on what terms they shall eat? Has she been so moved by African poverty that she has devoted additional resources to shamed the politicians. Since when has Mrs

Kenneth Kaunda that they are deluded "immoral" fools? Where - in anything she says - is there a hint that (unlike Sir Geoffrey) she has felt the dead weight of Soweto in her soul? Where is the passion to respond to an injustice and an affront to mankind which can no longer be sustained or endured? One may disagree about policies, to be sure; but moral lectures to those at the core of the crisis seem frankly Will Sir Geoffrey find a wilted olive

branch for P. W. somewhere in his baggage?

Will the Commonwealth finally grant more time? Will the big cheeses of Europe haver and delay? They all may, for a while. But events have a momentum of their own and unless you visualise the whites of South Africa voluntarily sharing and then handing over their power you can see only a dark pattern of years where, one by one, the nations of the world are going to have to choose on an issue of such emotion and such bitterness that old alliances - like the Commonwealth - must surely disintegrate Thatcher taken a lead in feeding the under the strain. Today, in a tiny way, we no prospects of one throughout Africa? She Games. Mrs Thatcher herself has already let the Brandt report pass by on the other made the choice. It is one - in the force of

technologies of the Pacific Basin. How does forgotten.

Laurence Cockcroft

Clearing the mind of cant about black rule

Africa is for black government, not the build up to independence - develop their own folk culture and was the unremitting demand that black people should be governed by departing French and British who attempted to make constitutional power, a principle which the first tutional framework designed to generation of nationalist leaders generally accepted in the struggle to achieve an independent govern-

Similarly, the leaders of black speak the language of a search for tains a vision of, first, "an end of rights for all men and women. This duction of yet another special is a condition of maintaining some constitution in which there is a kind of broad front with other balance of power between the racial groups and with white communities and a political evoluliberals in South Africa, and of tion of the black community, Maaustaining the international sup- jority rule might occur at some port which now exists for the conveniently futuristic date. imposition of sauctions.

a political necessity obscures the possible and desirable are much likely reality of a black govern- more easily resolved if the ment in South Africa. The black doublespeak on the part of both South Africans rightly believe that nationalist blacks and liberal they should constitute the pre- whites is ignored. The fact of the differences either are, or are not, dominant political power in the matter is that one day (in the Republic, justified by their vast 1990s?) there is going to be a black mining the allocation of political preponderance of numbers. The government in South Africa which Freedom Charter of 1955, initiated

ported on a broad front (most people shall have equal right to use their own languages, and to

International's snnual report would confirm that such rights are much of black Africa. Any constiprotect minority groups (such as whites and Indians) will almost certainly be principally a means to representatives of the majority.

On the other hand the Western Buthelezi to Oliver Tambo, now liberal argument frequently entera "democratic society," of equal apartheid" and, second, the intro-

Arguments about what kind of Their adoption of this position as sanctions towards South Africa are able in South Africa than the will tolerate the presence of minor-

certainly not uphold the traditions historical struggle in which there vive the reality of vast popular A cursory reading of Amnesty of constitutional democracy and it is the possibility of real progress. support for Robert Mugabe and his is very likely to manifest the The return to democratic forms of hard fighting section of the Patricharacteristics of governments in only intermittently available in the rest of the continent: it will be authoritarian, dominated by repre- indication of the ways in which marily from the countries of Eassentatives of particular tribal groups, and will find it difficult to turn into better ones. arrange a constitutional transition from one leader to another. There are good reasons — which do nothing to justify white South African attitudes, and which have a lot to do with the white partition of Africa — why these political problems are part of the current black heritage. They cannot be

wished away. In considering sanctions, therefore, the rest of the world has to make up its mind on the key political mess which has occurred in the rest of Africa more acceptcontinuation of white authoritarian rule? The answer lies in the view one takes of fundamental relations between the races: racial acceptable as the basis for deter-

side. She does not go to Africa. She journeys its expression, in the fullness of its scorn

- when she must - to the emergent and certitude - that will not now be

Black government in South Afri- western governments. ca is both inevitable and preferpresent regime in any form. It bloc support for guerrilla activity struction of a "middle way" facili- reason to believe that its long-term question: is a repetition of the refusal to buy South African fruit all TV coverage of recent months. and vegetables or suspend airline The liberal interest in "ending

flights might make a difference. If we really want to hasten that point, it has to decide its inevitable historical processes in position on guerrilla war and South Africa we should go for all- whether or not it will seek to resist out sanctions: the suspension of oil Communist support for guerrillas supplies, a total trade embargo, on the grounds that it is an and a total investment embargo. expansion of the cold war. If it is

the reality of armed conflict. It was Laurence Cockeroft is SDP/Libthe success of guerrilla fighters in eral Alliance prospective parlia-Mozembique, Angola and mentary candidate for Halifax.

by the ANC but historically sup- ity races and work out some modus in north America, and now in Zimbabwe which finally caused vivendi with them - as has many important parts of the Third the end of white rule in those recently by the UDF), states: "All occurred on a smaller but compa- World, it is not acceptable. On the countries. In Zimbabwe the desperrable basis in Kenya and other hand the political problems ate attempt to create a governof black Africa, grave as they are, ment of the middle way under Such a government will almost can be seen as part of a long Bishop Muzorewa could not surgovernment in Latin America otic Front. Guerrilla fighters in all over the past five years is an three conflicts were supplied priblenk years of military rule can tern Europe and China, a fact which was consistently deplored by

There is no reason to suppose able to the continuance of the that this pattern of outside custern follows that the elaborate con- will not continue. There is overy tated by the black leadership's impact will be consistently underpublic commitment to minority rated by the West on the grounds rights and by the liberal rhetoric of of the "massiveness" of the South sanctions designed only to "end African military machine, a point apartheid" is a mirage. It is this which always undorrutes the mirage of the "middle way" which "massiveness" of black commitmakes it possible to argue that a ment - transparently clear from

apartheid" cannot then stop at Finally, we have to wake up to not to resist it, why not support it?

In western and eastern Europe,

decided that achool sports are undesirable egg-and-spoon races; no chance. Perhaps and subversive. Inner London Schools are this is actually part of the aim of the trying to stamp out the First XI mentality teachers. Perhaps they positively don't want by stopping inter-school football matches, to see Britain winning. There's a lot of that Cricket is seemingly all but extinct within attitude about, too. But, if so, it's all a the state system. Rugby cannot be men- horrible miscalculation, as usual. They reckon without the insatiable public appetite for sport which the television channels are elbowing one another to satisfy. People will want to see the national teams and the club teams just as before. The difference is that, once again, just like a century ago, the teams will be full of public school pupils.

In fact, of course, the anti-sports policy isn't carefully thought out at all. It is a combination of two attitudes which which, today, in the hands of ideologues and twits, have become negative and repressive. The first is the nution that comprehensive schools exist primarily to help low achievers

hostility to school teams. First Xls and, above all, to winning and to worldly success. The second is anti-sexism, which in this case seems to mean hostility to anything which a lot of boys do together. Permeating both attitudes is the intellectually pathetic delusion that the schools exist to produce equality and an acceptance of the view that ability is only okay if it is indistinguish-

activities which a lot of black children are what a comprehensive approach ought to people to fulfil their potential, it aims to thority worth its salt ought to pander to the Le Monde

ENGLISH SECTION

Terrorist bomb strikes at the heart of Government policy

An explosive charge of about ten kilograms went off on Wednesday afternoon last week in an annexe of the Paris criminal investigation department Police Judiciaire killing one police officer and injuring a score of others. Chief Divisional inspector Marcel Basdevant, 54, married and the father of two children, was apparently killed instantaneously when the explosion sent a heavy concrete beam crashing down on him. The explosion took place in an office on the fourth floor of the building. Basdevant was the most senior officer of the Brigade de répression du banditisme, which specialises in tracking down gangsters.

APART FROM BEING a contemptible act, the bomb attack carried out on the premises of the Paris Police Judiciaire is a challenge, a provocation and a trap. It is a challenge to democracy, a provocation directed against public opinion and a trap for the nation's political leaders.

The challenge may be summed up simply — this is an unprecedented act. Even when the Algerian war was at its height, when first the FLN and later the OAS were battling with the police, and even less after May 1968 when feelings between a segment of the population and the law enforcement authorities were inflamed. nothing like this had happened.

True, police premises had already — and recently — come under attack. On May 24 there was a criminal attack against a police station in the 11th arrondissement of Paris — a small explosion - accompanied by a sprayed message on the walls: "Insecurity, death to the cops." On May 16, Action Directe's international branch attacked the Saint-Cloud headquarters of Interpol. Going back further, on March 16. 1980 Action Directe set off a medium-sized bomb outside an annexe of the DST (Direction de la surveillance du territoire - the

equivalent of the FBI). But the context - the time and the circumstances — on these three occasions were different. All buildings.

This time it was a Paris police prefecture building; four floors of combating organised crime. To plant such a powerful bomb in

The challenge to the police, and sense of opportunity. In one week. beyond the bounds when, speaking the security aphere has been shakthemselves as "fantastic "one-sided presentation by the "the security policy of Pandore and Passequel" (a pun on the names of Robert Pandraud, Minister responsible for Public Security and Charles Pasqua, Interior Minister); the killing of an auxiliary Pour le République, as if they had gendarme at Bollène in a hold-up by a criminal who turned out to be open for excesses. After all, was it

a municipal councillor. Then there was the conflict officers responsible for public security and his minister - the police of this tragedy are all the men, prefect of Paris resigned when women, journalists and politi-Pasqua made an unfortunate re- cians ... who for some days now what the public and the police mark suggesting in effect that the have been taking part in a cam- expect. officer in question might have lied paign of disinformation"?



* Plantu's cartoon shows interior minister Pasqua, dressed as a policeman asking for the journalist's identity papers. The loke is a play on words. Literally translated he is also asking for the article the journalist is writing.

policemen as protectors.

East, or lone bombers. Terrorism search for publicity impact, ing fear. So the risks of panicking not write before March 16 that the actions: are not minor. In the past, one right could "restore the confidence 1) The death of Police of ideological hegemony.

leftwing government of the day. ment"? reactions among the public who happens to be responsible, there escape; It was as if the authors want to would be wrong to equate the are no miracle solutions. It is all | 2) The torturing and deporting signal to the government that from behaviour of a single CRS man rather a question of patience, of people in 1943 and 1944 because now on they could strike at the with that of the entire police force, tenacity and professionalism. And of their activities, real or alleged, very heart, that nowhere was safe. which also has its democratic and the fact is, 30 days were not in the Resistance, all of whom republican traditions, such as are enough to reverse the feeling of were deported before August 11, through them to the government, is symbolised by its leading union. In insecurity and the terrorist 1944: this connection, did not Pasqua go realities. Le Pen did not miss the in the National Assembly on Mr Pasqua to be more modest,", he | Qullins (Rhone) on August 9, 1944, Wednesday afternoon, he in- said, "just his presence hasn't been during which one railway em- the accused in this case acted in veighed against the "so-called wit- enough to terrorise the terrorists". ployee was executed and others pursuance of the Third Reich's branch of the Banque de France, the Rue Mogador incident and terrorised. While saying it would released; against what he described as the refrain from making "any political 4) The case of Régine Skorza, of main media"? For this indictment was later taken up and amplified within the police service by ex- ed declarations" made by officials witz: tremists closer to Jean-Marie Le at the Interior Ministry, "the Pen (leader of the far right Front spectacular but superficial deploy-"increased verifications (which concluded that the way was now have had) no effect on terrorism not the FPIP, the extreme right-

claimed that the "real instigators firmness, cool heads and determi- before the Liberation. especially in the media. This is

would at last be able to do their

against humanity KLAUS BARBIE'S case is now Resistance activists in 1943 and ready to go before the courts. The 1944, as well as the deportation of former (1942 to 1944) head of those who were taken in the last Section IV of the Einsatz- trainload on August 11, 1944. The kommando in Lyons has been court based its decision on a ordered by a Paris appeal court to distinction between a crime stand trial at the Rhône district against humanity and a war

Barbie to face three

charges of crimes

are now prescribed, and not crimes against humanity which alone are imprescriptible in terms of the

It was this interpretation of Articles 6b and 6c of the Charter of The petitions had been filed by the of crimes against humanity. League of Human Rights, several

"The perpetrator of the crime Lyons court which at the time took found, "should have acted within actions against Jews on the with a policy of ideological hege-grounds that the accused's crimes, mony such as the Third Reich's or alleged crimes, of torturing, National-Socialist ideology. This deporting and killing Resistance motive ought to be special, whereas the war crime requires only a reprehensible intention."

Accordingly, Jews and Resistance activists who were routinely persecuted in the name of a State practising this ideological hegemony - the former because of the the Nuremberg International Mili-fact of their belonging to a racial tary Tribunal that the Paris court or religious group, the latter becensured when it examined ap- cause of their opposition to this peals against the Lyons decision. policy — could have been victims

The court therefore decided that associations of deported persons the death of Professor Compel was and Resistance fighters, as well as indeed a crime against humanity,

By Jean-Marc Théolleyre

on the orders of former Interior This is where the trap appears was tortured to death. The Paris cally committed for racial or reli-Minister Pierre Joxe. There is also for the government. Public securi- appeal court defined crimes gious reasons and as a part of the the emotion, affecting police relative is a tricky business where against humanity as follows: "In- Nazi State's policy of ideologica! tions with the public, caused by passions are liable to boil over human acts and persecution hegemony, which Klaus Barbie the mistake on the Rue Mogador in quickly, where it is easy to fly off which, in the name of a state was aware of and approved " Paris when a member of the CRS the handle. Now, although the practising a policy of ideological shot and killed a young driver as task was a long haul, the new hegemony, have been systemati- and deportation of persons in 1943 he ran away from his vehicle, ruling Majority set itself a tall cally committed not only against and 1944, the court held that, in which has shaken the image of order as soon as it took office by people because of the fact of their the light of the survivors, torture announcing that insecurity was belonging to racial or religious while inflicted so as to obtain The series has been compounded going to "change sides" rapidly, groups, but also against political by Wednesday's bomb blast, who- that from now on terrorists would opponents of this policy, whatever a military mission, the fact that

ever was behind it - Action be "terrorised", that the police the form of their opposition." court's task was to choose from

small part of the police force did of the French in 30 days" and that | Commissaire (superintendent) not hesitate to exploit a legitimate "from the very first days" France Jules Cros, arrested in 1943 and emotion to turn it against the needed to be given "shock treat- tortured to death at the Fort Montluc in Lyons for having al-

3) The round-up carried out in

capital" out of the situation, the Jewish origin, who was arrested on Socialist Party's executive office June 22, 1944 for an act of formally criticised the "exaggerat- resistance and deported to Ausch-

5) The case of Professor Marcel Gompel, tortured to death at ment" of police forces and the Montluc, in a place known as the

"Jews' dump"; 6) The deportation of Resistance activists who were taken away in a The government can get out of convoy that left Lyons on August

> The Paris appeal court finally retained three of these accusations against Barbie - the continued inadmissible by the Lyons court. torturing of Professor Gompel, the (July 11) imprisonment and deportations of

Nicole Compel, whose husband cruelty or persecution systemati-

On the question of the torture information fell within the scope of Barbie later decided to deport the From then on, the appeals tortured persons whom he had at his disposal knowing they would Directe, terrorists from the Middle it before. By his nature and his among the actions set aside by the be interned in concentration camps Lyons court those that could corre- - where they would be subject to three took place at night and the lives only through its impact on Pasqua stepped up this mix of spond to this definition. There more or less rapid extermination bombs were placed outside the the public destabilising by strik- promises and expectations. Did he were six such actions or series of — showed the accused as the executor of the Third Reich's policy

The same reasons prompted the Paris court to rule as crimes against humanity the deportation of Resistance activists on August Now, in this area for which he lowed four Resistance activists to 11, 1944. The same applied in the case of Régine Skorza who was departed to Auschwitz on July 11,

On the other hand, neither the killing of police superintendent Jules Cros nor the round-up at the SNCF's Oullins workshops could be considered as crimes against chance: "These facts should prompt | the workshops of the SNCF at humanity, as the court held that no proof was produced to show that

As the associations of Resistance activists and the League of Human Rights have no intention of appealing against this decision, and Klaus Barbie's lawyer, Jacques Verges is of the same mind, the case is now ready for examination by the Rhone district court. It will be up to this court to fix a date for the trial and organise it.

It is not expected, however, that the trial will begin before 1987. It has to be remembered that the wing police union, which after this difficult corner if it does not 11, 1944 for Germany; it was the appeal court is due to rule on two Wednesday's bomb blast pro- lose its head, if it urges calm and last such convoy from this city appeals made by familian of William Barbie whose petition to be privately associated in the action of the public prosecutor was declared

(July 11)

Reach 380,000 readers through The Guardian Weekly

Contact: Howard Greader, Advertisement Manager. The Guardian Weekly, 119 Farringdon Road, London ECIR 3ER, England Telephone: 01-278 2332

they sometimes seem? Maybe it's just the annual silly season in the media but, all of a sudden, it appears that teachers have

tioned within politically correct society. Now even the egg-and-spoon race has been banned from a Bristol infants school because it is too competitive. There must be no winners and no losers in our schools today. And, in a novel twist which Lewis Carroll didn't think of when he pioneered this approach, not even any prizes either.

ARE Britain's teachers really as dotty as

The effects of all this are obvious. International sports success will soon be beyond the British. You can kiss goodbys to originally were both positive and liberal but the hope of seeing a national team winning a test match, getting anywhere in the World Cup, or ever defeating the All Blacks. A British winner at Wimbledon? Sorry. And, as for British success at the highest level in at the expense of the high. Hence the

Let's leave aside the fact that the antiteam sports, anti-competitive policies are actually rather racist (because they prevent specially keen on). The real objections to the policy are that it is the very opposite of offer and that, unchallenged, it can invade whole areas of school teaching apart from PE. It is hostile to the comprehensive ideal precisely because, far from encouraging prevent them doing so. That is a truly pernicious approach and no education austupid teachers who support it.

brated with great enthusiasm in first-class historical sources. France (except by a handful of city

French left's last-but-one taste of power cannot be put down entirely to the current political situation. There would seem to be another. more convincing reason — the same from inspiring any great epic novels: the Popular Front had no crumbled away, and ended not with a bang but a whimper.

No one would dispute that the theatre and cinema, because they are created and enjoyed collectively, reflect the sensibility of a period with greater immediacy than the written word, even when they turn their back on contemporary reality or try to take their audiences' minds off it.

The French einema was particulorly talented and inventive duran unmislakable mutual resem- sive.

THE 50th anniversary of the blance that reflects the attitudes of

The publishers Editions ers have shown little interest: the a historian, Genevieve Guillaume-Grimaud, to write the volume on half a dozen new titles or new the Popular Front in their series "Le cinema et son histoire". In fact, she could have called her book "History and its cinema", so fascinated is she by the contribution that films can make to her own

The greatest creative force in Front was, of course, Jean Renoir. Two of his films, "La Vie Est à Nous" and "La Marseillaise" grew directly out of the 1936 situation; but he directed two others which are symptomatic of people's concerns at the time and possibly even of their collective 1929 was recent history, and the

"Le Crime de Monsieur Lange", shot before the 1936 elections, foreshadows the dreams of selfmanagement that suddenly materialised during the June strikes and factory occupations.

was released at the end of 1938 after the failure of the general ing the Popular Front period taken strike on November 30, reminds us the pressures on film-makers, conin its broadest sense — say from that certain physiological taints, sorship, and the press. about 1935 to 1939. Even movies as Emile Zola's original novel had that had no connection with topi- shown, cannot be remedied by any cal political or social events have social reform, however comprehen-

and tax in the Channel Islands.

(You don't pay tax in the Channel Islands.)

Geneviève Guillaume-Grimaud Popular Front has not been cele- the times - and this makes them resists the temptation to linger films, such as those I have just mentioned, and Julien Duvivier's "La Belle Equipe". She reminds us that the greatest successes of the time were "Le Roi", a vaudeville film based on a play by Robert de Flers. Gaston de Cavillavet and Emmanuel Arène, and Léon

> ary. Charles de Foucauld She is also aware that, unlike books, movies depend heavily on technical and financial circumstances. The talkies had not been

Poirier's "L'Appel du Silence", on

the life of the celebrated mission-

By Bertrand Poirot-Delpech

going all that long. Colour was on the way. The economic crisis of storm clouds of war were gather-

Her analysis of the films themselves is preceded by some very interesting views on the causes of the political upheavals of the time. the cinema's financial situation in the 1930s here and abroad, and conditions under which films were produced, directed and distributed,

Press extracts show that critics were already debating political commitment and the need for ambiguity in works of art. Few

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ce's defeat in 1940. The same arguments have been running around in people's heads A high interest British bank account that pays gas bills in Chester racism, whose criminal consequences were revented in all their horror by the Holocaust and whose open espousal is no longer respecta different matter, to judge from

> is enormously illuminating. It frecommit criminal acts, and proudly Charles Maurras's notorious re-

zines, which reflect, at one remove,

the dreams of the periods and its

escapism into coarse comedy.

cheap exoticism, outlandish psy-

At the end of that period, hopes

of saving peace coincided with the

pro-Munich spirit of the French

nation and turned out to be a

Press cuttings are particularly

useful to historians of the Popular

Front, a period when ideology was

king, polemic raged, and vicious

slander often replaced real events

- and sometimes drove people to

In 1961, the publishers Armand

Colin brought out a history of the

Popular Front by Louis Bodin and

Jean Touchard in their "Kiosque"

series. The book has been revised

and republished in their new

I don't know if it is the result of

May 1968 or May 1981, but France

now seems to be more comprehen-

sively divided down the middle, on

the book was first published 25

milestone of human emancipation,

series "L'Histoire par la Presse".

criminal acts or suicide.

chology, and Schadenfreude.

shot in the back". Anyone urging war with Hitler Malraux should, we are told, be stabbed to death — with "a kitchen knife" if necessary. Even today, some people persist in excusing the inexcustheir third-rate disciples try to prove they are talented by behav-

The press was so violently and obsessively politicised that between the two opposing camps, each of them armed to the teeth, there was no room for moderate newspapers to put across a reasonably objective point of view.

especially in Britain and the United States, that balanced analysis and opinion could be found. Even today, public opinion in France, which has always tended to be extremist and to fantasise the world around them and conabout civil war, is vulnerable to cerned with history gave no importhat sort of inflammatory journal- tance to the Popular Front in their

than they ever lind since the 'and Simone de Beauvoir. Dreyfus affair, but very few wrote The magazine Europe has just "1936, Arts et Litterature", which of fictional works compared with

which were flourishing. This point is brought home even more tellingly by Geraldi Leroy and Anne Roche's "Les Ecrivains et le Front Populaire", the first piece of literary history devoted to by Lherminier, 210pp, 165 works written during or about the 1936 events. It contrasts the vig-

books have so thoroughly exploited our with which writers took stands the seam of specialised film maga- on current issues with the discretion of the novels and poems they drew from their experiences. As far as the right is concerned.

vigour is a term that falls somewhat short of the mark. Newspapers like L'Action Française Candide, Gringoire and Je Suis Partout were revolted by the leftwing coalition's rise to power. It was subjected to a torrent of derisive and often racist abuse. Universal suffrage was abominated along with aliens and Jews. Personal smoars replaced political

Those whom the Popular Front caused to froth at the mouth included, to varying degrees (which are carefully assessed by the authors), Maurras, Robert Brasillach. Pierre Drieu la Rochelle and Lucien Rebatet.

Rebatet surpassed himself in a piece of execration that served as the central theme of his "Décombres" (which was widely disseminated, and appreciated, under the Occupation): like some the topic of 1936, than it was when sniffy old dowager, he lambasts the women workers taking part in years ago. For some, the Popular protest marches not wearing hats Front was a huge social advance - "bare-headed bitches", he

a cultural explosion; others argue impact and had smaller circulathat it was a period of terror and tions. The two most important were Marianne and Vendredi waste that was punished by Fran-Originally started up by Gaston Gallimard in 1932 for purely comfor half a century - except for turned by Emmanuel Berl into a publication that lent Leon Blum

Vendredi, which grew out of the anti-fascist reaction to the riots of able though deep down it may be February, 1934, contained articles by writers of varying ideological some of the letters I get challeng- complexions — the Protestant An ing what I have written about the dre Chamson, who was close to the Radicals, the Socialist Jean The rightwing press of the time Guehenno, a working-class lad who made it to the Ecole Normale. quently appeals to its readers to the journalist Andree Viollis, who became a Communist after the flaunts its anti-Semitiam. We find war, and the Catholic Louis Marmark about "the Jew Blum": he is contributors included Alain, Louis "a man who should be shot, but Aragon, Julien Benda, André Gide, Jean Giono, and Andre

Despite its modest circulation of 60,000 teempared with Candide's 460,000 and Gringoire's 650,000. Vendredi played a decisive role in able in the name of talent, while securing Blum his small majority - at least that was what Blum

The Popular Front was treated sympathically by various other magazinek, such as Europe and Esprit, and supported by prominent intellectuals like Georges Bataille and Simone Weil, both o them predecessors, in their different ways, of the spirit of May 1968, It was only in the foreign press, and by the surrealist guru, Andre

But the writers' political commitment expressed itself solely in their actions, and not in their works. Even those interested in novels. This is true of Maurice Writers took sides during the Blanchot. Raymond Queneau. Popular Front more decisively Michel Leiris, Jean-Paul Sartre

In explaining the phenomenon. novels based on their experience. Geraldi Leroy and Anne Roche make the illuminating point, often brought out a special issue entitled missed by others, that the Popular Front tended to fade in intensity demonstrates the relative dearth the further one was removed geographically, socially and politiwhat was going on in the theatre, cally - from the Red, industrial cinema and visual arts, all of milieux of Paris where the event was most keenly experienced.

> "Le Cinéma du Front Populaire", by Genevieve Guillaume-Grimaud, published

Continued on page

COMMENT

New Zealand needs a touch of cynicism

IN THE EYES of New Zealand, Australia or any other South Pacific country the case is simple: two French officers duly convicted of complicity in a special services operation are getting away scottree. They are being sent to do penance of sorts on an atoll where France maintains a base for its beastly nuclear tests.

A few wags will be delighted they are being exposed to the "contamination" that is rather too readily denounced in the region. Only two months ago, 76 per cent of New Zealand Prime Minister David Lange's constituents were insisting that the phony Turenges serve out their 10 years in gaol. With or lamb, they will hardly now be delighted with the settlement which has lust taken place.

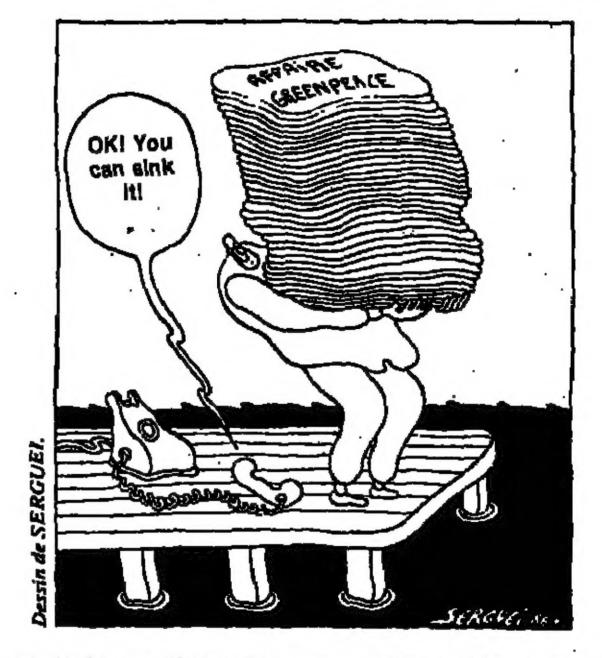
The "appropriate outcome, albeit unexpected" that Lange spoke about with unconscious humour was described as a "sick joke" and a "national humiliation" by Opposition leader Jim Bolger, in his fury he even went so far as to accuse UN Secretary-General Javier Perèz de Cuellar of rewarding the French agents with "a holiday in the South Pacific with their families and friends." The New Zealand Herald is not particularly upset by the fact that these rather special holidaymakers had acted on orders and suffered several months of imprisonment: It rails against what it describes as a "sordid deal". Now, it says, "any fairly powerful and unscrupulous nation can send agents to our country and kill

It is the simple-hearted indignation of Protestant sheep farmers at the hard reality of reasons of State. Must we be surprised that these nations at the other and of the world lack the touch of cynicism tempering the steel of a De Gaulle or a Richelleu? Yet, the France of Laurent Fablus did apologise and present its excuses, which is not a very trequent occurrence under our national tradition.

When all's said and done, in this corry business France was rather fortunate it did not have to deal with a clever adversary who might have caused it problems. With his impetuosity, garrulousness and habit of making untimely and categorical statements, Prime Minister Lange promised what he could not deliver. A cannier practitioner would have let Paris become entangled in the consequences of its own admission. Above all, had he read La Fontaine's table about the Iron pot and the earthenware pot, he would have taken account of the balance of power.

It took Lange a recent tour of West European countries to realise that France's partners in the EEC could not ressonably espouse the minor quarrel - however justified it may be - of a small State Indignant at being treated to "lamb diplomacy". And especially as New Zealand, anxious to pursue its anti-nuclear crusade, was aiready at odds with the United States by its de facto renunciation of the regional defence pact linking it to Canberra and Washington

Damages and apologies . . . At the end of the day, what Lange has obtained is not negligible after all. The people who



ote for him are likely to be more sensitive to his u-turn even if, as hard-headed exporters, they are greatly relieved at getting back their endangered markets. But in this business, while it has obtained the satisfaction commensurate with its "big power" status, it is rather France that cuts a mean

(July 8)

France's 'friendly pressure' leaves the farmers happy

THE NEGOTIATIONS for the release of Major Alain Mafart and Captain Dominique Prieur, which General Javier Perez de Cuellar. began ten months ago on the fringes of the UN General Assembly in New York where the process was really set in motion.

his request had a meeting with New Zealand Deputy Prime Minister Geoffrey Palmer. Contacts with Wellington's No. 2 man seemed easier, despite the fact that just measures which were calculated to the week before his planned visit to Paris had been called off, than from his own farmers. It was a with Prime Minister David Lange. tricky operation, this kind of presgiven to unpredictable changes of sure had to remain discreet, for mood. They agreed that represent every time there was any reference tatives of the two governments to it. Lange got on his high horse would meet shortly to examine the and made much oratorical capital options open to them.

The French negotiator - to spare NZ susceptibilities, the word head of the Quai d'Orsay's legal department. He is not a diplomat and showed skill and good sense plan was twofold. Paris felt that tries, nearly all the people Lange

reached stalemate. Whatever the while at the same time offering ternational prestige. Dutch Prime financial packages proposed and Lange an honourable way out so Minister Ruud Lubbers, then apologies offered by Paris, they he could meet France's request chairman of the European Council, invariably came up against without seeming to go back on his favoured this initiative. Pierre Lange's determination not to re- words or capitulate.

lease the French agents until they had served "at least half their the authority of UN Secretary- terms", as the NZ Prime Minister explained in one of his more expunsive moods.

The French tried to apply a little "friendly pressure" on Lange using the services of contacts known to On September 23, France's then both parties in the Socialist Inter-Foreign Minister Roland Dumas at national All to no avail; Lange remained intractable. Without abandoning hope of

perauading him, Puris began setting up a series of economic get him to do a deal under pressure on the subject: "Our honour is not

The change of government in pointing out in passing that the "negotiations" was avoided and France did not on the face of it introduce anything new into the sales to the EEC was coming up for case. But it provided the new renegotiation on August 1. Lange government with a chance to got the message. In the course of restart the process . . . The basic his recent calls on European counmore pressure had to be put on met urged him to settle. the "professionals" in his depart- New Zealand where its exports were concerned on a European the search was on for a potential The talks soon seemed to have rather than a purely French scale, mediator enjoying recognised in-

By Bernard Brigoulelx

I think that our release is going to be a bombshell!

Dessin de PLANTU.

On the first point, Paris stepped up contacts with its EEC partners agreement covering NZ butter

As for the "honourable way out" Elliott Trudeau's name was sug-

gested. Perez de Cuellar's name finally met approval. As late as in tions". But 10 days later, on June 19. a communique was published simultaneously by Wellington and

In fact, all the Secretary-General had to do was draw up a with Christopher Beeby, deputy ing day. secretary of the New Zealand

Foreign Ministry. At this stage each side had very good reasons for concluding the affair quickly. Following the release of two of the early June, Lange was saying he French hostages held in Lebanon. ruled out any negotiations on the the French government was enger fate of the "l'urenges" so long as to stick another diplomatic feather Paris maintained "economic sanc- in its cap. The New Zealand government could not remain unmoved by its exporters' worries If it had to give in, it might as well Paris giving assurances that the do so with the elections still a long two countries would accept the way off. Finally, Perez de Cuellar settlement worked out by Perez de himself, whether or not he is planning to run for a second term as UN Secretary-General at the end of the year, wanted to seize the synthesis of the two menioranda opportunity to refurbish the he had been given by Paris and organisation's image and set Wellington. Gilbert Guillaume had precedent. That mission was acmoreover done a good deal of the complished on Sunday, July 6, and spadework in two secret meetings the success made public the follow-

The real victims of the Greenpeace affair

By Bertrand Le Gendre

went to recover his camera in the wife and their two children. bomb-shattered wrech of the Rain-Alexandre Buccianti's article (Le fostered by the Quran's attitude mentalists operate, there are no ness shown by shadowy opponents roumentalists are said to be asking Monde section, May 25) on the towards women. Quran is the only powerful and prestigious scientific towards those who believe in the for "several million dollars", acgrowing violence of Islamic funda- religious book which explicitly bodies and institutions who can explanation that the sabotage was cording to a French negotiator.

accounting terms — the political curious conclusion. damage is incalculable - the cost

THE REAL VICTIM of this case is steep: F50 million compared was Fernando Pereira, the Portu- with the F2.3 paid by the French guese photographer who was government to Fernando Pereira's tropped and drowned when he family, his parents, his divorced

The bill will look even more bow Warrior. If the "Turenges" also incredible when we know - problater uppeared to be victims, they ably in the autumn - the findings owe it to the stupidity of the orders of the mediators jointly named b they were given, bad luck, their the French government and the own clumsiness and the spiteful- Greenpeace movement. The envi-Major Mafart and Captain whether they are entitled to it is that

scientific thought in their own one-time boss of the Aspretto com- universal suffrage on March 16 a change in the intellectual cli- the first woman officer of the Hernu'ls now free of the "Turenges" headache. The code of silence From their prisons in which binds him to Francols Mit-Christchurch and Paremoreno re- terrand and the political class will spectively they kept in close touch - doubtless never be broken. For thanks to newspapers and phone reasons of state of course. Which calls from people close to them - turns the former Defence Minister with the wheeling and dealing into a victim, like Fernando going on around them. In purely Pereira, like the "Turenges". A

Syed M. Saleem,

Fundamental dangers of Islam

mentalists in Egypt illustrates the grants to man the right to beat his defend the position of science in "sabotaged". tries face as they try to emerge from the backwaters of antiquated

LETTERS

surprisingly one does not find any violence is an indispensable remasking the faithful to force the women out of university classrooms and allow them admission only to segregated lectures.

· It seems the fundamentalist image that had there been coeduca- the Islamic fundamentalists may tional institutions of learning in existence in prophet's time, he the American "Creationists". Howwould surely have prayed to Allah ever, the similarity between the to impose segregation on women. Such thinking may have been countries where Islamic funda-

make them obedient.

find in conflict with their beliefs, not be acting too differently from two ends there. In most of the

danger which many Muslim coun- wife (wives) if she (they) disobey society vis-a-vis religion. It would be naive to assume that the Pricur deserved better than this we should know whether the real The noted fundamentalist benefits of western science are not sorry saga played out against a culprits in this incredible run of author Abul Asla Mawdudi, men- obvious to fundamentalist Mus- background of chauvinistic tears miscalculations and obfuscations tioned in Buccianti's article, has lims. They envy the power of the and millions of dollars in damage will be named one day. mentalists act strictly according to defended the principle of wife- West achieved by means of science, compensation. He is a brilliant the words of the Quran then beating by simply asserting that but they detest the growth of career officer, a former paratrooper, d'Honneur and rehabilitated by edy for some types of women to countries, since it may bring about hat diving school in Corsica. She is former Defence Minister Charles In their attempts to ban the mate by promoting rational think- DGSE's action service . . . teaching of evolution and ing and philosophical speculation cosmological theories which they independent of religion. This will lead inevitably to the decline of

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André François is an artist with many strings to his bow - oil painting, drawing, collage, sculpture, set designing, book illustration, cartoons and advertising (especially posters). But behind the diversification there is a homogeneous and immediately recognisable style. This emerges very strongly from the retrospective now on at the Palais de Tokyo in Paris and from the book devoted to his work just published by Herscher (an English translation is due out in the autumn).

François first made a name for himself outside France. He contributed cartoons to Punch and Lilliput in a similar vein to the work of his friend. Ronald Searle, and designed many covers for the New Yorker.

The nonconformist verve and concise humour that was the hallmark of his magazine work also informed his posters, which he began designing mainly for advertising agencies, then in the 1960s incressingly for cultural or humanitarian causes.

in the late 1950s, when commissioned by another longstanding friend, Robert Delpire, to design posters for the launch of Citroën's new DS model with hydraulic suspension, François did not depict a car at all, but instead conjured up an eloquent hestiary of hybrid creatures - half-angel/half-fish, half-duck/half-fish, and so on - around the theme of water. This was at a time when everyone saw cars purely in terms of roaring, naturalistically-depicted machines.

His celebrated poster for the weekly Nouvel Observateur in 1972 broke away from traditional hard-sell advertising techniques: it showed a flock of sheep with polo-necks made of newspaper.

Soon François's commercial art became as well known in France as it had been abroad. But in the 1960s he concentrated more on his private work, which is well-represented in the Palais de Tokyo exhibition and in Herscher's book. Here, sometimes

tender, sometimes wistful images are thrown together in startling and often absurd juxtposition -André François's wit is never far away.

But in his most recent work he has drawn his inspiration more from daily life, with portraits of friends and family as well as self-portraits, and images of his studio, his garden, and of children playing in the long grass.

When I went to see André François at his country garden waiting for a truck to pick up some of his work for the Palais de Tokyo exhibition. He was shifting heavy canvases and objects with apparent ease, for although 70, he still cuts an athletic figure.

Pausing between bouts of exertion, he reminisced "We were in Haute-Savoie from 1942 to 1944. We did a lot of walking. One day, a farmer's wife asked me: 'What do you do in life when there's no war?' 'I'm a painter and a draughtsman.' 'Oh, what a pity,' she said, 'a fine strapping fellow like you!"".

Grasping the basics

QUESTION: You began your career in Montparnasse in the mid-1930s? Why had you left your native Hungary?

François: I left, I suppose, because I had too many uncles and aunts. There were 15 in all. I was fascinated by Paris, and greatly admired the work of Cassandre (it was the nom de plume of Kharkovborn French artist Jean-Mario Mouron, 1901-1968, who designed advertising posters and theatre

When I was 17, I spent a year a the Budapest College of Art. I had a terrible teacher. One day, I put a bottle of milk in my drawing next to the model who was posing for us - and who was very skinny. The teacher was furious: "We don't want any of your Socialist propagandal" He was really furning.

and political satire? was sentimentalism more

No. I worked with Cassandre, who opened his own school learned to put a lot of effort in. Quite often we'd take a poster out into the street after a whole night's signed my contract - to make a work to check that the colours series of animated films for the were okay in daylight. Sometimes Cassandre would make us start from scratch again.

Posters were important then. People looked forward to them, the ones that had just been put up. It was the cultural event of the week, a bit like the week's new films nowadays,

matter. It would even be quite flattering. But what's a pity is that advertising is regarded as a scionce. It's an attitude that has clipped its wings. Everything is aubordinated to market research. smart little films. One sees cars tary service. bucking like broncos or flying

through the air. it reminds me of the poster designed by my friend Raymond Savignae for Dunlop tyres, It showed an ordinary-looking little man floating in mid-air surrounded by four wheels. A much more

striking image, don't you think? Yet graphic artists are still very much in the game. Savignae, at 79, recently designed a Citroen poster. Villemat - who I think tends to reveat himself a bit these days did one for the soft drink Orangina. And you designed a poster for the Nouvel Observateur, and one for

sets), whose posters I had seen.

Was that your first piece of social

than anything. The politics were pure chance. It's like the last big alap my father gave me. To get out of going to church. I told him I was Africa last year. an atheist. In fact, I just wanted to go to a football match that morn-ferent nowadays: the advertising

they'd cross the street to look at

It's common to hear people say nowadays that advertising is an

graphic designer If it were art, it wouldn't really I began doing drawings to carn a living. Then I got to like them. tried to make them as good as possible, and they were too successful! I first started drawing cartoons, funnily enough, during what the French call the "drôle de In fact advertising has less and guerre" or "phoney war". I was less to do with art. It's just an waiting to do my military service. artifice. As a result it has ended up But then came the armistice, so I become ineffective. Television com- was never called up. The war mercials are very cleverly made, prevented me from doing my mili-

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And in England people liked my work because of its French "wit" It's true that French humour is often more verbal than visual. The French are a "witty" race. I always try to see the tragic side of life. There can be no real humour

without a touch of the tragic. Tragic maybe, but not, in your work at least, malicious. You are ferocious yet tender. Are you never

Life's quite nasty enough as it is, don't you think? It would be illbred to be malicious — do you



Self portrait in the studio, detail

remark about anti-Semitism? He They're exceptions. It's very difdescribed it as a lack of breeding. So what happened after the war? agency thinks up the idea and asks My first real poster dates from Did you go to the Paris Beaux you to give it a really professional 1944. It was to advertise a gala for touch. There's nothing I hate more

prisoners of war and deportees. But than that, turning everything into earned my living mainly from a virtuoso exercise newspapers. At the end of the war, The two most horrible months of there was a shortage of everything my life I spent in Hollywood. except newspapers. Several new titles would appear each week. They all had their day for receiv-Jack-in-the-Box fast-food chain ing copy. I took drawings along, and turned up at my hotel, ready to perform, so to speak. I spent interview by three weeks of my two-month stay

Michéle Champanois simply demolishing the storyboard that had been imposed on me. and sometimes they published

What I would like to see is a Advertising was biding its time. Your artistic career has oscillat-So were books. The first book ed between your own work as an illustrated was an edition of artist - your paintings, collages

Diderot's "Jacques le Fataliste", at Aragon's request Then there was Jacques ad agencies.

My work has often been compared with Raymond Queneau's. I verbal 'mathematics' less so. I feel have more in common with saw each other every week. We painting, though I continued to

remember Emperor Franz Josefu were working on a book. We just talked. But the text was never ready. Prevert told me to draw and I drew. Then he wrote.

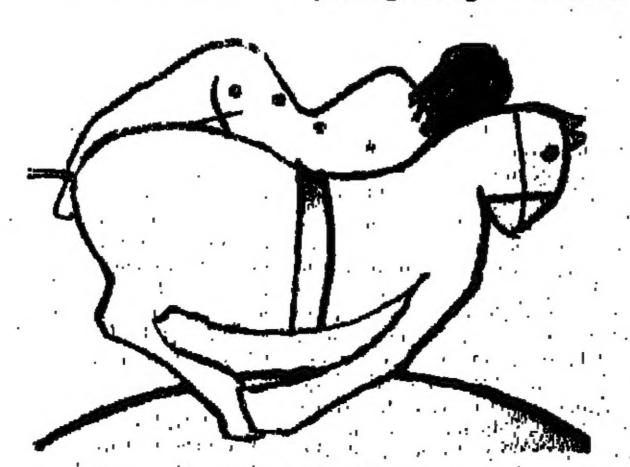
> It became a kind of political pamphlet. "Lettres des Iles Baladar", happy islands where gold is found, and which then turn into presqu'tles (peninsulas). That was in 1952, the German occupation was not long over, there was the Marshall Plan and all that. Your first advertising work as

such was for Galeries Lafayette. I remember it well: it was for the sales, one week for household linen, the other for lace. At that time, just before the war, there were sales just of lace!

Much later, you did work for big causes, cultural campaigns and so

Yes, there was a time when I got But it was also your own deci-

Yes, I can even date it precisely. like his poetry very much, but his In 1962 I was preparing an exhibition for New York and I realised would have to give priority to one Prevert. For several months, we particular activity. I plumped for



agree to do the occasional poster because it was something I enjoyed

Your success as an illustrator and poster-designer at the expense - in France at least - of your work as a painter and sculptor, seems to have given you a complex. Is the idea behind this exhibition to get rid of that complex?

Yea, it annoys me. If a painter has a sense of humour, people say: he's a humorist who paints. But socalled pure art is sometimes much more commercial than so-called commercial art. The applied arts have very strict rules which have to be adhered to.

The two forms require completely different working methods: when you design a poster or draw an illustration, you are given a very complex brief which you try to reduce to essentials.

Painting is the opposite. It is a feeling or a simple shape one enriches or develops. At a certain point, the painting is finished. It's then that you try to understand what it means.

There are recurring themes in your collages - butterflies, clockfaces, bits of chairs, cut-out metal sheets. You're always looking for similarities, coincidences.

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Do you like the surrealists? Did you move in their circles? No. not really. I'm less interested in surrealism than in showing inner reality.

The André François retrospective is on at the Palais de Tokyo, 13 avenue du President-Wilson, 75016 Paris, until September 8. André François (graphic art, paintings, 'drawings and theatre sets), more support from UNESCO than published by Herscher, 232 pp.

Popular Front Continued from page 12

"Front Populaire 1936", by Louis Bodin and Jean Touchard, published by Armand Colin, 238pp, 120 "1936, Arts et Littérature",

special issue of the magazine Europe, 210pp, 65 francs. "Les Ecrivains et le Front Populaire", by Geraldi Leroy and Anne Roche, published by Presses de la Fondation des Sciences Politiques, 324pp, 160

Directeur: Andre Fontaine World copyright by E Le Monde, Paris All rights strictly reserved

francs.

The 'Disappeared' Of South Africa JOHANNESBURG — The man's In one sense, the man whose orders restraining police from aswife is at security-police headquar- saulting three teen-aged detainees. hands were gripped tightly together and his head lowered as he

meetings with her in jail. For a while, he said, she had been held with other political detainees at the central prison, where she had access to books, daily exercise and the company of others being held under South Africa's stringent state of emergency. Then, last week, she had been transferred to a security molice headquarters for interrogution and held in solitary confinement. The lights burned 24 hours a day in her cell, meals were bleak and irregular, the toilet filthy, he said, while exercise was not allowed and the only reading matter was the Bible.

described his wife's arrest three

weeks ago and his two brief

"This is going to break her ing her frightened look during his last visit. "She feels very scared. Her situation, as described by her husband, who asked that their names not be used, was just one nameless case among thousands involving detainees since the government imposed a state of emergency one month ago and began rounding up opponents. Since then, human-rights advocates estimate, between 3,800 and 8.000 people have been detained

without charge or access to lawyers. They can be held indefinitely until the end of the emergency. which officials hint could go on for

make arrests.

rights lawyers, using the limited

powers of South Africa's judiciary.

behalf by relatives. In two cases,

judges ruled that even using their

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must have reasonable grounds to

where his wife is. Despite official

assurances to the contrary, rights

detentions.

under those restrictions.

ters is lucky. He at least knows in each case, relatives visiting the prisoners said they complained of being beaten by police. The advocates say that in a large government has yet to file remajority of cases, family members sponses to these allegations. "We have received allegations of

The Washington Post

have not been informed of the The government contends the detentions are necessary to bring to an end two years of bloodshed that has claimed more than 2.000 lives and plunged this white-ruled security," Pretoria has refused to those detained and has threatened journalists with prosecution or deportation if they publish detainees' names, any "unauthorized" from her prison job, and the others being held who have not

trickle from the prisons. Civil

As of last week, the list had off. Prison regulations published

police stations," said Peter Harris. a lawyer with Cheadle, Haysom and Thompson, a law firm here detainees. Last year it brought a Party said his omin has a list of ... Elizabeth in which prison doctor peared." A detainees' committee Wendy Orr said she had treated large numbers of detainees for identified, said previous experinjuries consistent with torture ience suggested that for every one

sive." This article was written decree, under which it was as high as 8,000. brought, had expired in March. Nonetheless, as the emergency Restrictions on visits and informaenters its second month, some tion are so tight this time, said picked up. But in only 77 of the information is beginning to Hurris, that obtaining legally ad- committee's most recent list of 498 missible evidence of police abuse is new detention cases had relatives

shouted from the prison windows said Harris, whose firm has sent or things said to relatives on off 250 telexed requests for inforvisits," he said. "Just about all we mation on people it believes decan do is request assurances from tained, yet has received only about Pretoria that a district surgeon 100 confirmations from police. iprison doctor; will be immediately "For the rest, we don't know where dispatched to visit the cell and they are. examine the detainee."

Courts in Natal have granted munity activists, 261 teachers and stipulate that visits can take place paganda value."

clergy and church workers and 12 journalists. A labor monitoring group connected with the University of Witwatersrand has reported detention and that 2,324 rank-andfile members have been held at various times since the emergency

By Glenn Frankel

Neil Ross, director of a missing opposition Progressive Federal of the 2.111 names the committee Dr. Orr was quickly removed has compiled there may be two information about police activities lawsuit was dismissed a few weeks been reported. Western diplomats

Police say they are trying to been informed, "These families go "We're mostly getting messages out of their heads with worry."

Those inside are all but scaled

only with the concurrence of both police and prison officials. In practice, that has meant a single visit once every two weeks for one relative in the cases where families have found out where their relatives are being held.

Relatives are allowed to provide money and clothes and in some cases to take dirty clothes home to be washed. That gives them chance to check for bloodstains,

said a committee member. _The regulations list 20 Univeni "disciplinary contraventions," including singing, whistling or making an "unnecessary noise." lodging "false, frivolous or malicious complaints" and causing "discontent, agitation or insubordination" among fellow detainees. Such violations can result in a cutback in food rations for up to 30 or anything else deemed "subver- ago because last year's emergency say they have received estimates days, solitary confinement for the same period or even corporal punishment "not exceeding six

> Despite the enforced silence. detainees at Modderbee, a large fortress-like prison east of Johannesburg, managed to smuggle out a letter to journalists last week. I said 32 of them are on a hunger strike to protest the emergency and conditions at the institution which it called "uppalling and extremely disgusting." The letter demanded regular visits, exercise periods, medical attention and better food. A prison official said such strikes "are a calculated effort to 2.111 names, including 488 com- the same day as the emergency obtain maximum publicity for pro-

How Pretoria Coerces Its Neighbours

an attempt to end that country's apartheid system and halt the spiral of violence, South Africa itself is imposing sanctions against its independent, black-ruled neighbors, costing them well in excess of \$10 billion and possibly double

that figure. sanctions is "economic or military action to coerce a state to conform." There is ample evidence that South Africa is using both economic and military means to coerce its neighbors, restricting their access to trade routes and vastly increasing their transports-

To achieve this, Pretoria relies largely on surrogate forces. Captured documents, prisoners and ballistics tests have identified South Africa as the source of training, weapons, and strategy for together with Zambia, Lesotho and Botswana, have also been subjected to direct attacks by the South African defense force.

The purpose of South Africa's undeclared war against its neighbors is to foster a dependence that will be politically submissive for them and economically lucrative for South Africa and that will act as a bulwark against the imposition of international sanctions against apartheid. Central to this strategy is the destruction of regional transportation routes particularly railways - which provide an alternative to those

running through South Africa. Of the regional rail links running east, west and south, the only one not sabotaged since 1980 is

Zimbabwe to the South African ports of Durban, Port Elizabeth. East London and Cape Town.

The region's other main outlets to the sea are west through Angola and east through Mozambique. The western link to the Atlantic coast is the Benguela Railway. which used to transport copper from Zambia (accounting for 90 percent of its exportal and from Zaire's Shaba Province. This route decade due to sabotage in Angola. The eastern rail links through Mozambique have also been systematically sabotaged or destroyed, preventing the landlocked countries in central Africa from

Zimbabwe, Zambia and Malawi and offered the option for Botsthat country's trade transitted Modependence on the South African

railway network. Today the only lines functioning on Mozambique's four main railway systems are those that South Africa has an interest in keeping open or those that are defended at massive military, cost. The Beira route - containing Zimbabwe's oil pipeline, as well as its shortest road and railway to the sea - is kept open through Mozambique by the Zimbabwe army.

The portion of Zimbabwe's trade through Mozambique, which was 53.9 percent in 1983, is now about 5 percent. The cheapest route for Zimbabwe's bulk exports is the

southern routes, South African When Botha took over the leaderauthorities can divert or delay this ship in 1978, this became official traffic at will. Their insistence government policy. that Zimbabwe use ports other than Durban added \$500 per ton to to the South African government, the freight cost of tobacco exports. Professor Deon Geldenhuys, wrote There are hundreds of other exam- a consultancy paper in 1981 that ples of selective sanctions dating remains a guide for Pretoria's Angola's case is sometimes seen

as different, for it has been fighting a war since South African South Africa has a direct national using trade routes to Indian Ocean interest at stake in Angola in that the capture and control of the Routes through Mozambique are Cabinda oilfields would give Pretional oil embargo.

wana to divert its trade. Three porter of cement, with its Maputo ports cement but spends 90,000 rands per month importing clinker from South Africa, and the local price of a ton of cement has risen by 50 percent.

> strategy" policy, involving the mo-bilization of all forces — political, President Pinochet has all economic, diplomatic and military - in defense of apartheid, emerged when P. W. Botha was minister of defense. It was first laid out in 1977 in a defense white

By David Martin and Phyllis Johnson

that running south through railway to Maputo, but that route paper that advocated economic and imposing import and export curbs its trade now passes through South communications" with the purpose of promoting "political and eco-Having ensured dependence on nomic collaboration" in the region.

cated limiting or prohibiting the creating delays at border posts. War.")

has been closed since it was other action in relation to trans- and curtailing or terminating the sabotaged in August 20, 1983, and port services, distribution and tele- provision of technical expertise. But Geldenhuvs stressed that South Africa cannot be seen to be

openly applying economic coercion against its neighbors, for that would leave it vulnerable to calls for sanctions against apartheid A leading foreign-policy adviser itself. Explanations, justifications and the use of surrogates would be necessary, he said, to disguise the reality and to protect South Africa from the sanctions lobby.

David Martin and Phyllis John son are directors of the Southern use of South African railways and African Research and Documentaharbors for the trade of black-ruled tion Centre and editors of a recently troops invaded in August 1975. neighbors, limiting or banning published book, "Destructive Enlabor recruited from those states, gagements: Southern Africa At

the shortest and cheapest means of toria fuel security in the event of transportation for goods from effective imposition of an interna-

THE chance death of a 19-year-old with Washington connections has given Americans a rare glimpse of the condition of state terrorism prevailing in Chile. Rodrigo Rojas graduated from Woodrow Wilson High years after Zimbabwe's indepen- factory drawing materials from a School in the District of Columbia and recently returned to visit his quarry south of the capital at native country, which his mother had fled as a political refugee. He was Salamanga. However, the railway in a group of students entering one of the slums that army units zambique, reducing Zimbabwe's line linking the quarry and the regularly invade and terrorize. Soldiers grabbed him and a companion, factory has been continuously sab- beat them, doused them with an inflammable fluid, set them afire and otaged since October 1984. As a dumped them by a road. When they were finally brought to a hospital, they were denied suitable treatment. Rojus died last week.

Gen. Augusto Pinochet in 1973 overthrew an elected government that had seen the country slide into civil war. He set up shop as a dictator and, in 1980, wrote a constitution that could yet keep him in power for the extraordinary span of 25 years. At first many Chileans at least tolerated his rule as a relief from chaos. Their toleration has since Pretoria perceives, itself, mili- thinned, but their efforts to find a path back to Chile's traditional stable tarily and economically, as the democratic ways have foundered. Democrats from across the spectrum region's . "superpower." Its "total agreed on a broad blueprint called the National Accord a year ago, but

President Pinochet has played on the opposition's divisions and on a general apprehension about violence on the left - violence that he partly provokes by closing off normal political outlets. Nor has he shrunk from

using the security forces for political viciousness.
Successive American administrations have sought a way to help Continued on page 18

André François is an artist with many strings to his bow — oil painting, drawing, collage, sculpture, set designing, book illustration, cartoons and advertising (especially posters). But behind the diversification there is a homogeneous and immediately recognisable style. This emerges very strongly from the retrospective now on at the Palais de Tokyo in Paris and from the book devoted to his work just published by Herscher (an English translation is due out in the autumn).

François first made a name for himself outside France. He contributed cartoons to Punch and Lilliput in a similar voin to the work of his friend. Ronald Searle, and designed many covers for the New Yorker.

The nonconformist verve and concise humour that was the hallmark of his magazine work also informed his posters, which he began designing mainly for advertising agencies, then in the 1960s increasingly for cultural or humanitarian causes.

In the late 1950s, when commissioned by another longstanding friend, Robert Delpire, to design posters for the launch of Citroën's new DS model with hydraulic suspension, François did not depict a car at all, but instead conjured up an eloquent bestlary of hybrid creatures - half-angel/half-fish, half-duck/half-fish, and so on - around the theme of water. This was at a time when everyone saw cars purely in terms of roaring, naturalistically-depicted

His celebrated poster for the weekly Nouve Observateur in 1972 broke away from traditional hard-sell advertising techniques: it showed a flock of sheep with polo-necks made of newspaper.

Soon François's commercial art became as well known in France as it had been abroad. But in the 1960s he concentrated more on his private work, which is well-represented in the Palais de Tokyo exhibition and in Herscher's book. Here, sometimes

tender, sometimes wistful images are thrown together in startling and often absurd juxtposition -André François's wit is never far away.

But in his most recent work he has drawn his inspiration more from daily life, with portraits of friends and family as well as self-portraits, and images of his studio, his garden, and of children playing in the long grass. When I went to see André François at his country

home, he was in his studio at the bottom of his garden waiting for a truck to pick up some of his work for the Palais de Tokyo exhibition. He was shifting heavy canvases and objects with apparent ease, for although 70, he still cuts an athletic figure. Pausing between bouts of exertion, he reminisced: "We were in Haute-Savole from 1942 to 1944. We did a lot of walking. One day, a farmer's wife asked me 'What do you do in life when there's no war?' 'I'm a painter and a draughtsman.' 'Oh, what a pity,' she

said, 'a fine strapping fellow like you!" ".

Grasping the basics

native Hungary? François: I left, I auppose, bewas the nom de plume of Kharkov-

sets), whose posters I had seen. When I was 17, I spent a year at

and political sature? was sentimentalism more

No. I worked with Cassandre, who opened his own school. learned to put a lot of effort in. Quite often we'd take a poster out into the street after a whole night's work to check that the colours were okay in daylight. Sometimes Cassandre would make us start from scratch again.

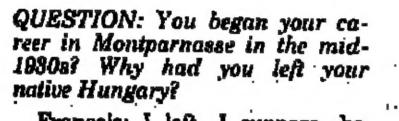
Posters were important then. People looked forward to them, they'd cross the street to look at the ones that had just been put up. It was the cultural event of the week, a bit like the week's new

If it were art, it wouldn't really matter. It would even be quite flattering. But what's a pity is that advertising is regarded as a science. It's an attitude that has clipped its wings. Everything is subordinated to market research

less to do with art. It's just an mercials are very eleverly made. smart little films. One sees curs tary service. bucking like broncos or flying through the air.

It reminds me of the poster designed by my friend Raymond Savignae for Dunlop tyres. It showed an ordinary-looking little man floating in mid-air surrounded by four wheels. A much more striking image, don't you think?

Yet graphic artists are still very much in the game. Savignac, at 79, recently designed a Citroen poster. Villemot - who I think tends to repeat himself a bit these days did one for the soft drink Orangina. And you designed a poster for the Nouvel Observateur, and one for



cause I had too many uncles and aunts. There were 15 in all. I was fascinated by Paris, and greatly admired the work of Cassandre (it born French artist Jean-Marie Mouron, 1901-1968, who designed advertising posters and theatre

the Budapest College of Art. I had a terrible teacher. One day, I put a bottle of milk in my drawing next to the model who was posing for us - and who was very skinny. The teacher was furious: "We don't want any of your Socialist propaganda!" He was really fuming Was that your first piece of social

than anything. The politics were pure chance. It's like the last big slap my father gave me. To get out of going to church, I told him I was an atheist. In fact, I just wanted to go to a football match that morn-

Did you go to the Paris Beaux

you to give it a really professional touch. There's nothing I hate more than that, turning everything into a virtuoso exercise. The two most horrible months of my life I spent in Hollywood. I signed my contract - to make a series of animated films for the Jack-in-the-Box fast-food chain and turned up at my hotel, ready

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Interview by Michéle Champenois

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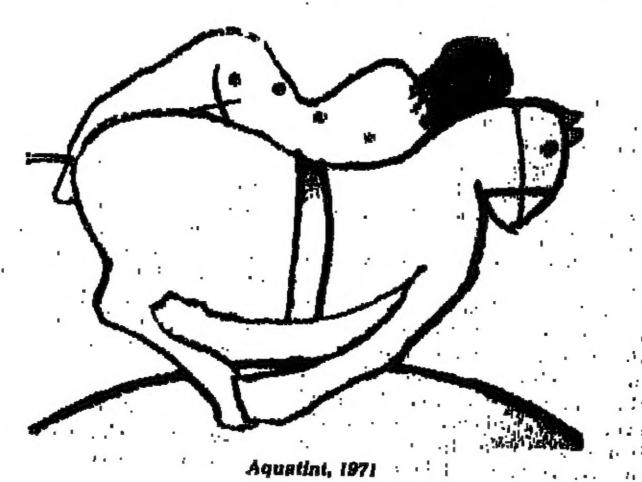
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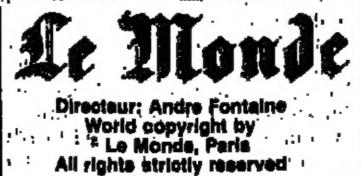
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The Washington Post

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By Glenn Frankel

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have not been informed of the torture and assault in a number of The government contends the police stations," said Peter Harris, detentions are necessary to bring a lawyer with Cheadle, Haysom to an end two years of bloodshed and Thompson, a law firm here that represents more than 400 detainces. Last year it brought a P

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Elizabeth in which prison doctor r

Wendy Orr said she had treated security," Pretoria has refused to large numbers of detainees for those detained and has threatened injuries consistent with torture lence suggested that for every one journalists with prosecution or and other abuse. deportation if they publish detainees' names, any "unauthorized" from her prison job, and the others being held who have not

information about police activities lawsuit was dismissed a few weeks been reported. Western diplomats sive." This article was written decree, under which it was as high as 8,000. brought, had expired in March. Restrictions on visits and informaenters its second month, some tion are so tight this time, said picked up. But in only 77 of the information is beginning to Harris, that obtaining legally ad- committee's most recent list of 498 trickle from the prisons. Civil mussible evidence of police abuse is new detention cases had relatives rights lawyers, using the limited "We're mostly getting messages out of their heads with worry," have begun to hammer some small

chinks in the monolithic state or things said to relatives on off 250 telexed requests for inforvisits," he said. "Just about all we mation on people it believes decan do is request assurances from tained, yet has received only about Pretoria that a district surgeon 100 confirmations from police. (prison doctor) will be immediately "For the rest, we don't know where dispatched to visit the cell and they are." examine the detained

As of last week, the list had off. Prison regulations published 2.111 names, including 488 com- the same day as the emergency munity activists, 261 teachers and stipulate that visits can take place paganda value."

journalists. A labor monitoring group connected with the University of Witwatersrand has reported that 245 union officials remain in detention and that 2,324 rank-andfile members have been held at various times since the emergency

Neil Ross, director of a missing of the 2.111 names the committee Dr. Orr was quickly removed has compiled there may be two

Police say they are trying to contact the next of kin of those been informed. "These families go shouted from the prison windows said Harris, whose firm has sent

Those inside are all but scaled

only with the concurrence of both police and prison officials. In practice, that has meant a single visit once every two weeks for one relative in the cases where familles have found out where their

relatives are being held. Relatives are allowed to provide money and clothes and in some cases to take dirty clothes home to be washed. That gives them a chance to check for bloodstains. said a committee member.

The regulations list 20 unreren "disciplinary contraventions," including singing, whistling or making an "unnecessary noise. lodging "false, frivolous or malicious complaints" and causing "discontent, agitation or insubordi nation" among fellow detainees. Such violations can result in a cutback in food rations for up to 30 or anything else deemed "subver- ago because last year's emergency say they have received estimates days, solitary confinement for the same period or even corporal pun-

> Despite the enforced silence. detainees at Modderbee, a large fortress-like prison east of Johannesburg, managed to smuggle out a letter to journalists last week. It said 32 of them are on a hunger strike to protest the emergency and conditions at the institution. which it called "appalling and extremely disgusting." The letter demanded regular visits, exercise periods, medical attention and bet ter food. A prison official said such strikes "are a calculated effort to obtain maximum publicity for pro-

How Pretoria Coerces Its Neighbours

WHILE the international community debates whether to impose sanctions against South Africa in an attempt to end that country's apartheid system and halt the spiral of violence, South Africa itself is imposing sanctions against its independent, black-ruled neighbors, costing them well in excess of \$10 billion and possibly double

that figure. The dictionary definition sanctions is "economic or military action to coerce a state to conform." There is ample evidence that South Africa is using both economic and military means to coerce its neighbors, restricting their access to trade routes and vastly increasing their transportstion costs.

To achieve this, Pretoria relies largely on surrogate forces. Captured documents, prisoners and ballistics tests have identified South Africa as the source training, weapons, and strategy for armed bands in Mozambique, Zimbabwe, and Angola, which, together with Zambia, Lesotho and Botawana, have also been subjected to direct attacks by the South African defense force.

The purpose of South Africa's undeclared war against its neighbors is to foster a dependence that will be politically submissive for them and economically lucrative for South Africa and that will act as a bulwark against the imposition of international sanctions against apartheid. Central to this strategy is the destruction of regional transportation routes particularly railways - which provide an alternative to those

running through South Africa. Of the regional rail links running east, west and south, the only one not sabotaged since 1980 is Zimbabwe's bulk exports is the

that running south through Zimbabwe to the South African ports of Durban, Port Elizabeth, East London and Cape Town.

The region's other main outlets to the sea are west through Angola and east through Mozambique. The western link to the Atlantic coast is the Benguela Railway, which used to transport copper from Zambia (accounting for 90 percent of its exports) and from Zaire's Shaba Province. This route has not functioned for more than a decade due to sabotage in Angola. The eastern rail links through Mozambique have also been systematically sabotaged or destroyed, preventing the landlocked countries in central Africa from using trade routes to Indian Ocean

Zimbabwe, Zambia and Malawi and offered the option for Botswana to divert its trade. Three years after Zimbabwe's independence in 1980, more than half of that country's trade transitted Mozambique, reducing Zimbabwe's dependence on the South African

railway network. Today the only lines functioning on Mozambique's four main railway systems are those that South Africa has an interest in keeping open or those that are defended at massive military cost. The Beire route - containing Zimbabwe's oil pipeline, as well as its shortest road and railway to the sea - is kept open through Mozambique by the Zimbabwe army.

The portion of Zimbabwe's trade through Mozambique, which was 53.9 percent in 1983, is now about 5 percent. The cheapest route for

railway to Maputo, but that route has been closed since it was sabotaged in August 20, 1983, and its trade now passes through South African ports.

Having ensured dependence on traffic at will. Their insistence government policy. that Zimbabwe use ports other There are hundreds of other examback to 1981. Angola's case is sometimes seen

as different, for it has been fighting a war since South African troops invaded in August 1975. South Africa has a direct national interest at stake in Angola in that the capture and control of the the shortest and cheapest means of toria fuel security in the event of transportation for goods from effective imposition of an international oil embargo.

Mozambique used to be an exporter of cement, with its Maputo Salamanga. However, the railway line linking the quarry and the factory has been continuously sabotaged since October 1984. As a result, Mozambique no longer exports cement but spends 90,000 rands per month importing clinker from South Africa, and the local price of a ton of cement has risen by 50 percent. Pretoria perceives itself, mili-

tarily and economically, as the region's "superpower." Its "total strategy" policy, involving the mobilization of all forces - political, economic, diplomatic and military - in defense of apartheid, emerged when P. W. Botha was minister of defense. It was first laid out in 1977 in a defense white

By David Martin and Phyllis Johnson

other "action in relation to transcommunications" with the purpose of promoting "political and economic collaboration" in the region. southern routes, South African When Botha took over the leaderauthorities can divert or delay this ship in 1978, this became official

A leading foreign-policy adviser than Durban added \$500 per ton to to the South African government. ples of selective sanctions dating remains a guide for Pretoria's from the sanctions lobby. regional policy. Geldenhuys advouse of South African railways and creating delays at border posts.

paper that advocated economic and imposing import and export curbs port services, distribution and tele- provision of technical expertise.

But Geldenhuys stressed that South Africa cannot be seen to be openly applying economic coercion against its neighbors, for that would leave it vulnerable to calls for sanctions against apartheid and the use of surrogates would be the freight cost of tobacco exports. Professor Deon Geldenhuys, wrote necessary, he said, to disguise the a consultancy paper in 1981 that reality and to protect South Africa

David Martin and Phyllis Johncated limiting or prohibiting the son are directors of the Southern harbors for the trade of black-ruled tion Centre and editors of a recently neighbors, limiting or banning published book, "Destructive Enlabor recruited from those states, gagements: Southern Africa At

Routes through Mozambique are the shortest and cheapest means of toria fuel security in the event of Sanctions Against Pinochet?

THE chance death of a 19-year-old with Washington connections has given Americans a rare glimpse of the condition of state terrorism prevailing in Chile. Rodrigo Rojas graduated from Woodrow Wilson High factory drawing materials from a School in the District of Columbia and recently returned to visit his native country, which his mother had fled as a political refugee. He was in a group of students entering one of the slums that army units regularly invade and terrorize. Soldiers grabbed him and a companion, beat them, doused them with an inflammable fluid, set them afire and dumped them by a road. When they were finally brought to a hospital, they were denied suitable treatment. Rojas died last week.

Gen. Augusto Pinochet in 1973 overthrew an elected government that had seen the country slide into civil war. He set up shop as a dictator and, in 1980, wrote a constitution that could yet keep him in power for the extraordinary span of 25 years. At first many Chileans at least tolerated his rule as a relief from chaos. Their toleration has since thinned, but their efforts to find a path back to Chile's traditional stable democratic ways have foundered. Democrats from across the spectrum agreed on a broad blueprint called the National Accord a year ago, but have yet to follow through.

President Pinochet has played on the opposition's divisions and on a general apprehension about violence on the provokes by closing off ne using the security forc



The Washington Post

Cheaper Borrowing

THE CUT in the discount rate is a calcuated risk. For weeks the Federal Reserve Board has been weighing the advantages of lower interest rates egainst the threat of a sudden drop in the dollar's exchange rate. As time went on and the indications of poor economic performance accumulated, the Federal Reserve decided that exchange rate trouble was the lesser

The White House, which urgently wants faster economic growth, had been pressing the Federal Reserve increasingly publicly for action. The discount rate - the interest rate at which the Federal Reserve lends to commercial banks - directly influences all the other interest rates at which money is borrowed. Reducing it half a point makes a difference. Although it is not a tremendous difference, it constitutes a push toward business expansion. There's an election coming in November, and still no sign of the acceleration that was supposed to start this summer.

The reasons for speeding up the economy were well known to the Federal Reserve, But it knows more about the international economy than the White House does, and it works very close to the foreign exchange markets. It wanted the decline in the U.S. interest rates to be matched by simultaneous declines in Japan and Germany. In the last two Federal Reserve had organized similar and coordinated action with them. The Federal Reserve had been pressing them to accompany it once again, but so far both have refused.

Interest rates are higher here than in either Japan or Germany but now they will be not quite so much higher. It will be a little less rewarding for Japanese and German investors to send their money here. And if they send less money, the exchange rate of the dollar will drop farther and faster than it has already dropped. That would make serious trouble for the United States. But it would make even more serious trouble for the Japanese and Germans, who are already wringing their hands and wailing over the rapid appreciation of their currencies. Both have organized their economies around exports, and high exchange rates are very bad for exporters. Both have pleaded for greater stability in world exchange rates, and here they had an opportunity to make a contribution to it. Both refused, citing fears of inflation, although in both countries the current inflation rate is negative, meaning that prices are actually falling.

The exchange markets will tell whether the Federal Reserve has made the right choice. But amidst all the talk about the need for international economic coordination, this episode stands as evidence of the profound obstacles in getting the world's three great financial powers to work

Sanctions Against Pinochet? Continued from page 15

restore democracy. President Carter carried the human rights cause, but it is fairly said that his policy of sanctions and toughness did not budge Gen. Pinochet and may have left him the stronger for having shown he could weather American disfavor. President Reagan, after on unsuccessful experiment with friendly persuasion, chose Chile as a place to demonstrate that he cared about advancing human rights and democracy not only in left-leaning and communist countries but also in right-wing, ostensibly anti-communist countries.

Especially since Pinochet rejected the National Accord, the administration has hardened its line. The general, however, has also hardened his. One possible result in Washington is to strengthen congressional sentiment for, and to diminish the force of administration opposition to, new economic sanctions. Chile and South Africa could become kind of a matched pair of targets. In both cases, the test should be whether sanctions will likely take the United States beyond expressing outrage into actually moving the political process in the direction of

Getting The Right Message

THINKING IN TIME: The Uses of History For Decision-Makers. By Richard E. Neustadt and Ernest R. May. The Free Press. 329pp.

THIS IS A BOOK by two Harvard professors who believe that "the fun to be had from reading history has it all over that of reading almost anything else about real people." Their love of history leads them to a fascination with decision-making in the American political process. Clearly they would agree with the former U.S. senator John Culver that "politics is the only game in town for adults."

The obvious joy of the authors exploring history gives this book sprightly, tolerant and deeply human flavor. But their subject the relevance of Illowing to govern ment policy choices - is a deadly

In examining some crucial recent past that now seems mistaken, notably the Bay of Pigs invasion and the intervention in Vietnam, the authors avoid smug hindsight. They are modest and carefully avoid the temptation to claim too much for their proposition that a sense of history can be valuable in reducing the risk of poorly conceived decisions.

The two key words emphasized by Professors Neustadt and May in fashioning a historical method for decision-making are "prudence" and "caution". Take the time to ask hard questions before you decide, they repeatedly warn. "Enlightening questions are the point of every method we propose, questions that shed light almost regardless of the answers."

Their historical model for decision-making contains several First, an effort must be made to

appreciate the problem at hand by separating its various elements into what is Known, what is Unclear, and what is Presumed. "Focusing on matters of evidence

provides momentary protection against the natural tendency to react to trouble by saying 'Damn! What do we do?' instead of 'What's

Secondly, since many policymakers with a sense of history frequently resort to historical analogies, the authors warn ivery An Atrocity In Chile

properly, I think) against an undiscriminating use of analogies. To avoid this danger, they suggest second test: What are the Likenesses and the Differences between the current situation and

the historical analogy? In my view, the most abused and most costly historical analogy since World War II has been the frequent invocation of American policmakers of the "lessons Munich". By appeasing Hitler at Munich, the lesson goes, we set the stage for World War II under even more dangerous circumstances. The Soviet Union, via Korea, Cuba and Vietnam, Afghanistan, Nicaragua, or Angola has created another potential "Munich". Let us therefore apply the lessons of Munich and intervene to stop these manifestations of Hitlerism and thus avert World War III But the defense-minded, inward-

By George McGovern

looking Soviet Union - paranoid

after three nearly fatal invasions

from the West - is not analogous to Adolf Hitler, an expansionist Minh, Fidel Castro, or the and May ignore this historical

properly drawn, but they are dangerous in the hands of policymakers who lack the capacity to discern historical differences. Former secretary of state Deun Rusk, for example, thought that Ho Chi Minh was another Hitler - or at the least a puppet of another Hitler, Mao Tse-tung. The the North represented another Munich challenge; therefore those not so much of the Kennedy with the Rusk point of view administration's wise use of hisbolieved that we should stand tory as of Khrushchev's realism against the beginning aggression and common sense. of World War III just as we should have stood with Czechoslovakia

The third historical test recommended by Neustadt and May is "the Goldberg Rule". It is the question posed by Avram Goldberg, a New England retail executive who tells his store managers when they come with a problem, "Tell me the story." In other words, give me the historical background. Or as Neustadt and May put it,

If President Jimmy Carter had asked that question, write May and neustadt, he would have learned that the supposedly newly discovered "Soviet Brigade" in Cuba, revealed in 1979, had been there since at least 1962. With that knowledge, he would not have assumed that the presence Soviet troops in Cuba dramatically announced in 1979 ralled for a chilling denunciation and ultimatum to the Soviet Union which contributed to the death of SALT

Thinking in Time opens with a chapter entitled "Success Story" which deals with President John Kennedy's handling of the Cubar missile crisis of 1962. I doubtless represent a minority point of view. but I regard this crisis management as a "success" only because the wily Nikita Khrushchev was lose willing than the youthful American president to risk World War III. I believe that the Cubans want-

ed a small number of Soviet missiles, but not to attack the United States - ridiculous in that it would have assured the incineration of Cuba; rather they were seeking a deterrent against a more carefully planned second Bay of psychopath. Neither are Ho Chi Pigs invasion. Although Neustadt probability, the Kennedy adminis-Historical analogies are fine if tration after suffering a painful reversal at the Bay of Pigs seriously considered both the assassination of Fidel Castro and a second more astutely planned invasion of Cuba. A small number of missiles capable of damaging Miami and a few other American targets was the probable deterrent needed to Vietcong in the South and Ho in Khrushchev was willing to surrender this Cuban option is a measure

> I commend this book to lovers of history and to American policy makers who will heed the advice of its authors to use it with "caution" and "prudence".

George McGovern, the 1972 presidential nominee of the Democratic Party and former United States senator from South Dakota, was professor of history and political science at Dakota Wesleyan Univer-

By Michael Specter

WASHINGTON — With a bundle The U.S. State Department has they told her that her son and his doctor called me asking for pills," the government just for the suke of of day lilies on one arm and her called for a full investigation of the companion, a young Chilean wom- she said. "When I arrived there it," he said, referring to last week's only surviving son at her side. incident. Citing "failures of many an who remains in critical condi- without them a nurse said to me, two-day national strike calling for Veronica de Negri told dozens of weeping friends on Saturday that bring justice to those responsible her oldest child was "murdered" in for violent crimes," the department Chile because he "dared to search dispatched Robert S. Gelbard, a deputy assistant secretary for in-"I am so proud of Rodrigo," she ter-American affairs, to Santiago.

said in an emotional, faltering Sen. Josse Helms, R-N.C., on a speech after arriving at National visit to Santiago, sharply criticized Airport from Santiago. "I was the State Department for pressurtorfured and when I saw my boy I ing Chile on investigating Rojas's remembered that pain. I knew how death, saying that the United much my son suffered. Pinochet says he had a bomb, but I know the Chile is one of two countries in the July 2 to a shantytown to help hospital that was better equipped ends in 1997. only bomb my son had was a entire Latin American area that rebuild houses that were destroyed to handle victims of serious burns. The violent death last week of was Paraguay. In response, a State strike. Rojas graduated from brutality of this murder," said the military, including non-army Rodrigo Rojas, 19, has drawn nationwide attention and put new stand by our statements calling for this year and planned to spend man, an innocent who was mur- whose support for Pinochet ap-

Santingo of severe burns on July 6 aid to Pinochot's government, sayafter returning to Chile to learn ing the money will be used "to kill, lies," she said. "My son was buried that the name of that mistake was calling last week's strike, gave he and a companion were brutally racy.

beaten by a Chilean army squad As she spoke, new details son at Santiago's Posta Central Pinochet has made his clearest Gonzales, president of the College that drenched them in gasoline emerged of the incident in which

ghosts from another world," she them responsible for his death. said, repeating accounts she had received while in Santiago. "Peo- activist who is close to Rojas's the constitution, under which a

resists communism." The other by the military during a general "It is hard to imagine the flattest challenge yet to those in ington resident since his mother De Negri called for the Reagan the suffering he saw. "The govern- and more brutal, and perhaps he Saturday that he was enraged by ships. Pinochet has become more gitimate elections in 1989. ment is trying to say my son was a has finally made a fatal mistake. I tion leaders accused by the govern-

medicine doctors used to treat her Santiago:

tion, were conscious when they I'm sorry, but you are supposed to a rapid return to democracy. "This were dumped in a ditch on the supply the medicine'." She said that she had "deep admiration" for other term was necessary to con-They crawled out of the ditch to the doctors and nurses who treated seek help and they were like her son and that she did not hold Ariel Dorfman, a human rights

Rodrigo Rojas."

military officials deny all allegates she had spoken to many witnesses dispers for him and change them his current term, which expires in ties, engineers and teachers, as well - as have U.S. officials - and herself. "The day my son died the 1989. "We're not going to give up 'as students."

solidate his government's being wasted by the politicians.

ple wanted to help them, but they family, on Saturday repeated a single candidate, named by the charge that police in Chile pre- military commanders in chief, is to Rojas had gone with a group of vented Rojas from being trans- be put to a national plebiscite in States "ought to understand that about 50 university students on ferred from Posta Central to a 1989. The next presidential term

Department spokesman said: "We Woodrow Wilson High School here Dorfman. "He was a fine young members of the government junta, pressure on the human rights a prompt, thorough and completely several months in Chile taking dered for trying to find his roots. pears to be wavering, or who may photographs. His mother said on But this is the history of dictator- have considered encouraging le-

She said that she had to buy the Malcolm Coads adds from hiding. Among those who turned and set them both on fire. Chilenn her son was burned. She said that she was there she had to purchase continue in office beyond the end of 'fessional, groups such 'as academ-Hospital, and that each day that statement yet that he intends to of Physicians, and leaders of pro-

Zimbabwe: Repression And Progress

(Glenn Frankel is completing a three-year tour this month as The Washington Post's southern Africa correspondent.)

driven for more than an Hour on a half-paved road to Tsholotsho, a desolate outpost of southwestern Matabeleland where armed dissibeen attacking each other - and the civilians in between - for three years. Now we were standing on a bare patch of hard scrabble in front of a one-room hut listening to a young woman with a hungry. shivering baby in her arms

She described in a quiet monotone the night when strangers came in a white Land Rover, its license plates concealed, and took away her husband, a schoolteacher, who was known as a supporter of an opposition political party. He had never come back, and the government denied any knowledge of his wherenbouts. Neither my colleague nor I had the heart to ask if she thought he was

mother and another haby. She was Zimbabwe's recovery has been litstanding silently in the nursery of the short of remarkable, the cona small local hospital in Karoi in flict left deep scars on all sides



Mr Robert Mugabe

her tiny infant son struggle for life in an incubation machine. Before black rule six years ago, the only similar machines for premature infants were 120 miles away in the capital. Many of those babies died. This one lived.

For three years I have watched and reported as Zimbabwe, Africa's youngest country, wrestles with its phosts and its destiny. While much of Africa has suffered bankruptey and famine, this naity by cautious economic managewhite minority ruled, now every adult can vote, every child can go to school and every baby has a better chance at survival

I have also written of the extraordinary reconciliation between with which Prime Minister Robert Mugabe's government has forgiven past sins and put behind it the war, a conflict that was the traumatic equivalent of our own American Civil War.

At the same time I have strugleader who has so readily made emies cannot engineer a similar rapprochement with his former ning their liberation? black allies, the followers of opposition leader Joshua Nkomo.

troops, police, and intelligence Ndebele ethnic minority, who are line.

up, tortured and, sometimes,

Each year, too, Zimbabwe's frail institutions of public dissent grow weaker and more proyed upon. The recent arrests of two Catholic human rights activists, even though they were quickly released. are further proof that those who seek to hold the government accountable for its excesses do so at their own risk in the new

selves were victims of torture and brutality during the years of white rule now seem to have adjusted easily to employing the same repressive apparatus against dis-Why does this happen?

Part of the answer is that Zimbabwe does have a genuine enemy. South Africa represents a real threat to this country's future, and there is strong evidence that Pretoria has armed at least some of the dissidents.

But much more of the answer lies in that supposedly forgotten Let me tell you about another independence war. While northwestern Zimbabwe, watching and the brutal and corrosive impact of the violence still eats at this country's political soul.

Mugabe and many of his top officials spent a decade or more behind bars before joining their comrades in the bush. They felt betrayed by the British, who refused to bring Ian Smith's white government to heel, by the Soviets, who backed Nkomo's rival forces. and by the West in general, whose sanctions campaign against then-Rhodesia was a half-hearted large

Their years in the bush made these former guerrillas sensitive to the needs and aspirations of the rural population that often hid and fed them, and whose support eventually tipped the scales against white rule. That goes far in explaining why this government is one of the few in Africa to have committed substantial resources for large-scale programs to develop peasant agriculture, education and

But the war had other effects as well. Like most liberation movements. Mugabe's Zimbabwe African National Union became hothouse of restless paranoia, hostility and conspiracy. Many died mysteriously, some at the hands of white assassins, others by the long knives of their own comrades. It is not surprising that Mugabe, the man who rode the tiger, cannot Paranoia is still a prominent

feature of political life here. The tendency to characterize political opponents as "enemies." the use of detention without trial and other emergency powers inherited from the days of Smith, the frequent rights abuses - all can be seen, as legacies of a war that should never. have been fought and went on far placate the various power blocs mation,— a charge Amnesty offi-

bitter seven-year, independence for the whites of South Africa jority. Divisions within these blocs diplomats that human rights remains to be seen. If white rule are regional and tribal as well as abuses still occur, Nkala erupted, gled to understand why the same crueler they are, the more likely it peace with his former white en- will have been radicalized and brutalized by the process of win-"When you engage in war, you

brutalize everyone - the winners week, just to keep himself up Cabinet minister in charge of Each year Mugabe has sent his and the losers; you inculcate a right. military culture in everyone," said Willie D. Musarurwa, who spent explain Mugabe's extreme caution many ways Nkala and those who tensibly to root out the dissidents nearly 11 years in prison before who profess loyalty to Nkomo even independence, and who was ousted though he has disowned them. But last year as editor of the Sunday the security forces main victims. Mail newspaper here because he are civilians, members of the did not sufficiently too the official.

The men who govern Zimbahwe still seem to be running a liberation movement rather than government. With a few noteworthy exceptions, most are not professionals with careers to fall back on, and few stand out as men of unquestionable competence and performance.

Their insecurity is not assuaged by Mugabe, their demanding, austeré leader. His wife, Sally, has

told interviewers that her husband can go from cold anger one minute to total forgiveness the next. But others believe there is a core of controlled, cold rage inside Robert Mugabe that never forgives and

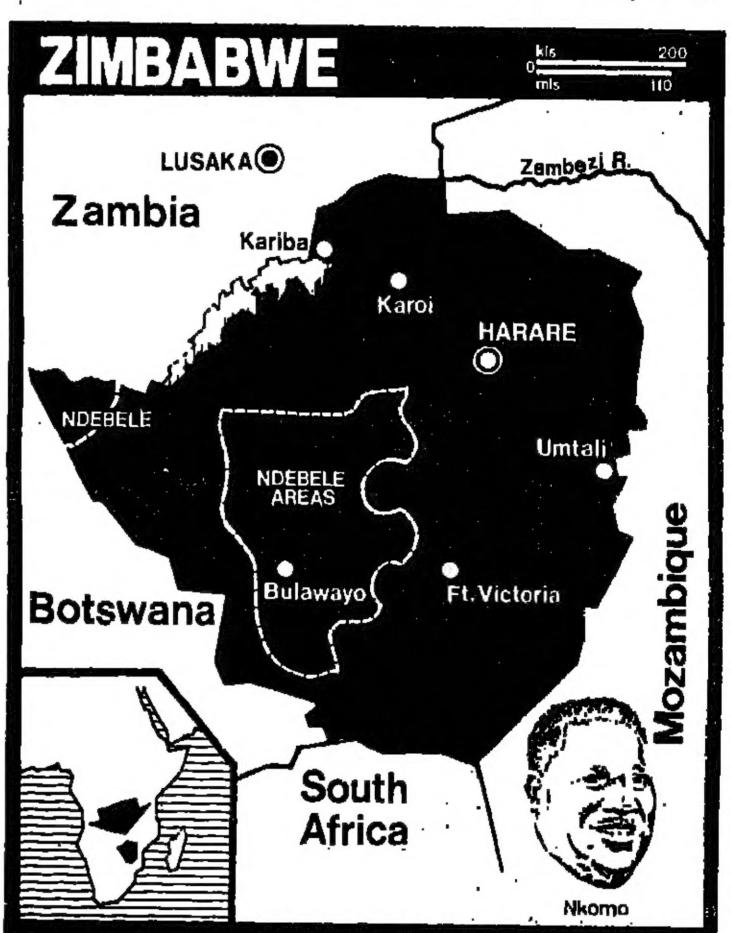
There are many pieces in the

process it is creating a permanently disaffected minority - the very "enemies" Mugabe rails against.

Ndebele who joined Mugabe in breaking with Nkomo in 1963, bringing very few of his tribesmen

with no power base of his own, Mugabe can rely upon his loyalty. and trust him in a way he cannot trust many others.

spent a total of 14 years behind



between the saved and the refuses to discuss publicly, but the damned; his feeling that, having bitterness clearly runs deep. He lost a decade in prison and now aged 62, he has no time to waste in achieving his national goals; his allegedly was badly tortured while dedication to Marxism, with its in detention, and took apparent liturgy of class struggle and identifiable enemies his keen intellect that won him advanced degrees while in prison and keeps him on top of developments despite thei and other human rights groups is fact that his inner circle of advis- to baldly deny everything and

rolling log on a fast-flowing river," said a white business executive vive." with a close and sympathetic view Many of Zimbabwe's friends con "If you vote for ZAPU (Nkomo's of the prime minister. "He has to work 24 hours day, seven days a and his elevation to the post of

That kind of atmosphere helps cherishes. It also explains why he tant part of Mugabe's strategy. he can keep his factions united.

ment. It is an experience he locked up five of Nkomo's lieutenants last year, one of whom delight in threatening others with the same fate:

Nkala's reaction to torture allegations by Amnesty International accuse the accusers of crimes. He One factor that remains, largely said Amnesty, had paid "knowh concealed is Mugabe's need to murderers' to supply it with inforwithin his; ruling party and cials deny. Asked in a February

tend that Nkala is an aberration police an error in judgment by Mugabe. But it was no mistake. In in pursuing the socialist ideals he think like him represent an impor-

the people of Matabeleland, who of the one-party state, which constitute 20 percent of Mugabe is dedicated to achieving. Zimbahwe's population, Mugabe's will mean even fewer voices of party seems intent on crushing dissent as well as further them: The danger is that in the restrictions on an already docile

When Sunday Mail editor Musarurwa lost his job last year, In doing so, he has relied upon 'the lesson of his sacking - don't lieutenants like Enos Nkala; who make waves or your career will be shared a cell with the future prime jeopardized — was not lost on minister over 10 years. Nkala is an younger Zimbabwean journalists.

For whites, this erosion of human rights is disturbing but probably not crucial. More than half of the white population of 250,000 have left since independence. Those who remain do so because the life remains comfortmost importantly - there is no place else to go. Some who left for And Nkala is a hard man. He South Africa have even begun trickling back after realizing that bars, much of it in solitary confine- the nightmure of civil war they faced in Rhodesia may be repeat-

ing itself down south Mugabe has promised to rid Parliament of its 20 whites-only seats next year by constitutional means. But many whites believe the elimination of a racially based franchise and the shrinkage of the white population actually puts those who remain in a more secure position because they retain economic clout while becoming less of a political threat. Mugabe, who has never pretended to like them. has always insisted he needs them And his cautious actions over the past six years reflect his words.

One white who has come to terms with the new Zimbabwe i-Michael Auret, chairman of the country's Catholic Justice and Peace Commission, who was a tough critic of the Smith regime Auret was detained briefly by Nkala and he has been outspoken in condemning torture and other signs of repression in recent years Yet he still believes Zimbabwe has a bright future

The government's commitment to rural development and its performance in the fields of education and health leave him with great hope. "Of course there are many problems, but I think it's working remarkably well." he says "Mugabe is truly a great and popular leader. The vast majority is far better off than they were during the days of Smith.

Auret may be right. Many western diplomats and local businessmen are convinced that Mugabe will continue to show caution and pragmatism in steering this country toward his socialist goals. But it is less certain how he will deal with those he perceives as obsta-

keep recalling the forlorn people of Tsholotsho and a bleak Friday morning before last June's parliamentary election when Mugabe ventured there for a brief

He didn't stay long in what he clearly, saw as enemy territory There were no handshaking forays into the sullen crowd that had been rounded up for the occasion. Whether there is a lesson here Zimbabwe's Shona-speaking ma- interview about claims by western Others on the platform laughed and smiled and pretended to igdoes not survive, does it mean that 'ideological, and Mugabe's role is to . You think we need these embas Mugabe was thaving none of that. the longer South Africans struggle hold together a consensus within a sies and their foreign aid?" he Instead, he slumped in his chair, a against black rule and the large and fractious family: ... asked. "We could close them down grim expression on his face as he crueler they are, the more likely it "It's like he's standing on a tomorrow, expel every diplomat, stared at the audience, then gave a stared at the audience, then gave a and Zimbabwe would still sur- 20-minute speech that concluded

> opposition party), you are voting to support dissidents," he told the crowdi "ZAPU will lose, and then where will you be?"

Mugabe's electoral prediction was correct - the country voted overwhelmingly for his party, while Tsholotsho gave a huge focuses on "enemies," both domes. As time goes on, it is likely that majority to Nkomo. And Mugabe's tic and foreign, for that is one way civil liberties will be eroded even question hangs like a dark cloud further, as they have been in most over the promising experiment As a result, rather than wooing, other African nations. The advent that is Zimbabwe.

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for justice".

used to insist.

Rotten to the corps

Martin Walker reports from Moscow on diplomats who are feeling the pinch

LAST week, the French President Soviet Foreign Minister arrived in London. Soon after that, the West German Foreign Minister will shortly after that the foreign will meet to arrange the summit later this year of their respective lenders.

Amid all this top-level contact, why exactly do we need diplomats. and all the expensive paraphernalin of embassies and overseas allowances and subsidised school fees and index-linked pensions that go with them?

For over a century, since the invention of the telegraph, ombassics have been expensive and superior postmen, passing on the messages that are transmitted with speed for the political masters at home. The age of the jet and the hot-line has reduced even further the role of the diplomatic middle

man. Three recent events in the freeze and about to chill all over British diplomatic community in Moscow have brought this hoary the Korean airliner. When he old topic to the fore again, On July 1, Sir lain Sutherland,

died suddenly in London. He was the ambassador here when I arrived to start the Guardian bureau. A likeable man of diffident charm, and shrewdness, he cultivated with some care his reputation for the mild eccentricity of never quite remembering people's

At one of his last parties in Moscow, I waited in the receiving line on the very grand staircase (where a Tsarist officer had once blown out his brains on hearing that his mistress had left him) immediately behind two rather senior Soviet diplomats. "I wonder what he will call us this time," one of them muttered to the other, in tones of benevolent affection. Sir lain had arrived when rela-

again with the shooting down of retired last year, relations were blooming after the successful Gorbachev visit to Britain. lain's old-fashioned diplomatic skills doubtless played a part in the improvement and his departure from Moscow was celebrated with all due panache as he was bagpiped aboard his train at the Leningrad station, much to the

bewilderment of the Soviet pas-

The other sad event was the resignation from the diplomatic service of one of Sir lain's brightest young first secretaries, a man who him as ambassador one day. The Viscount Asquith was a considerable asset to British diplomacy. He spoke good Russian, travelled assiduously, and enjoyed a remarkably wide range of Soviet

family home to maintain, he lost Soviet relations with the Third his overseas allowances and found himself on something like £16,000 a year. This may be almost double the average industrial wage, but it is little enough reward for a man whose contemporaries in the City consider that sort of sum as so much loose change. Viscount As- of a tennis racket is allowed. But if quith has now gone to the Daily a diplomat has no tennis racket. Telegraph as a leader writer, and almost doubled his salary.

The whole question of diplomatic pay has just risen to an ugly head in Moscow. The embassy has recently been visited by the joint view team which has probed into their overseas allowances and cut them sharply. And for the first time in memory, the British diplomats have refused to concur and have appealed back to London. These allowances are hardly

World, makes £12,000 a year and another £3,000 in allowances, inthe allowance is thereupon cut. This time, the pettiness has

been breathtaking. On the grounds that the diplomats have had a six per cent increuse in pay since the Foreign Office and Treasury re- in effect cut to a degree which reviewers have also killed off little Horace, the notional child who was assumed to exist in each diplomat ic family for the purpose of calculating the allowance.

Now all this may make excellent sense at a time of stringent costcutting in Whitehall. But it is not the way to altract young folk of talent into Her Majesty's diplomat ic service. And in the KGB's home city, the security implications of impoverished diplomats are becoming a matter of considerable

We are trying to run a diplomatic service suitable for a great power, without the means to do so. We maintain in Moscow an embas sy that is outnumbered only by the Americans, and getting on for twice the size of the French or the Italians or even the Japanese, al of whom do far more trade with the Soviet Union.

We field an internal chancery whose Kremlinologists are widely regarded as the best in Moscow and an external chancery of great professionalism. Our embassy still commands the finest site in the city, just across the river from the Kremlin, and the cost of our diplomatic pretensions here probably outweighs our influence, and is kept manageable only by driving down salaries and rewards to the point where the future quality and loyalty of our diplomats is now at great risk.

Coincidentally, one of the best informed and most effective am basandors in Moscow is also due to leave this summer. Singapore's Tony Siddique runs a tiny embassy of less than half a dozon, has built up the Aseun group of South East Asian ambassadors into a formidable team, hustled a great deal of trade and feels little need of a vast chancery stall to tell him what is up in the Kremlin when he can swap information with Western journalista and well-staffed Western ambassadors.

Sooner or later, we shall have to decide what we need from our foreign service, whether perhaps one day there might be an EEC embassy in Moscow serving all common needs, rather than the wasteful duplications of the

Perhaps we should widen the career opportunities of our diplomats as the French do, whose last ambassador to Moscow, Jean-Ber-nard Raimond, is now the Foreign Minister. Perhaps, we should put up ambassadorships to the highest bidder, which the American pat-tern of jobs for the big donors of campaign funds sometimes resem-

But we cannot go on trying, run a Rolls Royce of a foreign service on increasingly rationed amounts of two-star petrol.

but not all can be acknowledged.

We don't like cutting them but sometimes this is necessary to get them in the page, --! short letters The Guardian Weekly, PO Box 19, Cheadle, Cheshire SK8 100

young second secretaries here, who

origin in a time when bread was eaten in hunks, not in slices, and that wasn't so very long ago, either. When working with the men in the fields as a boy I used to practise doing the same as they did, namely, carving out mouthfuls of bread and cheese with a hornhandled, all-purpose knife and conveying them together to the mouth by the hand which still held the knife — an exercise requiring more skill than you might think.

bread and a chunk of cheese, never

the other way round," my father

My paternal grandmother, who was a widow, used to go gleaning at harvest-time, to collect stray grains to eke out the winter bread supply. Taking his payment in kind, the miller ground it into flour, and grandmother baked weekly batches of loaves in her cottage bread-oven until the supply gave out. My father remembered it as bread of superb quality, though as a boy he had for comparison sour, grey Workhouse bread, of which paupors were allocated two loaves per week

duced about 1874, the year when steel mills produced flour that the

new technique coined the phrase that "modern baking was making water stand upright.

The invention of the steel rolling

"YOU always refer to a hunk of mill coincided approximately with the arrival of the first regular shipments of wheat from the American and Canadian prairies Britain. They spelt the doom Victorian high farming and induced the agricultural depression which prevailed, except in times of war, for the next century.

A hunk of good bread

Because they dominated the market the imported wheats dictated the development of the milling industry, which adapted its machinery to suit the hard wheats produced by the hot summers of the Middle West. Hence arose the legend, endlessly repeated, that the soft British wheats, produced in the cool, damp climate of

By Raiph Whitlock

bread. Generations of British farmers have suffered from the myth, though logic alone should demonstrate that perfectly good bread was made in England in the centuries before 1874.

American farmers have been having a hard time in recent years. World surpluses of grain have made their harvests virtually unsaleable at economic prices, and prairie states. It would, one would he disposed to imagine, by the very worst time for a couple of British turmers to emigrate to the States and introduce their own style of

Yet that is what Peter Brewer considerable success. They are onerating in the State of Missourt. corn (maize) and soyubean. booked so much more attractive than their set-up in England that stake a claim. By the time they were ready to start, however, in the spring of 1983, prospects were

first crop of soyabeans, which local farmers told them was the only feasible cash crop for the district. that they began to think nostalgically of their wheat-fields back in England. "No use here," said their neighbours, but within two years the newcomers were harvesting 100 bushels of wheat per acre. more than three times the 32bushel average for the area. What they had done was to introduce their familiar British programme,

which differed in several important respects from the American. The Americans were using their traditional hard variety of wheat whereas the British pair introduced British soft varieties. The American system involves applying all the fertilizer at the time o the autumn sowing, whereas we Britain supply it in instalments, making several applications during the growing cycle. We also

employ growth regulators, to discourage the plants from devoting too much of their resources to stem and leaf growth, and we use fungicides and insecticides liberal-

Under this regime the old 1950s would probably fall down varieties can't cope with it either. succession of new varieties capable of responding splendidly to such intensive treatment.

The irony of the situation is that these are all varieties of soft wheats It will develop interesting. ly it American farmers decide to profitable. That could easily happen, but for one snug. As elseprofitable. If the supply of hard wheats did dry up, I wonder how the continued excellence of our bread would be explained!

Holmes comforts

By Nancy Banks-Smith

TEARING off his whiskers, his hump, his hat and the wart on his nose, the old bookseller stood revealed as none other than Sher-

lock Holmes. "Watson!" he cried. The curious thing is that it claimed to be Watson in previous Sherlock Holmes series, for it is a world either thin and interesting or fat and affable, so the newcomer had a 50 per cent chance of getting

But why did Holmes of all people not notice in The Return of Sherlock Holmes (Granada) that his best friend no longer looked like David Burke but bore a distinct resemblance to Edward Hardwicke? These are deep waters.

I am accustomed to this sort of thing in American soaps where their arms round anyone and call it mother. I attribute this to the great strides made in medical science.. Plastic surgery and sex had a little nip and tuck rendering side.

her unrecognisable to all but the family dog. Not that Jeremy Brett is, strict-

speaking, Sherlock Holmes. What we have here is a brayura impression of the way Holmes would have been played at, say, the old Lyceum. You can smell the whill of oranges from the Gods. didn't know anyone, with the Crisp, still carried on like that. He draws his breath with a hiss and expels it with a "Ha!" With the specious explanation that he feels a bit stiff, he flings his arms back like the herald Mercury new lighted on a heaven-kissing hill That'll knock their socks off in the

His entrance as the old bookseller - hump, hat and horsehair exploding from every orifice would have drawn a "For heaven's sake. Holmes," from anyone less loval than Watson. I would be inclined to say that the wart on the changes are now so routine that weren't already well over the top you are never sure if mother has and on our way down the other

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tions were sunk in the post-Afghan princely. One of the impressive ATTENTION BRITISH CITIZENS LIVING ABROAD

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PLEASE LET OTHER BRITISH CITIZENS KNOW THAT THEY MAY ALSO BE ELIGIBLE TO VOTE IN THE UK.

A bland new Dream By Michael Billington

nate modern Athens where their bum-freezing cutaway jackets look like a convention of bellhops. I am all for modern dress but it must, as Bogdanov's Romeo and Juliet proves. be specific, relevant

fled inhuman scale. Puck clambers across a gigantic cobweb like Burt the Crimson Pirate. Kate Greena-

and that exotic design has become a substitute or a directorial concept. If the wood is meant to be a place ta mixture of Arthur Rackham and William Golding) night in the enchanted forest, why do they emerge looking so serenely unaffected? This is a play about Amazonian Queen) wears a slinky people being put through a prothey might be riding on a ghost

If the production has any success, it is with the Mechanicals who are a dedicated Little Theatre Guild group. David Haig's Quince is the eternal bossy director with chain and little beckoning gestures

Peter Postlethwaite's Bottom, thatches like a cottage loaf, is also a nice display by untrammelled Brechtian touches such as a halter reanimation of the text.

representing Starveling's dog. But, good as the Mechanicals are, you been given costumes but haven't

production: it is decorative but transcends the prevailing bland nia: She throws the wimpish Oberon to the ground with a flick of the wrist, angrily rejects his assumed sovereignty and falls breathily for Bottom crying, in tones of rapt wonderment, "Thou art as wise as

Ms McTeer (a superb Rosalind for the Royal Exchange) alone brings the quality of magic to this Dream through her specific gravity and emotional intensity. Critics should stop comparing her to Vanessa Redgrave and admit she is uniquely, definably herself.

Otherwise this is a strangely rootless production, lacking that vital Shakespoarean sense minds transfigured by experience It has some happy visual touches auch as the walls of the Athenian palace finally parting to reveal the fairies looking in from the crepus-

BOOKS

Porgy and bliss

Tom Sutcliffe at Glyndebourne

will never have a triumph like this expired,.. The show can scarcely again. The coup of presenting the transfer to London without huge first British staging of Gershwin's subsidy, though it will return to neglected masterpiece has earned Glyndeborne. But Trevor Nunn's the Sussex festival huge artistic staging goes out of its way, as the rewards, together with an extraor- first. British production, to follow dinary standing ovation (virtually unique here).

Gershwin's. Far from there being a two level approach, of the original conflict (as Clancy Sigal has hinted) between his melodic facility, his ability to score popular hits hard to imagine that more people and furnish us with some of the could have been crammed on greatest songs of the century, and stage. Porgy lacks his goat-cart, his serious dramatic ambition, the and staggers on crutches and s greatness of Porgy and Bess is twisted leg. It was either the goatprecisely that it so perfectly cart or Simon Rattle in the pit matches its means and its ends. . It is not, it seems to me, a

choral and verbal elements gave him the authentic means to an astonishing cry of faith — and that at precisely a time when Alban pole of modern music.

has served Gershwin ideally. This the piece sublimely, and at the festival, which has lavished scrupulous proparation and generous expense on a very complex show. The casting by Brian Dickle is have been lucky to hear. Rattle's miraculous, without flaw. The excitement of hearing wonderful singing where there is no break between the emotional intention and the delivery of the sound, where the art is not put on but natural and authentic, where the Willard White's astonishing Porgy heart of the character is the heart

should be always about. But the physical impact in terms of volume and sheer performing energy, with the violence and the coming maudlin or sentimental: love-making, the fights and the that's a real achievement in such a dancing, is reinforced by the intimacy of this theatre, with the stage extended over the orchestra pit. Because this is not a theatre for Broadway routines, because the auditorium is small, this Porgy and Bess is focused not on performance values but on the raw truth behind them. And nothing gets in the way of that power.

There may be some kind of commercial compensation in that the video rights granted to the compelling Bess.

IT IS likely that Glyndobourne Preminger 1959 film have now

John Gunter's set of rickety The triumph above all is declining Catfish Row follows the production and presents the expected, courtyard tenements...lt's an easy choice:

In a bold departure from tradistatement about oppression, but tion, Nunn has Porgy cast aside about freedom. The tale is of his crutches in the closing bars as southern Black poverty, but it was the back of the set sweeps open, to the riches of that South Caroli- and painfully, haltingly start the na negro culture and society that journey to New York and Bess. Gershwin responded. Folk-jazz Daring, but utterly apt. Bess, after with its profoundly moving melodic, all, is an clusive, perhaps unreal

When a staging and musical performance are both so consummate as this, the art that goes to Berg in Lulu seemed to be saying, make things work does not adveron one level; the opposite. tise. Simon Rattle's great merit is Gershwin, who admired Berg's that he is in no way embarrassed by Wozzeck, who was friendly with the Broadway factor in Gershwin's Schoenberg on the tennis courts as instrumentation and rhythms and well as professionally, is the other climaxes. He makes those conventions that some may wrongly Glyndebourne as an institution consider vulgar tell, while pacing was a huge investment for the same time encouraging the fullest and most expansive choral and orchestral delivery. This is some of the most exciting music-making genius responds ideally to Gershwin's.

Trevor Nunn has plainly achieved a superb rapport with his black cast.

Among the stur performances sets the prime and most emotionalof the performer, is what opera ly powerful example. This is his part today, no doubt, and he manages exactly to bear the message of faith without risking begloriously moist work. Harolyn Blackwell, who does the first Summertime as Clara, sends thrills

down the spine. Cynthia Clarey as Serena gives a wonderfully strong, firm performance (and it's fascinating to hear her in Gershwin after her Wexford triumph in Handel last year). Cynthia Haymen, after a slightly nervious start, proved her mettle as a luscious, inspirational, utterly

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Whoopi Goldberg as Celle in Stoven Spielberg's The Color Purple.

Pigment of the imagination

IT HAS taken an interminable with a few covering big game shots size of the Hiroshima blast, which time for Steven Spielberg's The to enliven them. That is not true, exploded the equivalent of 15 Color Purple to reach these shores, and no doubt the unkind would say that it takes an interminable time to sit through, too.

Spielberg's careful and perfectly honourable adaptation of Alice Walker's novel, is, in fact, 154 minutes long, and ends with a flourish more than once. Its main trouble is that it tries so hard to be everything to everybody that in the end you wonder whether it is more about our reactions to it than

about Celie, the heroine, herself, Celie, if you need reminding, is a black woman from the South who somehow survives a life of degradation and hardship which would render most people permanently enfeebled in both mind and body. Raped by her father, with the resulting children then sold she then must face a husband who fancies her sister and uses her as a drudge. He even hides the letters from her sister which would have told her of a new life in Africa and

that her children have been found. Celie is sayed mostly by her own indomitable spirit over these 40 years but also by her friendship with Shug, the love of her husband's life, a blues singer with whom she has a lesbian relationship and from whom she learns the meaning of freedom. Walker's book a composed entirely of letters through which we get to know everything we need about each of the characters and the world they live in. Spielberg's storyline has to

be something different. What he has done is not to "Disneyfy" nor even to skate over the more depressing momenta but to point up, in fairly simple terms. the main struts which hold the so many millions have seen and story together. Every episode un- will see it. The importance of

ed without the caveat that the territory the United States as 1959. probable reason for them doing so dropped at least 66 atomic and That is O'Rourke's achievement. was the way those men were hydrogen bombs in the decade In so effectively skewering the treated by the whites. The cut-in after the second world war. African scenes are also totally O'Rourke is mainly concerned

but that's what it looks like.

piece of popular cinema not only because it oozes sincerity rather than sophistication from every pore but because Spielberg is, after all, a consummate craftsman and has given it his best endeavours. He also has a cast a much worse director could gain plaudits by effectively orchestrating.

Perhaps Whoopi Goldberg as one child who had not had surgery Celie reacts rather than acts. But she still does so with an entirely natural dignity, and anyway has history of them, are so terrible that the sort of presence without which an actress of the quality of Margaret Avery as Shug would have enten her alive in their scenes together. Danny Glover. Oprah Winfrey, Adolph Caesar and

CINEMA by Derek Malcoim

good many other black actors also seize their opportunity with the avidity of hitherto semi-starved performers.

There are; throughout the film some very donsiderable sequences and set-pieces for which those around Spielberg deserve equal praise, like art director Robert Welch and set designer Virginia Randolph. What The Color Purple hasn't got is the hook's infinite complexity, and its often doubleedged aword which cuts like lightning through hypocrisy. It very well make you weep, but beware that your tears are not those of the crocodile.

The importance of the Spielberg film lies a lot in the very fact that

million tons of TNT above Bikini Yet the film remains an effective Atoll on the morning of March 1. 1954. The children of Rongelap, 100 miles away, went out to play in the "snow" that resulted a few hours later. So did those at Utirik They were all eventually evacuated but live with the United States' Government's "mistake" to this day. On Rongelap, at the time of the film-making, there was only

> The facts, and the documented one could have readily forgiven O'Rourke, the Australian film maker, the kind of polemical fury he never uses, particularly as the Americans were handed the territories on trust by the United Nations, with President Reagar suying many years later: "You'll always be family to us." Words almost fail one.

for thyroid tumours.

But images don't fuil O'Rourke, who stumbled on the story by accident when his plane lunded or Rongelap and who then pursued it remorselessly for months. He went to the Pentugon, to the US Department of Energy, to the defence authorities, to doctors and to the islanders themselves. The argument he then sots before us is incontrovertible.

This is no blast from the antinuclear left but a carefully structured and reasoned argument/from a film-maker who readily admits that few other countries in the world would have supplied him with as much information as freely as did America. And the picture he builds, slowly but surely, is of the destruction not only of an environment but also of a whole culture.

derlines a moral of a sort and then Dennis O'Rourke's Half Life makes changed direction suddenly and seems to turn away from it with a one hope that many millions will, 'upset calculations? Perhaps we saving dollop of humour, just in if only through the agency of will never know, but what this case we might become either too television. This is quite obviously film says about racism, hypocrisy one of the most extraordinary and downright perfidy thereafter There are a few really bad documentaries of recent years, scarcely bears thinking about Yet mistakes around, such as the being a carefully unemotional this is not so much a horror film, assumption that all black men though deeply felt summation of real rather than imagined, as a treated their women like cows, the story of the Marshall Island- testimony to the dignity and good which may be true as a ers. particularly the inhabitants of nature of those afflicted, referred generalisation but cannot be stat- Rongelap and Utirik, on whose to in newsreels as "savages" as late

guilty, he has allowed their vicinadequate, looking as if they were with Bravo, the first hydrogen is not only a very necessary film. It filmed on the backlot at Universal bomb, more than 1,000 times the listen exemplary one too.

Unhappy warrior

By Kenneth O. Morgan

of Nigel Hamilton's magnificent

last volume of his trilogy. It

real enemies — the Americans.

(Hitler, Rommel and other Ger-

mans are very seldom mentioned.)

Mr Hamilton describes an end-

less series of clashes, major and

minor, between allied generals.

marching on to Berlin. Somehow,

Each assignment was, to some

degree, unsatisfactory. His time in

Germany after VE Day brought

disagreements with the Attlee

struction. His two years as CIGS

incurred the wrath not only of the

politicians but also of military

colleagues such as Tedder and

Slim. SHAPE and NATO produced

new storms, often comic, with

French prima donnas such as de

Lattre de Tassigny, and more

By J. G. Ballard

In peacetime, Monty was adrift.

the war was won.

MONTY: THE FIELD MAR-Hamilton (Hamish Hamilton,

THE British do not make much fuss of retired military heroes. Elsewhere, literally from China to Peru, superannuated generals resurface as political grandees. The Americans propelled generals Washington, Grant and Eisenhower into the White House. The French founded military cults to venerate Bonaparte, Petain or de Gaulle, while the Germans beggar

description. Not so in Britain. Marlborough, Clive and Wellington were mightily unpopular in their later years. Haig and his associates became popular scapegoats for a generation. Lord Montgomery, our outstanding military commander since Waterloo, seems to have undergone much the same fate. He lived on for 30 years beyond the German surrender at Luneberg Heath. His peacetime posts all brought bitter controversy. His retirement inaugurated a fresh series of rows with old colleagues from President Eisenhower down-

Like Britain herself to quote government over postwar reconempire and failed to find a role. His interference in public affairs led to newspaper headlines, "Fade away, Monty!" His last years were scarred by family feuds. He died, it seems, virtually friendless and

This sombre finale is the theme trouble with Eisenhower.

THEATRE OF SLEEP,

Beguin (Picador, £10.95).

rival theorists.

Guido Almansi and Claude

All this left a legacy, fought out with the unique egoism of retired divides naturally into two sections. warlords, in the memoirs of Eisen-The first, in which 500 pages cover hower, Bradley and, supremely. eight months of warfare down to: Montgomery himself. Television VE Day, sees Montgomery engaged in continuous battles with his programmes generated a near libel action from Auchinleck. Even an eightieth birthday party at El Alamein broke an old friendship with de Guingand. It was all very and. His brilliant aide. Bill Wil liams, wrote of "things that chilled the heart . . . deeply embarrassing to the human race."

Monty is furious when displaced as C-in-C of land forces after his victory in Normandy. He attacks Eisenhower's dispersal of effort, and the mistakes that led to heavy US defeats in the Ardennes. He too long. On the other hand, has the satisfaction of taking over command of US 1st and 9th Army groups to clear up the mess. He quarrels violently with Bradley, Patton, Hodges and virtually every other American in sight. Worst of late Lord Shinwell. all, after crossing the Rhine, he is Again, the relentless accumulastopped by Eisenhower from

face beneath. Monty was impossistructive. Yet he was also a field commander of genius who made a Michael Edwardes we have to say unique contribution to the permafascism. The rows with the Americans usually arose because his military judgment was superior to

the historical reputation of this unhappy warrior stands secure. In the asylum of dreams

> al and conformist than they would Literary dreams, they go on to

argue, have a vital role to play in FORTUNATELY for us all, the luring the reader outside his usual dream resists interpretation, daily life. Frankly, I doubt this; in Freud's royal road to the uncon- my experience a good many writscious soon showed itself prone to ers have notably less imagination delays and diversions, and by now than their readers, and cling to the is safely ensnarled in the traffic of props of bourgeois life like seasick passengers looking around for the For Freud the essence of dreams furniture during a rough channel

sume I had in fact been.

lay in the expression of repressed crossing. desires, while for Jung they offered "Comrade Lenin," a group of reassuring glimpses of the Russian revolutionaries once mordial models of social behav- allowed to dream?" The editors iour. More recently. Charles maintain that his answer should Rycroft has stated that dreams are have been "no." since dreams are a kind of involuntary poetic activ- an escape "from the common world ity, but Francis Crick has suggest- of waking people into the private ed that dreams may be necessary fortress of the dreamer . . . to rid the brain of parasitic modes Orwell's 1984 disobedience to Big

of behaviour. However, as the immense richness of the dreams in this down firmly on the side of the excellent collection demonstrates, 'anarchic, mysterious and ultimateno theory ever seems likely to ly inexplicable nature of dreams. account for those strange safaria Drawing almost entirely from the on which each of us sets out every Western literature of the last night across the width of our own 3,000 years, from fiction and poet-

Reason rationalises reality for their choice ranges from Aristotle us, defusing the mysterious, but at and Apollinaire to Rabelais, Rich-In their preface the editors, a Some of the dreams, like those of husband and wife team, quote Dr the surrealist Robert Desnos and Charles Fisher of the Mount Sinai the hapless Iranian premier Medical Centre: "Dreaming per- Mohammad Mossadegh, are only a mits each and every one of us to be few lines long, though nonetheless quietly and safely insane every poignant, while others, by Borges night of our lives." This statement. they believe, well describes the short stories. situation of writers, who are forced by their readers to be more ration-

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Do any instant theories spring to mind? No. thankfully, though one cannot help noticing that the narrative structure of dreams, whatever the subject, seems remarkably unchanged down the centuries. The editors quote from A Grammar of Dreams, in which David Foulkes states: "The typical of a verbal narrative; first this, result benefited the majority of the "Ruit India" movement was various 'this's' having some sensi- | rule. Edwardes is aware of this, ble thematic connection with one | but seeks to resolve the problem by

asked the great leader, "are we Old-fashioned story-telling, in other words, with its ageless apneal and direct access to the great myths and legends that pave the floors of the individual psyche. Within the realm of the dream, Kalka is a contemporary author. and quite sufficiently up to the Brother starts in a dream. To their credit, the editors come minute. No post-modernist metafictions, no room for the nouveau

> roman at the inn of the night. In terms of film technique, no split screens, zooms or chroma-key inlay, though one could argue that the dream cinetographers have an overfondness for slow motion. But l have never seen a dream with a sub-title, or gone into a flashback, though the constant watching of television, apart from dimming the frontal lobes, must have some effect on the way the optical centres of the brain shape their interior world.

But perhaps, as in everything and Roald Dahl, are complete else, we already have machines to dream for us, and the collective 'Given that there are few more; dream of mankind is the electromagnetic sphere of the plandiresome pastimes than listening at length to other people's dreams, et's television signals. Already it is to the editors' credit that their some 80 light years in diameter, is expanding confidently across the anthology never wearies, unlike universe and is even now bringing the dreams in Freud's case historles, which soon seem deadeningly to the natives of Proxima Centauri their first episodes of Dallas and monotonous, I finished this selecthe Reagan inauguration tion of some 200 dreams feeling marvellously relaxed, which I asdreams of the new Babylon that would take a Daniel to unravel.

Some may consider Hamilton's 500,000 words excessive. To this reviewer, the detail is utterly absorbing; the book is not a page Monty himself, the author is better on generals than politicians. He rather misinterprets Attlee's strategic outlook and ignores Monty's remarkable relationship with the

tion of warts almost obliterates the ble, vain, cantankerous, self-de-

He was revered by his men, not least because he was far more cautious in avoiding needless loss of life than Haig and his ilk ever were. Beyond the petty backbiting.

has already been defeated and

Over half the book is a rambling have had to invent him. account of the vicissitudes of Brita sleight of hand: "The conservative bias of the (British) Government in attaching to itself the landed classes was not allowed to interfere with the modernisation of both the administration and the

trayed the 1919 Jallian wala Bagh massacre in Amritaar as a coldblooded, premeditated crime. The scene shocked and educated many



Getting Gandhi

By Tariq Ali

THE MYTH OF THE MAHA? like MA, by Michael Edwardes (Con-

> THIS book, unfortunately, has a scenes of a Hollywood Western. Just as the Indians are about to overwhelm the vanguard of West-Viewers can relax again. The cavalry is on its way. In the case of that his latest rescue operation on

disappointing book. Attenborough (in his Gandhi film), two decades. Paul Scott (The Jewel in the Crown), E. M. Forster (A Passage to India; and the myth-making expatriate Indian novelists to roference to V. S. Naipaul?).

the raj. whereas Mr Edwardes perfect opponent. dying generation in the back-

Modernisation, if it means anything, implies a transformation of the countryside and the creation of an internal market capable of purchasing the products of industrialisation. When the British left India, the poor peasants' diet was less nutritious than it had been under the Mughal Empire.

The reasons for this failure are cide, on the North American or West. Australian pattern, would have been impossible in purely military. terms. A multi-millioned sub-continent could only be governed with the partial consent of the traditional ruling elites. To push created a giant that would have ray long before 1947,

people in the West. Edwardes is far too intelligent to deny that the event took place, but he offers us the following mealy-mouthed justi-

"It does seem likely that (Generlot in common with the closing al) Dyer, who was a stranger to Amritsor, did not know that there were no other convenient exits from the Jallianwala Bagh, and ern civilisation the distant strains that, when the crowd did not of familiar trumpets are heard. disperse because it could not, he

Give me Attenborough any day! The second part of the book deals with Gandhi as a human being and nent defeat of the scourge of behalf of the raj is not successful. a politician. Many of Edwardes's The Myth of the Mahatma is a comments on the Mahatma are unexceptional. In fact Judith Edwardes's targets are wide and Brown had debunked the varied. He is out to revenge the mythologies effectively in a series atrocities perpetrated by Richard of books and articles over the last

> Gandhi was not a saint, but it is worth recalling that the halo which was stuck on his head was placed there not just by his follow. ers. The more sophisticated ideolo-All these people are guilty of gists of the rai knew perfectly well concentrating on the brutalities of that in Gandhi they had found a

knows that it was a much more Of course he often broke the complex affair. The first thing to rules. What was important, howbe said about all this is that it is ever, was the fact that he had hardly new. It will please the agreed to play the game in the first place. Gandhi's entire political woods, but who else? The old guard strategy - a reformist socialpacifism — coincided with the midnight's children now have the long-term aims of the raj. If he hadn't existed the British would

As far as the raj was concerned ish imperialism in India. Here the he faltered badly only once. After author faces some problems. Any the fall of Singapore in 1942, REM dream has a linear narrative attempt to justify colonialism Gandhi (and everyone else) felt the structure, much like the structure | would have to prove that the end | Japanese would soon be in India. then this, then this, with the people who were subjected to its intended as a signal to both an Empire on the decline and the votaries of the Rising Sun!

Gandhi's real significance lay in his ability to both arouse the peasant masses of India and confiscate their social aspirations. It is this contradiction that helps explain his many eccentricities. It fact once we dispel the clouds o incense that surround Gandhi we can perceive him clearly: the mongrel offspring of Victorian Liberalism and Indian mysticism.

This does not lessen his stature in any way. It simply puts him in context. To portray him as a sun without black spots or, a saint without earthly desires is ridiculous: Edwardes is correct on al obvious. India was the most ad- that, but where his own vision vanced civilisation confronted by becomes myopic is in his failure to the European powers who were understand why Gandhi has bevying for an Asian empire. Geno- come such a cult figure in the

The following episode might aid his comprehension: In 1964 two senior Indian communists visited Hanol to attend the Vietnamese Communist Party"congress. Afterwards they had a long relaxed talk through universal education, with Ho Chi Minh. One of the industrialisation, etc., would have Indians asked the Vietnamese: "Tell us, comrade, how is it that swallowed up the structures of the both our parties were formed roughly at the same time and yet In Gandhi, Attenborough por- you are in power and we are still struggling?" The old man smiled and raplied: "There you had Gandhi, Here I was Gandhi." This is not apocryphal.

MOTOR RACING, Maufice

Memorable

Mansell

NIGEL MANSELL pulled off the

most memorable victory of his

-- ramilton on the

British Grand Prix

No. 1915 any defence (by E. Chelebi). Black is during their match with the USSR, and down to a single pawn move, but the most recently three GMs demonstrated problem contains a trap which catches many solvers.

Solution No. 1914: White K at QR6, Q at K1, Rs at QN6 and Q3. Bs at K7 and K2. N at QB1. Ps at QR7, QN4, Q5 and K3, Black K

1 R-Q6 (threat 2 R-QN3) R-B3 ch 2 RxR. or if KxP 2 A-OB6. or if N-B6 2 R-Q4, or II BxP 2 R-QB3, or II P-B6 2 Q- 3 years. On USSR form, he is the best

May 29 when the former USSR champion. Bons Gulko, arrived in was at Frunze in Central Asia where Vienna with his family after finally he finished second in a strong field: Gulko's campaign to persuade the Romanishin and Yurtaev 81/2, Watson Soviet authorities included several (England) 8; and ten others. hunger strikes, plus a one man demo in this week's game Gulko, ranked wife Anna once lost a possible Russian man listed No. 42 on the computer.

Chess By Leonard Barden 3 N-QB3 P-Q4 6 P-K3 P-B4

women's title when her opponent was controversially reinstated by a Moscow committee after overstepping the time limit. Gulko himself played in the 1976 Interzonal but in recent years has been denied any opportunity to compete

was actively supported by other ex-Soviet players now domicited in the grandmasters. The Dutch team at a outside the Prince Edward Theatre on the opening night of the musical

According to the new weekly edition of the British Chess Federation's Newsflash, Gulko plans to compete at at OB5, R at OB1, B at Q7, Ns at QN8 Marsellies this month and then go on and KR2, Ps at QR5 and KB5. Mate in to the US Open. If his career pattern follows that of colleagues who have settled in the West, he could well become still stronger during the next 2-

player to leave since Viktor Korchnol. Gulko's last important tournament before boarding the plane for Vienna Makarichev 10/14, Gulko 9,

at the 1981 Moscow Interzonal. His No. 98 in the latest FIDE list, defeats a 20 P-K4 Q-B4

A COUNTRY DIARY

nean coast of France, where the two florets. warm air was heavy with the scent

OXFORDSHIRE: Some thirty from the white trumpets of an years ago while staying with rela- amaryllid (Pancratium illyricum) tives in my present area, I paid an whose leafless blooms grew in early morning visit at this time of profusion on the sandy banks,

the year to my old haunts in "The while from a tamarisk nearby a Forest" - Wychwood - and there blackcap sang. In the sixteen years experienced a most memorable since I have returned to my old example of the power of one's nose haunts, I have been unable until and ears as evocative agents. As I now to find a single specimen of 28 Q-R5 R-KB2 29 N-B5 R-R21 paused to listen to the song of a the butterfly orchid in bloom. blackcap, I became aware of a although I have come across odd sweet perfume from somowhere specimens nipped in the bud by nearby, which immediately con- deer. But this year, delighted to 32 K-B1 P-QN5 jured up a mental picture of a find a single example of the lesser | 34 N-Q4 P-N5 Kentish plover performing an agi- butterfly in bloom, I came across a tated distraction display near its patch of about twenty of the larger clutch of four chicks. I then found species in long grass at the edge of 37 P-K5 with complications: Black the source of the scent, a patch of a ride. A botanist told me that he | could instead play 35 . . R-R6 the large butterfly orchid in bloom, too had found a colony about a planning Q-R4 and R-R7. and was able to work out the odd mile away. In each site the speci- 35 ... R-R8 ch 36 K-K2 RxR connection. The picture recalled mens are remarkably fine, one was of a salt-pan on the Mediterra- spike bearing no less than twenty-W. D. Campbell 39 Resigns.

ENIGMATIST

ACROSS going to the gallows (5-6) 1. I may have Burgess, Breakfast TV 18. Worn down straight edges forming man, snalching gold (7) proper procedure (6, 5)

less unstable inside (7) 9. Half of 6, 1 across 24 partnership 22 Direct higher data processing (5, is coming over after the weekend

10. Customary preparations to resolve reservation problems? (9) 1. Severely cut, brought into State

lo ruminate (4, 3, 3) Entertainment lacking a drink (4) 14. In Christmas novelty, stop one

5 | ordered Archer to shoot German, 21. Are you going to 6, 1 across 24?

No. 2: Guillotining custom (4)

25. Took out old vehicle, overturned 26. Are you going to 6, 1 across 247 No. 4: The enemy of the radio (5)

Hospital retiring Italian nobleman 27. Recently departed artist left at the side (7) 28. Are you going to 6, 1 across 24? No. 1: Players in comedy (7)

 GM Georgy Azzamov —
 GM Boris Guiko Grunfeld Defence (Frunze 1985) 2 P-QB4 P-KN3 4 B-84 B-N2

A sharp, forcing plan. The Grunfeld positions so the choice between 5 . . . (offering White the chance of 6 PxP NxP 7 NxN QxN 8 BxP) is likely to

. PxP 8 BxP O-O 9 N-K2 QxBP 10 Q-N3 Q-QR4 11 Q-O N-B3 12 P-KR3 (better than 12 KR-Q1 N-R4) Is 9 Q-Q2 QxRP 11 B-B4 N-Q2

In an earlier game, Dorfman-Gulko USSR 1978, 12 N-K2 NxP 13 O-O P QN4 14 R-R1 Q-N3 gave Black an

13 B-K5 BxB A necessary exchange, since 13... P-B3 14 B-Q4 leaves White's bishop well placed to support a later central advance by P-K4 and P-KB4. 15 N-B3 O-O

Up to here the play may well be White's next looks suspect. Logical is 4 J 7 16 Q-Q4 to push P-K4-5; in the game 9852 Gulko is able to block the centre and | 4 J 9 8 7 6 2 activate his Q-side pawn majority. 18 N-Q4 N-K5 18 B-R2 B-Q2 19 O-O QR-B1 21 KR-K1 P-QN4

Now Black is ready to counter 22 P-K5 by PxP 23 RxP P-N5 24 P-QB4 R-B5 25 N-N3 NxQBP! So White switches plans to opening up the KR file, but here too Black benefits. 23 Q-K2 N-B5 25 QR-Q1 Q-K4 27 P-N3 P-N4

Another strong choice, planning 28 BxN RxB 29 Q-Q2 P-KN5 30 Q-R6 Q-N4I 31 QxQ ch PxQ with the better

But not BxN 30 PxB QxBP 31 B-N1 30 Q-B3 N-Q3 31 R-K3 K-B2

35 Q-N2 when if N-N4 36 N-B6 Q-N7

So that if 37 KxR QxN ch or 37 QxQ PXQ 38 KXR PXN. 37 Q-R6 B-N4chl 38 NxB Q-N7 ch

. Solit by sound group (6)

2. Take orders and look inadequate 3. Not seeing a Parisian mix gin and

tonic (10)

4. Was he making space for cable? 5. Half of 6, 1 across 24 partnership or type of music included in

Elgar's Vanations (9) Mark's chariot (4) 7. What one has to pay to have string

wound (8) 8. Are you going to 6, 1 across 24? No. 3: Prayers about Forster? (8)

13. Notices cross in exchange for cold car? (3, 7) 15. One shoots Faistaff's follower after

a song(3-6) 16. Delicate Spurs' misery (8) 17. Make a false bird drop the matter

19. The good side of Stevenson (6) 20. Queen in strong currents, one on horseback (6) 23. Brought before the Judge, oppressed, and not giving resistance

24. Fine market (4)



Bridge

By Rixi Markus®

Inn on the Park Hotel proved once the correct contract. again to be an enjoyable occasion, and I was pleased to present a cheque for Ld Smith £2,000 to Clement Freud for the P-B4 and the alternative 5 . . . O-O | charity Help A Child To See. The match is scored as rubber bridge

The teams were: Commons - Sir Peter Emery (captain), Kenneth Baker, up +420. Tim Sainsbury, Robin Souire, Richard Holl, Dr John Marek, Michael Males, and Mrs Sally Oppenheim, who has in grave danger of going down in 5C played in every match in the series; either by sulfering a second round Lords - The Duke of Atholi, Lord diamond ruff or by misguessing the Smith of Marlow, Lord Gisborough, and Lord Grimthorpe. Lord Smith won Since he could afford to lose one the Anthony Berry memorial Trophy for trump trick but not two, his safety play the best played hand for his perfor- of cashing the ace, with the intention of mance on the following deal. Dealer South; love all.

A85 ₩ K74 ◆ KQ4 **10963** ♠ KQ42

When the House of Commons held the North-South cards, the bidding was SOUTH WEST NORTH EAST 2NT NB

♦ A 10 3

AQ976

(1) This was badly judged. South clearly had a distributional hand which was not suited for a no-trump contract.

to West's singleton king.

THE twelfth annual match between the At the other table, the House of two Houses of Parliament at London's Lords' pair had an excellent acution to

reflect home analysis rather than just | exactly level. But the House of Com- and, without the slightest hesitation mons edged in front after the interval Lord Smith won in dummy and player and eventually won an exciting match a small club to the ace, felling West's singleton king. After that he had no trouble in making an overtrick to chalk

if declarer had finessed the queen r clubs, of course, he would have been leading lowards the queen on the second round, was perfectly correct.

I have always believed that one must maximise the advantage of being the dealer by opening the bidding as often as possible, particularly when you have a good, rebiddable suit. This is much safer than passing first and then entering the auction at a danger-AQJ 103 ously high level, and it can also make life more difficult for the apponents. Michael Mates followed this principle to advantage on the following hand from

WEST	EAST		
AKQ1093	♠ 86		
♥ 82	AKQJ84		
1093	♦ AK2		
♣ 74	♣ 8		
-	mons, the bldding		
proceeded:			
WEST	EAST		
Mates	Holt		
15	ЗН		
38	вH		
NB			

North was always struggling after dealer and North opened with a wellthe obvious heart lead, and he eventu- timed pre-emptive bid of 3C. Opposite a ally went one down when he took the partner who had passed originally, the laydown slam was missed.

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Cool Middlesex keep the winning habit

I SUPPOSE we nught-to be blase chance to hit another, when a six manoeuvre at the end; then the least has a rough idea where and about this now. This was the fourth year running in which a Lord's cup final was decided with just two runs - and for the third Gatting's Middlesex, undoubted

CRICKET: Matthew Engel on the Benson and Hedges Cup Final

the game. Those heads were both cool and odden when the final act of the Benson and Hedges Cup was staged in the rain and gloaming ("How far that little candle throws his beams" - Portia on looking at the lights on the Lord's scoreboard) on Saturday. The only things missing were appropriate sound effects. The followers of Kent and Middlesex add to the decorum but not the folk-colour of these occasions: it was a bit like the annual field day and gala of the National Union of Merchant Bankers (NUMB).

Perhaps great cricket was missing too. In the last over when, in the words of the bowler Hughes, could not stop himself bowling two were impressive at the start; tion of the fact that really bad full-tosses, enabling Steve Marsh Gatting slipped in four affordable light hinders the fielders even

And Kent lost the game earlier, had dawdled in the field - had at least as much as Middlesex won it. They won an important toss on mess they were in.

a misty, moist morning when any set of batamen might have been bowled out for nothing. And though Dilley and Ellison followed cup final tradition by bowling themselves into the England squad, Baptiste and Cowdrey were inadequate, and there were enough survivors at lunchtime to let Radiey take charge of the Radley is a remarkable cricket er, a walking illustration of how one-day necessity becomes the mother of invention; I could swear one of his fours came off a

match award from David Gower), The weather, contrary to fore-

was needed, off the last. Dilley spinners bristled through their when the ball might arrive, or an work so quickly that Kent - who even more sensible realisation that insufficient time to realise what a ation on cup final day

The remarkable thing was that they ever got so close. For that they have to thank the latest Cowdrey, Graham, more gifted than his brother though by all game and the life. There was great zest in his hitting, though. One tried and failed to imagine Cowdrey pere, in a rain-soaked sweat, smashing Edmonds into the grandstand Mk III did it twice and Kent, needing 84 off 10, 51 off five, 31 off three and 14 off the last, remained alive even if their supporters did not. "Mexican waves? I sold all mine at peak, old boy."

bowling later just gave him the Marsh, the wicket-keeper, also had a good day, suggesting that Kent's other dynasty is in good hands. And Kent's decision to bat on through the murk displayed either a sensible tactical apprecia-

But the balance of cricketing ower remains unchanged Middlesex have won a trophy a year since 1982; and since 1979, the year Kent last the habit Middlesex and Essex have taken 15 of the 29 available prizes between them. Middlesex will not be adding any more to that total this summer, though Gatting made it clear that he will kick bottoms if the team tries to coast and does not fight its way up from second to bottom in the champion-

proud father of a new male addition (7lb. 3oz. with considerable power to add, if paternity means anything) to be called Ian Paul James. Three initials, explained Gatting, so he could get into MCC. Ian . . . now where have I heard

burgeoning career on Sunday when he won the Shell Oils British Grand Prix at Brands Hatch after 75 laps of constant pressure from his team-mate, Nelson Piquet. The Williams-Honda pair com pletely dominated this ninth round of the world championship, and the most remarkable fact was not that Mansell lapped the third-places McLaren of the world champion Alan Prost, but that he did it in a car which he had been reluctant to drive all weekend. More than that, had the race not been stopped after a first-lap acci-

dent Mansell would have retired was a good few days for Gatting. On Friday he became the within a few minutes of the start. and would not now be leading Prost by four points in the drivers Mansell, after a clean start appeared to have taken the load from Piquet, but the Englishman Yes, I understand that. But Ian, slowed suddenly as he snatched second gear. A drive shaft had failed, and as Mansell continued at

Meanwhile, a few yards behind Mansell, an apparent mechanical failure on the Arrow of Thierry Boutsen sent the Belgian driver careering across the track before cure being an international player. 58. England never got on top of the the lapse by beating Glamorgan to ing in London last week. It was bouncing off the crash barrier at the first corner.

reduced pace he radioed the Wil-

liams pit to say that his race was

The ensuing chaos involved eight cars at the back of the grid, Lancashire's win by an innings an English plan for tightening the including the Ligier of Jacques when the England pace attack and 22 runs at Old Trafford owed law; while the West Indies again Lastite. The Frenchman suffered much to a resurgence in the pace refused to bowl a minimum num- broken legs and a fractured pelvis round. For the opening two limited strengths, particularly Gavaskar's bowling of their West Indian, ber of overs per day in a Test, now when he was forced off the road

> The race was stopped immediately and Mansell was the only the 80-minute delay since the

Piquet, starting from pole position, took the lead, while Mansell Benetton of Gerhard Berger, began States, was second, and Nick Skel- to settle into a car which he had ton, Britain, was third. In the team driven only for a handful of laps event the United States won their during practice on Friday and first title, with Britain second and which, as a matter of course, had been set up for Piquet. By the third England's Rugby Football Union lap he had passed Berger, and the

Championship. It will be open to For 20 laps Mansell kept Piquet all 1,900 clubs in the country on a in sight, and then he took the lead league basis with promotion and shortly before Ayrton Senna, lying relegation at every level. There in a distant third place, retired his will be local leagues at the bottom Lotus-Renault with gear box trouof the pyramid, divisional and area ble. With no other driver oven leagues in the middle, and three remotely in contention it became national leagues at the top. Mean- clear tht this would be an inwhile, the New Zealand Rugby house battle in which team tactics Union have taken a lenient line would play no part.

Austrian soon had to retire with

rebels have been banned from only 43 laps there was no quarter asked or given as they raced flat out, In the final European golf tour- Piquet easing off the pressure only

championship at Turnberry, there The spare car did not carry a was at last a new name as winner, drink bottle, and Mansell was Mark Mouland, a 25 years old exhausted after 90 minutes of Welshman. He took the £18,000 unrelenting racing at an average first prize in the Car Care event at speed of 129 mph. Moortown, Laeds, with a record "It was the hardest race and the

equalling last round of 64, five most emotional win of my career. under par, for a total of 272. It was said Mansell as he celebrated his his first win after four years as a fourth victory of the season and his tour professional and also earned second in succession at Brands him automatic qualification for the Hatch. "I feel very sorry for Open. Seve Ballesteros, who had Jacques Lassite, and I wish him a won the four previous European speedy recovery. But if it hadn't tournaments, took the week off to "been! for that incident my race

to hit one six and giving Dilley the overs himself to provide room for more than the batsman, who at that name before? French loses out in England's search for runs

IN THIS summer of English looking better in the second in- beaten in two days by Lancashire. it was decided by the International victim this week of the search for greater batting power even though his expertise as a wicketkeeper in the final two Tests against the Indians was highly praised all over internationals against New strokes off his legs, Edmonds came wicketkeeper, whose better form Shastri. Bad light and drizzle then for 147. with the bat includes a recent halted the match for 50 minutes century against Middlesex, who after which both sides seemed England captain.

French could still be recalled for the full Tost series against New Zealand, of course, but if he is not he could ruefully reflect that his international career was abruptly halted not because of his own poor form but because England's specialist batsmen are in an era of 2-0. comparative failure. The final Test into a draw, thus saving England from a record equalling sequence of eight straight defeats, but the batting was again uninspiring.

turning again to Lamb for the oneday series against New Zealand. Since being dropped against India he has had an inspired spell for his county, rounding it off last Sunday with a powerful 97 for Northamptonshire in beating Derbyshire by that number of runs Foster, M. W. Gatting, G. A. Gooch, D. I. Gower, A. J. Lamb, D.

R. Pringle, C. J. Richards. England's draw against India at Edgbaston owed much to inspired spin bowling from Edmonds when India faced only a target of 236 for victory, on the face of it small beer for such a highly confident batting side. The two sides had tied their first innings on 390, Gatting hitting 183 not out for England. But in their second innings England found the bustling, skiddy action of seam bowler Chetan Sharma too 10 wickets for 188 — his figures time when Essex, the leaders, were overs rather than the intended 60, prepare for the Open. "would have been run."

bowling and were all out for 235,

deliberate inside edge. With help

from Emburey (whose niggard)

After a disastrous opening spell, played straight to Indian batting rare ducks for Vengsarkar and

worse when they were removed

Alan Dunn's DIARY having won the three-match series They were beaten by Vengsarkar finished top of the scored a bristling 70 in their total

an average of 90 for his six innings, with a top score of 126. Second was More with Maninder Singh headed the bowling with 12 wickets at an average of 15.58, followed by Sharma's 16 at an average of 18.75. Top bats- where they set a target of 221 in man for England was their captain, Gatting, with an average of 73.25, including a top acore of 183. Next was Gooch on 29.16. Leading bowler was Pringle with 13 wickets at a cost of 25.42. The series could be the last in England for India's former captain. Gavaskar. joins a one day squad of 13: C. W. He holds four Test' records for 128 for four chasing a target of 205 in a rebel tour of South Africa this position in a manner which I. Athey, M. R. Benson, G. R. India — he has played in 115 for nine, but on the second day year. Although they have been stretched any remaining team Dilley, P. H. Edmonds, R. M. Tests, batted in 201 innings, Carrick took three for 40 and found guilty of misconduct, the spirit to the limit, and for the final scored 9,367 runs at an average of 50.65, and is the only Indian to tion at 185. In the quarter finals two Test matches each. have taken more than 100 catches.

That other man of records, Yorkshire's Geoffrey Boycott, duly collected the 150th century of his career last week. It came at Middlesbrough, took, 51/4 hours and sent him past Herbert Sutcliffe as the county's record bateman and fifth in the all-time list behind Hobbs, 197, Hendren 170. Hammond, 167, and Mead 153. And it came, like his first century 23 years ago, against Leicestershire in a drawn match. much for them. He finished for the The county championship had its first time with a match average of first change at the top for some

the same of the same of

Warwickshire, for whom Humpage Indian batting for the series with of 255 in 59.5 overs. Essex could only make 191 in 51.4 overs in reply. Limited over cricket matches these days are often finely tuned affairs, with victory hanging on the last over or so. Typical was Lancashire's win at Somerset, the 60 overs and beat Somerset by three runs, with Rose hitting a six off the last ball of the innings. Middlesex, who were later to win the Benson and Hedges final at Lord's, looked set to beat Yorkshire at Headingley when bad light stopped play. They were then with the 31 players who took part Mansell stoutly defended his Middlesex departed the competi-Yorkshire are at home to Sussex, Surrey play Nottinghamshire, Leicestershire play Lancashire, and Worcestershire play

Warwickshire. The World Cup, to be held

cricketing fragility it is no sine- nings when he had six wickets for Gloucestershire took advantage of Cricket Conference annual meettake over at the top with 142 one of the more positive decisions leaving India nearly a full day to points, eight shead of Essex and 25 to emerge. An Australian proposal ahead of Nottinghamshire. to outlaw the bouncer failed as did Patterson. He took six for 46 as accepted elsewhere. In a compro-Zealand this week he loses his on to take four for 31, including Essex fell for 71, then four for 43 mise, a letter is to be sent to the when they went the second time leading umpires promising ICC

Essex later went from bad to over the use of bouncers.

India 174 for five at the close and

Zimbabwe retained the ICC Trophy in beating Holland in the final of the month long series by 25 runs at Lord's. They thus qualify for the World Cup next year. Zimbabwe made 243 for nine (R. D. Brown 60, A. C. Waller 59) while R. Lifmann made 41 in Holland's reply of 218.

India and Pakistan, will be over 50

have decided that from September

1987 there will be an English Club

support if they take a harder line driver to benefit dramatically from America and Canada won their rules permitted him to take the reare captained by Mike Gatting, the content to settle for a draw, with from the second round of the first world show jumping start in the team's spare car. Other championships at Aachen, West drivers involved in the accident Germany, last week. Canada's also re-started in their back-up Gail Greenough became the first cars. woman to win the individual title when she was the only one of the four finalists to achieve four clear dropping to third place behind the

rounds, Conrad Homefeld, United

nament before this week's Open in the final two laps.